TERMS:

The COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1 75 per annum if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment—"COMPILER" on the sign.

THE COMPILER.

A Democratic, News and Family Journal.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

43RD YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, NOV. 12, 1860. NO. 6.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will attend to collections and all other business intrusted to his care with promptness. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. McClellan, Esq.)
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859. tf

Wm. B. McClellan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in West Middle street, one door west of the new Court House.
Gettysburg, Nov. 14, 1859.

A. J. Cover,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859.

Wm. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in the Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. [Oct. 3, 1859. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

J. J. Herron,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW—Office on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock Brothers' Store.
Gettysburg, Oct. 1, 1860. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Dr. A. W. Dorsey,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to The Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

REFERENCES.
Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, " "
Jacob Reese, Esq., " "
John K. Longwell, Esq., " "
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., " "
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 25 1858. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stoever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

New Fall and Winter

CLOTHING, for Men and Boys, with every article of wearing apparel in that line, together with Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Sacks, Double Barrel Guns and Pistols, Revolvers, and a splendid article of the improved and celebrated Colt's Revolver, with all the necessary fixtures to it. Buffalo Robes and Over Shoes, India Rubber Over Coats and Leggings, Hosiery, &c., Guitars, Fiddles, Flutes, and Fifes, Jewelry and Watches, together with many other useful articles, all of which will sold VERY CHEAP. You ask where? Why, at SAMSON'S, where every one can buy good and cheap goods. *That's the spot.* The old County Building N. E. Corner of the Diamond
Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1860.

Lime Factory

IN GETTYSBURG!—ATTENTION, FARMERS!—The undersigned would most respectfully inform the public in general, and the farming community in particular, that they have erected two spacious LIME KILNS, at the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, and are now burning, and will continue to burn, large quantities of the BEST LIME, which they will dispose of at the lowest living rates. Farmers and others are invited to give them a call. By supplying a good article, which they expect always to do, they cannot fail to give satisfaction. McCURDY & CRASS.
Aug. 20, 1860. tf

Furs! Furs! Furs!

LADIES' FANCY FUR EMPORIUM—FAREIRA & THOMPSON, Old Stand, No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, south side, Philadelphia. We beg leave to call the attention of the Ladies, to our large and varied stock of LADIES' & CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS.

Having had great experience, and enjoying peculiar facilities in the selection of Furs, we confidently offer our new stock to the inspection of the ladies, feeling assured that they will decide with us, in its being unrivalled for beauty and variety, consisting as it does, of every description of American and European Furs, manufactured in the latest and most approved styles. Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Cloaks, Muffs, Cuffs—embracing Sable, Mink, Stone Martin, German Fitch, Siberian Squirrel, French Sable, French Squirrel, American Fitch, and Silver Martin.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we hope to merit a continuance of the same, by furnishing a good article at the lowest Cash prices.
FAREIRA & THOMPSON,
No. 818 Market street, Philadelphia.
N. B.—OLD FURS altered to fashionable styles. [Oct. 6, 1860. 3m

Merchants' Hotel,

46 NORTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
C. M'Kibbin & Son, Proprietors.
April 2, 1860. 1y*

Second Arrival

THIS FALL.—*Larger Stock than Ever!*—JACOBS & BRO. have just received their second purchase of Fall and Winter Goods, which they offer cheaper than ever, having bought at the most favorable rates. They ask the public to call in and see their large assortment, convinced that every taste can be gratified. Their CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, Cassinets, Cords, Jeans, &c., cannot be excelled for variety, and then the low prices at which they are offered are really astonishing. Goods made up at the shortest notice, in the [illegible] styles, and at as reasonable rates as can be [illegible]. Their establishment is in Chambersburg Street, a few doors below Buehler's Drug Store. [Oct. 15, 1860.

[illegible] TYSON & BRO'S gallery of Pho[illegible] and examine their specimens of [illegible] Gettysburg, Pa.

[illegible] largest and best selling [illegible] Lockets, Pins, Books, Cases [illegible] Tooth-Brushes, call [illegible]

[illegible] of fancy and plain Oval [illegible] always on hand at the [illegible] TYSON & BRO.

POET'S CORNER.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

How wondrous are the changes, Jim,
Since twenty years ago,
When gals wore woolen dresses, Jim,
And boys wore pants of tow—
When shoes were made of calf-skin,
And socks of homespun wool;
And children did a half day's work
Before the hour of school!

When girls took music lessons, Jim,
Upon the spinning wheel;
And "practiced" late and early, Jim,
Upon the "doubling" reel;
The boys would ride bareback to mill,
A dozen miles or so,
And hurry off before 'twas day,
Some twenty years ago.

Then people rode to meeting, Jim,
In sleds, instead of sleighs,
And wagons rode as easy, Jim,
As buggies now-a-days;
And oxen answered well for teams,
Though now they'd be too slow,
For people lived not half so fast
Some twenty years ago.

Oh, well do I remember, Jim,
That "Wilson's patent stove,"
That father bought and paid for, Jim,
In cloth our gals had wove;
And how the neighbors wondered
When we got the thing to go,
And said 'twould bust and kill us all,
Some twenty years ago.

Yes, everything is different, Jim,
From what it used to was;
For men are always tampering, Jim,
With God's great natural laws—
And what on earth we're coming to—
Does anybody know?
For everything has changed so much
Since twenty years ago.

MISCELLANY.

A True Hero.

John Maynard was well known in the Lake district as an honest, intelligent man. He was pilot on a steamer from Detroit to Buffalo one summer afternoon. At that time, those steamers seldom carried boats. Smoke was seen ascending from below, and the captain called out, "Simpson, go down and see what that smoke is." Simpson came up, with his face pale as ashes, and said, "Captain, the ship is on fire!" Then, "Fire! fire! fire! fire! on shipboard!" All hands were called up; Buckets of water were dashed upon the fire, but in vain. There were large quantities of rosin and tar on board, and it was useless to attempt to save the ship. The passengers rushed forward and inquired of the pilot, "How far are we from Buffalo?" "Seven miles." "How long before we reach it?"—"Three-quarters of an hour, at present rate of speed." "Is there any danger?" "Danger here—see the smoke bursting out!—go forward, if you would save your lives!" Passengers and crew, men, women, and children, crowded the forward part of the ship. John Maynard stood at the helm. The flames burst forth in a sheet of fire; clouds of smoke arose. The captain cried out, through his trumpet, "John Maynard!" "Aye, aye, sir!" "Are you at the helm?" "Aye, aye, sir!" "How does she head?" "Southeast-by-east, sir!" "Head her southeast, and run her on shore." Nearer, nearer, and yet nearer, she approached the shore. Again the captain cried out, "John Maynard!" The response came feebly, "Aye, aye, sir!"—"Can you hold out five minutes longer, John?" "By God's help, I will!" The old man's hair was scorched from the scalp, one hand disabled, his knee upon the stanchion, and his teeth set, with his other hand upon the wheel, he stood firm as a rock. He beached the ship; every man, women and child was saved, as John Maynard dropped, and his spirit took its flight to his God.

Good Advice.

Those wish to do good, but hesitate to do it, would do well to read the following. The reason may be suggested to them by the perusal:

Do not delude yourself with the idea that you can please everybody. Who ever knew anybody that was worth anything that had nobody to find fault with him? You would have to do evil in many cases to please the evil; flatter some to gratify their pride; indulge the selfish, submit to the tyrannical, be a tool for the ambitious, and be careful not to have anything as good as those who desire to have everything superior to their neighbors. If you are a public man, should you be diligent, you must expect to have many secretly dislike you and talk against you, for your success; and if you accomplish little, though many show themselves friendly, it often leaks out that some who appear pleasant to you, can do thus because they do not fear your rivalry—they may smile upon you outwardly, and yet entertain contempt for your inefficiency. Always do that which is right, be diligent, do the most you can, pay no regard to fault-finders, and you will find as many friends as any sensible man need desire.

The London Court Journal says:—A divorce case, under peculiar circumstances, is likely to attract public attention. A lady, belonging to a distinguished family, long hesitated between two eligible suitors; she at length selected one of them and was married. But soon fancied she made a wrong selection, and eloped with her rejected suitor. Proceedings were instituted, and she was among the first to avail herself of Sir Cresswell Cresswell's process of "Freedom made Easy," by marrying her guilty partner; but she seems scarcely to know her own mind, for she has since re-eloped with her first husband. Casuists are puzzled as to which she may be disposed to like best.

A Parisian genius has just invented a musical petticoat! By the aid of scientific mechanism, the crinoline is rid of all springs, hoops, bolts, pivots, &c., and is inflated like a life preserver, the air furnishing any amount of distention required, to give a circumference of say a quarter of a mile. The sublime feature of the invention is this: The elegant wearer need only touch a spring, arranged to communicate with the pocket of the dress, and the air in the skirt sets in motion a musical attachment, not unlike the bird organ, playing a variety of tunes, from the gems of the operas to a nursery lullaby. The inventor confidently declares that ball-room orchestras may be entirely dispensed with in future; the ladies wearing this "musical petticoat" can provide themselves with waltzes, quadrilles, and polkas to their hearts' content.

By a strange vicissitude, General Canas, who was shot for invading Costa Rica, suffered his execution at the foot of the very monument erected to his honor, in the Plaza at Punta Arenas, for his many services to the country.

Queen Victoria, the royal family and Lord John Russell came near being killed by a railroad accident near [illegible], in Germany, on the 24th ult.

Amusing Love Affair in London.

A Wealthy Banker Unconsciously Advising an Elopement With His Own Daughter.—A London correspondent of the New Orleans *Delta* furnishes that paper with the following readable story:

A good sell is related of a wealthy banker here, who is very good natured, but inclined to be a trifle fast in his views of life. He had a favorite clerk, a young man about twenty-one, remarkably handsome, modest and highly intellectual. For these qualities he was liked by every one, and the banker did not escape the general feeling of good-will. He was as poor as—his salary, and had no connections to push his after fortunes, and so like most English clerks, he would rise to a hundred and twenty pounds a year; go on for eight years, at ten pounds a year rise, and marry when he got to two hundred pounds a year, thenceforth to vegetate, and find that the additional ten pounds a year rise only kept pace with the additional babe in his household. The banker, on Sunday afternoons when no one was expected, would occasionally ask the young man to visit his young family at his suburban villa, as the conversation of the young man was so correct and so clever it could not but be of advantage to his children. This was a mistake, evidently, but it was a good-natured error, and we can only wish, all of us, that there were many more committed. I have not mentioned that there was a beautiful young daughter of nineteen, but that may be always understood in any English family that has known wedded life long enough. But there were of course no attentions on the part of the young man, other than extremely delicate, reserved and proper. This will be always the case with English youth, as Americans well know. Don't hem after this. The youth, in spite of two or three days' invitation to the banker's seat, to breathe the fresh air and clear his lungs of London smoke, was evidently very ill, and though he declared himself well and robust, the banker shook his head.

"I can not make out what is the matter with my young clerk," said the banker to a confrere who was in his back office with him, after the youth had just brought in some papers.

"Well, you are rather green, I should say, for a man of your time of life and experience," said banker number two. "Don't you know what's the matter? He's in love."

"In love! bah! He is modesty and propriety itself."

"I tell you it is a fact, and with a rich old fellow's daughter, who would no more think of having him for a son-in-law than you would."

"Oh, the haughty old fool; my clerk is as good as his daughter, and be hanged to him. Thank you for the hint."

As soon as banker number two had disappeared, the clerk was called in.

"So, sir, you are in love, and pining away for the object of your affection—that's your secret, is it? Why did you not tell me before sir?"

The youth was silent.

"Well, my boy, I pity you; but I'll give you a bit of advice. If the daughter is fair she's worth running a risk for. Look here; there are £500, and two months' leave of absence. Run away with the girl. Bah, don't look so stupid. I did the same before you, and it has not hurt me."

The clerk fell on his marrow bones, and was upon the point of making a clean breast of it, when the old man rose and left precipitately to avoid a scene. The young man considered and acted, and the consequence was that the next day week there was no young daughter at the dinner table of the banker at the country house. The house was in consternation, and the search for her made in all directions. A note was, however, found on her dressing table, conveying the customary prayer of forgiveness, and one inclosed from the young clerk; stating that, believing the banker had meant to give him a hint in regard to his daughter and was not able to give his public consent owing to appearances, he had acted on his suggestion, and that ere "his father-in-law" had received the letter, he (the clerk) would be his son-in-law. The pill was a bitter one, and the joke a terrible one against him, and city men are very averse to a joke against them, so it was hushed up, and has only got to the ears of the purveyors of scandal and to your correspondent, who records it as a trait of London life.

Americans in Paris.—"Malakoff" writes in his last letter to the New York *Times*:—"At last Sunday's race at the Bois de Boulogne, a young American who was present on horseback, Mr. Mayo, of Richmond, Va., had the two bones of his leg broken and splintered by a fall of his horse. Mr. Mayo, who is the nephew of Mrs. Gen. Winfield Scott, had taken passage with Mrs. Scott for the next trip of the Adriatic from Havre to New York, but this accident will of course prevent the voyage so far as regards Mr. Mayo. Mrs. Scott will go home under the protection of Colonel Lay, of the United States army, who has just finished a European tour. Mrs. Scott, whose health is better in the climate of France, has lived in Paris many years, and has not made a visit home since 1850. Mrs. Commodore Stewart has also resided permanently in Paris for a great many years."

We recollect a story of an Indian who called upon a grocer, and stated that he had killed a deer at the big pond, and hung it upon a pear tree, near the pond, saying that if the grocer would give him a quart of whisky, half a pound of powder, and two pounds of lead, he might go and get the deer. The bargain was soon struck, the Indian receiving his demands; the grocer started for his purchase, and after a weary tramp returned without the game. Meeting the Indian, who was somewhat under the influence of the "red eye," he accused him of deception and falsehood. With all the gravity of his race, he answered thus: "Find pond?" Yes. "Find tree?" Yes. "Find deer?" No. "Two truth, one lie, very good for Indian."

The husband of a buxom wife near Exeter, England, had long been dying, and, at length, one of the clergymen of the parish making one of his daily visits, found him dead. The disconsolate widow, in giving an account of her spouse's last moments, told him her "poor dear man kept groaning and groaning, but could not die; at last," said she, "I recollected I had got a piece of new tape in the drawer, and took some of that and tied it as tight as I could around his neck, and then I stopped his nose with my thumb and finger, and poor dear! *he went off like a lamb.*"

There is a fashionable saloon on Bleecher street, New York, called "*The Store.*" It was established for the special convenience of married men, and the advantage of the name consists in the fact that upon their returning home late at night, and their anxiously waiting and perhaps indignant spouses inquiring where they have been, they can say, "at the store," which, of course, averts the impending storm.

The Ohio *Statesman* says that fourteen thousand negroes voted the Republican ticket in Ohio this fall.

A Polite Invitation Declined.

A contributor to the *Spirit of the Times*, thus describes a scene at the Anthony House, Ark.:

Late one bitter cold night, in December, some eight or nine years ago, L. came into the bar-room, as usual, to take his part in whatever was going on. For some reason the crowd had dispersed sooner than was customary, and but two or three of the towns-folks were there, together with a stranger, who had arrived a half-hour or longer before, and who, tired, wet and muddy, from a long Arkansas stage ride, his legs extended, and shoes off, was consoling himself with two chairs and a nap, opposite the centre of the blazing log fire. Any one who has traveled until 10 o'clock, in a rough winter night, over an Arkansas road, can appreciate the comfort of the fruition before *that* fire-place.

The drowsy example of the stranger had its effect on the others, and L., who took a seat in the corner, for lack of conversation was reduced to the poker for amusement.—He poked the fire vigorously for a while, until it got red hot, and becoming disgusted, was about to drop it and retire, when he observed the great toe of the stranger's foot obtruding through a hole in one of his socks. Here was a relief to L. He placed the glowing poker within a foot of the melancholy sleeper's toe, and began slowly to lessen the distance between them one by one, the others as they caught the joke began to open their eyes, and being wakened, mouths expanded into grins, and grins into suppressed giggles—and one incontinent fellow's into a broad laugh. Closer and closer the red hot poker neared toward the unfortunate toe. The heat caused the sleeper restlessly to move his hands. L. was just about to apply the poker, when a sound of *click! click!!* arrested his intention. He looked at the stranger—the latter with one eye open, had been watching his proceedings, and silently brought a pistol to bear upon L. In a voice just audible he muttered, in a tone of great determination,

"Just burn it! *Burn it!* Jest burn it! and I'll be d—d if I don't stir *you* up with ten thousand hot pokers in two seconds!"

L. laid down the poker instanter and remarked:

"Stranger, let's *take a drink!*—in fact gentlemen, all of you."

L. *afterwards said they were the cheapest drinks he ever bought.*

Nautical Phenomena.—A noise was heard on deck, the dogwatch sprung from his caboose, seizing the gig-whip and laying over the dead-eyes of the buoy, made him shin up the bow-sprit, catch hold of the sky scraper, which he used so freely on the keelson that he rubbed on the shoe of the anchor, which was caught by the cat-harpings, who commenced to spanker with the boom till she burst through the stays cutting the topsail ties, grabbed the monkey's tail, which knocked a Jew's eye out of the Turk's head, caught the ship round the waist with one hand, boxed the compass with the other, till the cook cried, and the captain applied the leaches of the foresail to the inflamed eye of the astonished needle.

Couldn't Fool Him.—Soon after the telegraph was put in operation on the line of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, in Marion county, one of the natives stepped into the office and wanted to know the price of pork in Cincinnati. In a few moments an answer came, with a charge of thirty-five cents for the information; but the "hoosier" was too smart to be caught in that way, and replied: "Oh, no, Mr. Telegraph, you can't fool me that way. I'm not so green as you think I am! That darn tickin' thing of yourn han't been out of this room; I watched it all the time!"

Origin of Almanacs.—Vestegan, alluding to our ancient Saxon ancestors, says—"They used to engrave upon certain squared sticks, about a foot in length, the courses of the moon of the whole year, whereby they could certainly tell when the new moons, the full moons, and the changes should happen, as also their festival days; and such a carved stick they called an *almond aght*; that is to say, 'al-mond-heed;' to wit, the regard or observation of all the moons; and hence is derived the name of almanac." After the invention of printing, almanacs became generally in use. The first recorded account in England of an almanac is in the Year Book of Henry the Seventh.

Singular Mania.—A citizen of Berlin, Prussia, a man in comfortable circumstances, is periodically attacted with a desire to knock off hats. He afterwards makes up the loss to the astonished victim of this strange fancy by the payment of three thalers. According to the calculation of his family, in the past year he has been obliged to make good the loss of 267 hats. At a recent musical festival, fifty-three hats were sacrificed to this curious freak, and for the evening's entertainment he paid one hundred and fifty-nine thalers.

What I Would Do.—If I possessed the most valuable things in the world, and was about to will them away, the following would be my plan of distribution:

I would give to the world truth and friendship, which are very scarce.

I would give an additional portion of truth to lawyers, traders and merchants.

I would give to physicians skill and learning.

I would give to printers their pay.

To gossiping women, good sense, large waists and natural complexions.

Take the Bull.—A farmer once hired a Vermonter to assist in drawing logs. The Yankee, when there was a log to lift, generally contrived to secure the smallest end, for which the farmer reproved him, and told him always to take the butt-end. Dinner came, and with it a sugarloaf Indian pudding. Jonathan sliced off a generous portion of the largest part, giving the farmer the wink, and exclaimed:—"Always take the butt-end!"

A Stinging Fact.—Every whisper of infamy is industriously circulated, every hint of suspicion eagerly improved, and every failure of conduct joyfully published, by those whose interest it is that the eye and voice of the public should be employed on any other than on themselves.

Another Blondin Feat.—Mons. Blondin has finally determined to keep on doing wonderful feats until he breaks his neck. His last performance was walking on stilts over a rope stretched between two points elevated 200 feet above the ground, at Jones' Woods, New York. The distance traveled was about 1,200 feet, and the time consumed in making the journey was precisely 19 minutes.

It must be fun to attend the charitable festivals out West. Young ladies there have adopted the delicious custom of forming a line, and for a price laid down, permitting the gentlemen to take a running kiss of the lot. Who would'nt be benevolent under such circumstances? The only thing we should object to would be the "running"—we would want to linger over such a work of charity.

Benefits of Draining.

In traveling over various portions of the country, it is gratifying to observe the progress that is making in draining lands. It is hardly ten years since not more than three or four farms in the United States had a drain tile on them; now we seldom visit a well managed farm of heavy soil, in any of the older States, that is not drained; and the manufacturers of tile in all places where the business has been started are now unable to supply the demand for them.

In an article on draining, the *Country Gentleman*, in speaking of some of its benefits, says: "One beneficial result claimed for thorough drainage is that 'it lengthens the season of labor and vegetation'—'an extension' which the crops and the farmer need as often as the customer of banks and brokers. That the time required for the 'settling of the soil,' after the winter frosts pass from it, depends to a great extent upon its porous or its retentive character, is everywhere known and conceded. The deep gravelly loam is seen to be very soon free from water, while the heavy clay requires a long time to become fit for cultivation. In one case the soil is fully drained, and in the other the water mostly passes off by the slow process of evaporation. Thorough drainage of the heavy soil renders both alike in this respect, and thus adds from ten to fifteen days to the time of preparation *for seeding—giving the same increased time* for the growth of the crops to which the land is devoted."

The Humbuggery of Premiums at Fairs.

Several of our Western cotemporaries are very severe on the humbuggery of giving premiums at fairs, in consequence of placing persons on the committee who are almost totally ignorant of the matter on which they are to decide. Some of the hits would suit very well the fairs which are given in this vicinity. We will permit the editor of the Wisconsin *Patriot* to ventilate himself for our benefit:

"Ten yards of home-made flannel, received an award of $1, and a few cut flowers gathered from our gardens, and not raised by the exhibitor, received several dollars—$60 were awarded to equestrian displays, while but $13 rewarded the most skillful plowing. Now, if horseback riding is of so much more interest than plowing, *in an agricultural point of* view, let farmers give up the latter, and educate their sons and daughters solely to the use of the saddle. These are but a few of the erroneous awards which have given rise to complaint. They are such as we should guard against in future fairs; and we deem it a good time now to talk over the matter, that the cause of complaint may not rise again."

Several years ago, aided by two or three others, we made experiments by changing the owners' names on articles on exhibition at a county fair, for the express purpose of ascertaining whether judges ever were biased in their decisions. The experiment was satisfactory—we entrapped two parties who were anxious to award premiums to their friends, regardless of the merits of the articles they had on exhibition. It is this part of the system which has the largest share in playing out county fairs.

Curing Hams.

The premium hams at the recent Newton Fair, were cured in the following manner:

1st Premium.—To 4 gallons of water, add 8 lbs. of saltpeter, ½ lb. sugar, a pint of molasses; let in the pickle 6 or 7 weeks; smoke with hickory wood.

2d Premium.—6 pounds of rock salt, ½ lb of saltpeter, 1 quart of molasses, 6 gallons of water. let them remain in the brine 6 weeks and then smoke with green hickory wood.

Taking Cold.

A "cold" is not necessarily, says the *Scientific American*, the result of low or high temperature. A person may go directly from a hot bath into a cold one, or into snow even, and not take cold. On the contrary, he may take cold by pouring a couple of tablespoonful of water upon some part of his dress, or by standing in a door, or other opening; where one part of the body is colder than another. Let it be kept in mind that uniformity of temperature over the whole body is the first thing to be looked after. It is the unequal heat upon the different parts of the body that produces colds, by disturbing the uniform circulation of some part.

If you must keep a partially wet garment on, it would be as well perhaps to wet the whole of it uniformly. The feet are a great source of colds on account of the variable temperature they are subjected to. Keep these always dry and warm, and avoid draughts of air, hot or cold, wet spots on the garments, and other direct causes of unequal temperature, and keep the system braced up by plenty of sleep, and the eschewing of debilitating food and drinks, and you will be proof against a cold and its results.

Cancer.—More than twenty years ago, a man named Middleton Belk published in a southern paper a statement that he had cured himself of cancer by applying cranberries.—The statement had a wide circulation, and has frequently re-appeared. The following announcement from a Mobile paper gives the final result: "Died, in the city of Mobile, Sept. 27, 1850, Middleton Belk, aged 56.—Cancer twenty years standing."

Live Frogs a Remedy for Consumption.—A writer in the Norwalk (O.) Reflector describes a visit which he paid last month to a lady at Toledo, Ohio, who takes *six live frogs* as a remedy for Consumption. She was recommended to do it by an Englishman, who said he was cured in that way. In six weeks this singular medicine has restored her from a state of weakness to strength. The visitor saw the lady take a live frog from a jar and swallow him whole, without chewing. Her daughter also did the same.

The Apple crop throughout New England is an immense one, and has rarely if ever been excelled. The fruit, generally, is fair, of good quality, and so cheap in many localities, that it will not pay a profit even to steal the best varieties. The Worcester *Transcript* says the price of excellent Baldwins in that city is seventy-five cents per barrel. Some farmers in Worcester county have 500 barrels. In Middlesex county there are many persons whose orchards yield more than a thousand barrels of excellent apples. There is a market for them, at the South. At Mobile, a decent apple, it is reported, sells for half a dime.

What Shall We Do for Coffee?—It appears from statistics recently published that the consumption of coffee is increasing much more rapidly than the production. Last year the total consumption of Europe and the United States alone was 330,000 tuns, whilst the production of all countries was but 312,000 tuns. The probable consumption of the present year is estimated at 347,000 tuns, and the probable production at 274,000; and of next year the former at 343,000 tuns, the latter at 245,000.

A Poetical Genius.

A poetical genius, who is not a blood relative of Alexander Smith, having accidentally kissed somebody of the feminine gender, has "bubbled his soul" in a "fragment," which, under the closest seal of secrecy, he sent to Mr. Toddlejob, who remorselessly ventilates it:

——— She kissed me,
And the universe seemed to crumble
Into a dream of ecstacy, wild, delirious—
In which heaven seemed a sea of glory,
The clouds a gentle host of waves, the stars
Bits of foam from those whispering waves,
Tossed into vision to sparkle in the sunlight.
Again she kissed me,
And the bliss of a million lives, angel born,
Thrilled into my being. Now death, rather
Than the slow-paced life of before
Should come again, for its common pleasure
Would be a million fold the rack's agony.
Again the seal of love
Upon my cheek.
Again, and there throbbed to my heart
A delirium wherein all the past, the present of life
Faded into the radiant glory of her melting lip.
Oh, gods! how like ocean's heart
The glory of that kiss quivers in my memory!
As my lips parted from her blushing cheek,
Like ripples from the streamlet's pebble, which creates them.
Ah, me!

Little and often fills the purse.

What's all the world to a man when his wife's a widow?

The idle man is the devil's hireling—whose diet and wages are famine and disease.

Young lovers are called turtles, and they are generally *green* turtles.

A good surgeon must have an eagle's eye, a lion's heart, and a lady's hand.

It has been said of the home of the scolding wife, that "It's a bad house where the hen crows louder than the cock."

If falsehood paralyzed the tongue, what a death-like silence would pervade society.

Sorrows come soon enough without despondency; it does a man no good to carry around a lightning rod to attract trouble.

Deborah, *from* the Hebrew, means a bee; Rachel, a sheep; Sarah, a Princess; and Hannah, the gracious.

Shingled roofs, whitewashed with lime last twice as long as roofs which receive no treatment to render them durable.

Sectarianism is a miserable, short-sighted prejudice. It makes you hate your neighbor, because he eats his oysters roasted while you prefer them in the shell.

A discontented husband says he always tries to regard his wife as an angel on earth, in the hope that she may speedily become one in Heaven.

The majority in Pa. for Curtis (Repub.) for Governor, over Forsyth (Dem.) in twenty-seven counties, is 13,156.—*Wash. States.*

There's a man booked up for you!

Many a man thinks it is a virtue that keeps him from turning a rascal, when it is only a full stomach. One should be careful and not mistake potatoes for principles.

"Do you keep matches?" asked a young wag of a retailer. "Oh, yes, all kinds," was the reply. "Well, then, I'll take a trotting match." The retailer immediately handed him a box of Brandreth's pills.

Jones' Relief.—One Jones, who had been sent to prison for marrying two wives, excused himself by saying that when he had one she fought him, but when he got two, they fought each other.

It is said that Ex-President Tyler, now seventy-five years old, and looking more robust, and younger than when he occupied the White House, has an infant daughter only two months old.

In a small party, the subject turning on matrimony, a lady said to her sister, "I wonder, my dear, you have never made a match; I think you want the brimstone;" to which she replied, "No, not the brimstone—only the *spark!*"

An Oasis.—There is one green spot in the desert waste of Black Republicanism in Bradford. In Athens township Foster received 211 votes, or a majority of 40. Huzza for Athens, the ancient seat of learning. She sustains her famous name.

The Best Man Wins.—When two caravans meet in the interior of Africa, the two head men approach each other and then go back a reasonable distance, lower their heads and butt. The one that goes down has to yield the right of way to the one who "downs" him.

A Little Extravagant.—An Albany lady wore a dress at the great ball, given to the Prince of Wales in New York, three flounces of which alone cost a thousand dollars each. The lace used upon the dress was "only two hundred and fifty dollars a yard."

Another Discovery.—The *Commercial Bulletin* says it is rumored that *whalebone-trees* have been discovered in the vicinity of the celebrated oil springs in Pennsylvania. A chap has gone out there to start an umbrella factory, and expects to make a *spread* while the excitement *reigns.*

A living turtle was seen last week at Hunterdon, N. J., with inscriptions on his back as follows: "Tobias Nevins, 1737," and "Joseph Hagaman, 1777." He is said to have been seen a dozen times a year every year since the last date.

Advice Gratis.—Put on your flannels, and avoid the night air. Do not sleep directly in a draught of air, neither is it safe to leave a window open at all unless a draught is secured. Do not go out of the house in a profuse perspiration, or even after than ordinarily warm, into a chilly, damp atmosphere.

Mr. Theopolis Popp, of Poppville, in Popp county, fancying to be very popular with his lady love, "popped the question" to her under the popular tree, when she referred him to her poppy, who, when asked for his consent, laboring under the influence of ginger pop, popped him out of the door, to the tune of "Pop goes the weasel."

Will Write for Nothing.—It is stated that Bonner, of the New York Ledger, when he invited Mr. Buchanan to become a contributor to his journal, proposed to pay his excellency for his productions, and that a thousand dollar check was the offered retaining fee. Mr. Buchanan, however, promptly declined the generous offer.

An Auxiliary to Justice.—A Cincinnati policeman was having great difficulty one day last week, in getting a large, stout, drunken woman to the station house, and was almost on the point of giving up the job, when a billy-goat, which has the liberty of the streets came up behind and with a powerful butt, lifted her from her feet and drove her forward repeating the process till the station house was nearly reached.

[illegible]

A [illegible] peculiar interest to [illegible] popula[illegible] of expensive corn doctors, and who suffer, as some poet has [illegible] from a style of bunions which is not [illegible] to "Pilgrims' Progress." It is translated from the German by a young Edinburgh physician, and published with the following title:—"Why the Shoe Pinches: a Contribution to Applied Anatomy, By Herman Meyer, M. D., Professor of Anatomy in the University of Zurich, Translated from the German by John Stirling Craig. Edinburgh: Edmonston and Douglas."

Dr. Meyer, the author, is pronounced one of the highest continental authorities on Physiological Anatomy, who has published an important general text on that science, as well as several treatises on the structure of the foot and knee. In the discussion now under consideration he has already been preceded by Peter Camper, who, in the last century, wrote a paper "On the best Shoe," and who zealously but ineffectually urged that the foot gear of man was quite as important a topic as the shoeing of horses, to which so much attention is given. Certainly the needless sufferings which men and women endure from badly cut and ill-shaped shoes cry aloud for a reform.

Against the prevailing pattern Professor Meyer, in his capacity of anatomist, utters an earnest protest. The cut of a shoe, says the Professor, is not, as the cut of a coat, a matter of indifference. "When Fashion prescribes an arbitrary form of shoe, she goes," he asserts, "far beyond her province, and, in reality, *arrogates to herself the right of* determining the shape of the foot."

In his opinion the shoemaker ought not only to produce a shoe that does not pinch, but a shoe so constructed that it will give to a foot distorted by the pinching it has borne already, a fair chance of a return to its right shape, and full possession of its power as a means of carrying the body onward. He tells us that, in measuring a foot for shoe or boot, the first thing to be considered is the place of the great toe. Upon this toe, in walking, the weight of the whole body turns at every step; in the natural foot, therefore, it is in a straight line with the heel. A central straight line drawn from the point of the great toe to the middle of its root, if continued, would pass very exactly to the middle of the heel. By the misfitting boot commonly worn the point of the toe is pressed inwards, the root outwards.

The practice adopted by many of having a last made to the exact size and model of the foot is condemned by Professor Meyer, if the foot has been previously injured in consequence of wearing ill-fitting boots or shoes.—If a cast be made of a distorted foot and a boot fitted to that, it is bad, because thereby the distortion is confirmed. It would be much better, therefore, says the Professor, so to form the boot that the conditions of healthy walking are allowed for, and the bones, at least to some extent, can gradually right themselves. To a foot shortened by distortion he would fit a shoe adapted to its healthy size. But of a pair of boots made so as to content the eye of an anatomist, who knows what work is done by every bone, the main characteristic is, that when they stand side by side, with their heels in contact, the inner margins of the front part of the sole are along the whole edge corresponding to the *size of the great toes, also in contact.* If it be desirable to point the toes they must be pointed only from the outer side, after the place of greatest breadth in the foot has been properly respected. A certain sense of turn inward belongs to the shape of boots so made, but if they fit perfectly they will ensure to the foot the utmost ease and power, and as their shape is of the ordinance of nature, they are no doubt really as elegant as those of which the pattern is a bootmaker's invention.

Dr. Meyer says that two or three persons in Zurich have had their boots made on these principles without exciting special remark—so immediately is the propriety of the change admitted even by the arbiters of fashion.—As an evidence of its utility, a London journal mentions the fact that marching soldiers, who often break down in consequence of their shoes would be rendered vastly more efficient if they were made in accordance with the structure of their feet.—*N. Y. Post.*

Shocking Casualty.

A Father Kills his Daughter.—Mr. Jesse T. Evell, a respectable citizen of Norfolk, returning home from his place of business, Wednesday evening, found his little son playing with a self-cocking pistol, which he had been dragging about the house and yard during the day, and taking the weapon from the child was proceeding to exhibit its works to him when it proved to be loaded and discharged, the contents of the barrel—two buckshot—entering the right breast and perforating the lung of his daughter Laura, a beautiful and interesting little girl of nine summers, who was seated on the steps getting her lesson.

The little girl, instantly jumping up, exclaimed, "Oh, pa, you have killed me!" and falling forward expired, the life blood gushed out of her mouth and nose. The unhappy father, almost bereft of reason by the heart-rending accident, sought in his frenzy to take his own life. He seized his knife and made a desperate effort to cut his own throat, but was prevented from steeping his family into still deeper grief, by some of his friends who happened to rush in in time.

An Improvement in Railroad Chairs.—An employee of the New York and Erie Railroad has recently invented an improvement in the arrangement of track chairs, which has been adopted by that road. Instead of spiking the chairs upon the ties, and resting the ends of the rails loosely in them, where they soon get loose enough to clatter and jar the wheels, and brown the ends of the rails, the chairs are placed between the ties, and fastened in their places by an effectual though simple arrangement of bolts and keys, so that there can be no possible variation in the level of the two ends of the rails, since both must rise and fall alike. The result is, that the cars appear to run upon a rail entirely smooth, making no jar whatever in passing off of one rail on to another.

Potatoes at the West.—The Davenport (Iowa) Democrat says:

"If anybody wants to see potatoes by the cord—good measure—let them step down to the levee. There is not shipping enough at this time on the Upper Mississippi to move them away as fast as they accumulate. Farmers complain a little that the prices are too low; but they are the only party to blame; if they want higher prices they must not raise so many. The market price is from twelve to fifteen cents per bushel."

Dyspepsy and Its Supposed Remedies.—Dr. Tucker, of the *Medical Journal*, has no faith in bran bread, rye bread, &c., as remedies in dyspepsy. They are commonly supposed to exert a good feeling by keeping the bowels open by their mechanical effect of irritation; but it is an absurd idea to give [illegible] bran to a stomach already [illegible] and whose complaint is that it cannot digest.—Bran and other mechanical irritants, though they may relieve the constipation, are not remedial, and only afford a [illegible] of one symptom, purchased at the risk of aggravating the real difficulty. Dr. Tucker believes that cold and stale wheat bread is the most digestible, and, therefore, the best.

A "Strong-Minded" Woman.—Mrs. Dr. Lydia Sayer Hasbrouck, of Orange county, N. Y., who insists that a woman should not be taxed unless she is allowed to vote, has thought to shame the collector out of his demand by offering to work out her road tax.—The doctress, having [illegible] passed the bloom of youth, made no impression upon the official, and, therefore, instead of paying under protest, as some of her [illegible] she went upon the road and did [illegible]

A man near Alexandria [illegible] an extraordinary escape from death [illegible] to the bottom of a well 100 feet deep, [illegible] his head and shoulders in the [illegible] was not much hurt.

THE COMPILER.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA:

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 12, 1860.

The Result in the County.

The election of Tuesday last was probably attended with less excitement in this county than any previous Presidential election. The result we annex, officially:

	Reading Ticket.	Lincoln Hamlin.	Straight Douglas.	Bell and Everett.
Gettysburg,	315	393	4	10
Littlestown,	260	114		13
Oxford,	143	106		1
York Springs,	164	439	1	1
Millerstown,	221	278	6	4
Berlin,	163	88		
Menallen,	70	216		1
Huntersttown,	181	135		1
Franklin,	204	186		1
Conowago,	124	41		1
Heidlersburg,	72	104		
Mountjoy,	107	114		
Mountpleasant,	242	68		
Reading,	152	198		
Berwick bor.,	30	52		1
Freedom,	45	60		2
Union,	134	53		
Butler,	94	138		2
Berwick tp.,	65	41		
	2676	2724	13	38

Lincoln's maj. over Reading ticket, 48.

Majority for Democratic and Bell tickets over Lincoln, 3.

It will be seen that whilst the Republican vote is only about 50 less than at the October election, the Democratic vote falls off about 200. This was caused by the depression existing among Democrats on account of having two candidates in the field and the heavy Opposition majority at the Governor's election. Many justified themselves in remaining away from the polls upon the plea that there was no use in going—the election was lost anyhow,—and others because they could not vote directly for one or other of the Democratic candidates. Take it all in all, however, the Democrats did as well in this as in any other county of the Commonwealth, and we congratulate them on the rally they made under the unfavorable circumstances. With but one Democratic candidate, Lincoln's Abolitionism would have been rebuked "to the tune" of at least 300.

The figures given above we take from the result as arrived at by the Return Judges on Friday last. Whilst the Black Republican electoral ticket was voted "clean," the Reading ticket was considerably "cut," in some cases Breckinridge and in others Douglas electors being erased. Because of this, the aggregate vote for the Reading ticket is less than the number of Democrats who voted it; but how much no one can tell, and therefore the result cannot be taken as any test of party strength, even throwing out of view the depression in our ranks already alluded to. The Opposition were confident of carrying the county by from three to four hundred—some of their estimates were even more extravagant. But they were disappointed—and they will be more so a year hence. Democrats, keep in line! The reign of Black Republicanism in the country will be short—and it will be a glorious privilege to assist in wiping it out, with all its nefarious principles.

A Word in Season.

The elections over, we shall be able again to present in the *Compiler* a general variety of reading matter, calculated to please whilst it may instruct. We shall endeavor to make all its departments satisfactory, and especially to the home circle, that it may be a welcome visitor at every fireside in the county.

We had hoped to present the *Compiler* to-day in an improved dress, having purchased a very beautiful font of type for that purpose; but, owing to the neglect of a forwarding house at Philadelphia, they failed to reach us in time. They are now on hand, however, and will be used in our next issue.

We have another announcement to make—of much moment to us individually—and that is: *we must have money.* Our expenses are at all times heavy, whilst our receipts are often, for months, light. To enable us to make both meet, delinquent patrons, and "their name is legion," must pay up. We cannot afford to supply subscribers year after year with our paper, without receiving something from them, towards keeping up the labor, type, paper, ink, &c., which the office constantly requires. Every reasonable man will concede that whilst our issues are prompt and regular, payments on the part of our patrons should be ditto. These remarks, of course, do not apply to such as "remember the printer" yearly, for to them many thanks are due. We can well say of each of them, "a friend in need is a friend indeed."

A large majority of our distant subscribers are tardy. This should not be so. They have, nineteen-twentieths of them, the means to pay promptly, and the mails are safe. May we not hope that they will respond to this call immediately. Money may be mailed in registered letters at our risk.

To subscribers in the county, the holding of the Court here next week, will afford many opportunities to remit us money. Let such as may not come themselves, send with their neighbors. The demands upon us are at this time unusually heavy. Friends, give us a GOOD LIFT.

☞Our campaign subscribers will receive one more number. We should like to retain them all as permanent patrons, and especially as we are about incurring considerable expense in the purchase of new type, &c.—Friends, continue your names.

Negro Suffrage to be tested in Congress.—In the Sixteenth Congressional District of Ohio, Cutler, Republican, was elected by sixty four majority over Jewett, Democrat. In a large number of precincts negroes voted the Republican ticket, and in consequence the Democratic candidate was defeated. The [illegible] Republican intimates that the election will be contested.

[illegible]'s Counterfeit Detector" cau[illegible] "lives" on the West[illegible] Philadelphia. Over five thou[illegible] of this description have [illegible] well engraved, and [illegible]

[illegible] the spoils will now commence—and such a fight as it will be, of the kind, has never yet been seen.

Effect of Lincoln's Election.

Threatening State of Affairs at the South.

The South Carolina Legislature is in session, debating measures for secession from the Union, because of the (sectional) triumph of Lincoln. A despatch from Columbia, the capital of the State, says:

A State Convention will be called and secession is certain. The election of delegates will probably be ordered on the 4th of December, and the convention will meet on the 17th. Messrs. Boyce, Bonham and Keitt urged the call of a convention and immediate action.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—James Conner, U. S. District Attorney, has resigned; Mr. Colcock, collector of the port, and Mr. Jacobs, deputy collector, have notified the President of their resignations. All the federal officers declare their intention to resign on the inauguration of Lincoln.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The bark James Gray owned by the Messrs. Cushing, of Boston, now lying at our wharves, to-day, under instructions from the owners, hoisted the "Palmetto flag," firing at the same time a salute of fifteen guns.

Columbia, Nov. 8.—The Speaker of the House last night received a dispatch from Virginia, tendering the service of a volunteer corps to South Carolina in the event of her seceding.

Governor Brown has convened the Georgia Legislature. In his message he says:

"For the purpose of putting the State in a defensive condition as fast as possible, and preparing for an emergency which must be met sooner or later, I recommend that the sum of *one million dollars* be immediately appropriated as a military fund for the ensuing year, and that prompt provision be made for raising such a portion of the money as may not be in the treasury as fast as the public expenditures require. Millions for defence—not one cent for tribute, should be the future motto of the Southern States!

To every demand for a further concession or compromise of our rights, we should reply: —'The argument is exhausted, and we now stand on our arms.'"

It is said that Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana will also secede. Men of all parties favor it. So much for the triumph of a Northern sectional party.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The State Rights flag was raised at the Mercury office at noon yesterday, with tremendous cheers from thousands who had congregated in the vicinity of that office.

Mr. Pressly, the sub treasurer here, has resigned. Judge McGrath, of the United States Court, who resigned yesterday, was serenaded last evening. About five thousand persons were present.

Several "lone star" flags were raised in various places to-day. Mr. Spratt is now addressing a crowd of several thousand at the Charleston Hotel. One hundred guns were fired at Columbus, Georgia, on the reception of the news of the resignation of the Charleston federal officers.

Norfolk, Nov. 8.—Over six hundred Minute Men have been enrolled in this city and Portsmouth already. The number will soon reach one thousand.

Ex-Gov. Wise has been elected commander in chief of a large body of Minute Men in Princess Anne.

☞The triumph of Abolitionism, in the election of Lincoln, has, probably, nowhere been hailed with more delight by that party than here. They were on Wednesday really *frantic* with joy, especially several of the Post-office expectants. It was their time to crow, and they *did*—as, of course, *they* had a right to.

In the evening their kettle of bliss boiled over. Messrs. C. X. Martin, D. McConaughy & Co., led fifteen or twenty Wide Awakes, or Wade Awikes, around town, and treated our citizens to numerous funny exhibitions of their deep gratification, including a variety of noises—plain and mingled—harmonious and otherwise, the "otherwise" rather preponderating. They had a high time of it around the pump in front of our office. At this point they did their best.—They marched around it—around and around,—as though determined to force the pump to wilt, "dry up," by their yells and thumps. But to no purpose. The pump maintained its position with all imaginable gravity, as though it did not know that Lincoln was elected and the Wade Awikes were enacting a high fandango in its presence. In the end, the pump, by merely maintaining its indifference, triumphed. The enemy became fatigued and retired—leaving the pump erect and unscathed. The next night another party, if possible more rowdyish than the other, made a second onslaught, but with no better effect. The pump "still lives!"—and promises to withstand a thousand such attacks.

"So far as the *Star* is concerned, it has been our purpose throughout both contests to deal justly with all men, and unhesitatingly to uphold the truth when the country and our principles were at stake. Aside from these we had no other object to effect, and if we have given offence to any in striving for the good of our country by the triumph of our principles, it was an offence growing out of the sensitiveness of those whom we opposed, and not from an intention on our part to wound the feelings of any man."—*Star.*

☞We make this extract from the last *Star* simply to show, for the hundredth time, how unblushingly impudent the managers of that concern are. The country would be hunted over in vain to find a more outrageously unfair and abusive sheet than the *Star*, and yet its editors, with Pharisaical brazen-facedness, pretend that they "deal justly with all men." After publishing all manner of slanders against Democratic candidates and hunting them down with hound-like ferocity—after meanly parading the private affairs of private individuals in their columns, for no other reason than that they are Democrats—the managers, fearing that the effects of their high-handed course may recoil upon themselves, now that the election is over cantingly declare they "did n't mean it!" The hypocrisy of the *Star* is as reprehensible as its abusiveness.

We advise Democrats to preserve late copies of the *Star* until the next election. They may serve a good purpose when Opposition candidates approach Democrats for their votes. Stick the insults in the *Star* at them!

☞The election here on Tuesday passed off very quietly—no excitement or confusion. Several hours after the closing of the polls, a fracas occurred at Henich's lager beer house, among several Germans, resulting in rather severe wounds—but all of which would have been avoided, Germans on both sides say, had it not been for the rushing in of a number of Republicans not Germans. The *Star's* insinuation that it was caused by "Democratic bullies" has not a particle of foundation in truth. Another evidence of the unparalleled meanness of that sheet.

Garrison Sees the End.—The Abolitionist Garrison has sent a letter congratulating the Anti-Slavery Society on the auspicious signs of the times, and closing with these words of encouragement: "But all this is the sign that *the end is rapidly approaching.* Peaceably or by a bloody process, the oppressed will eventually obtain their freedom, and nothing can prevent it."

Democratic Meetings.

MOUNT VERNON.—The Democrats of Mountpleasant met in large numbers at Mount Vernon School-house, on Friday evening week. The meeting was organised as follows:

President, W. H. LOTT, Esq.

Vice Presidents, F. M. Buddy, Capt. A. Little, Aloysius Eckenrode, David Sneeringer, Joseph Kuhn, David Nary, John McMaster, John Felix.

Secretaries, B. F. Hagarman, Peter K. Smith, Joseph Spangler, Alfred F. Slonaker, Joseph Hemler, Jr.

Speeches were made by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN and H. J. STAHLE, when the meeting adjourned in fine spirits, with hearty cheers.

HEIDLERSBURG.—On Saturday evening following, a Democratic meeting was had at Heidlersburg, at the house of John Eckenrode. Notwithstanding the bad weather and worse roads, the turn-out was excellent. A large delegation from Hampton attended, with martial music and flags. They were received with great enthusiasm. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, JAMES N. PITTENTURF, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Jacob B. Miller, Robert M. Dicks, Samuel Delap, John Lynch, Levi Raffensperger, Jacob Bowers, Emanuel Neidich, Samuel Thomas, Daniel S. Diehl, Frederick Pillard, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Jno. McMaster, George Starry.

Secretaries, Solomon Miller, J. Peter Miller, Samuel Weigle, Jacob C. Pittenturf, Robert Elliot, Wm. Trimmer, Isaac Slaybaugh, Stephen Heinard, Jacob Kennedy.

J. C. NEELY, Esq., and H. J. STAHLE addressed the meeting at some length—after which, adjourned, with "three times three" for the "good old cause," warmly given.

HAMPTON.—A grand rally came off at Hampton on Monday evening. Reading, Hamilton, Straban, Oxford, the Berwicks, and other districts, were represented, some of them largely. Delegations, with music, flags, and wreaths, came in from all quarters.—Dicks's hotel was splendidly illuminated, each of the fifteen front windows containing six tapers, and each taper encircled by a wreath. Mr. Chronister's residence was also beautifully illuminated, whilst across Carlisle street floated a large flag, with a number of splendid wreaths. The decorations were creditable to the ladies and all others concerned in getting them up. The officers of the meeting were:

President, JOHN RUFF.

Vice Presidents, John Henry Myers, John Lynch, Col. J. J. Kuhn, Samuel Miller, John Laydom, Thomas N. Dicks, Samuel Heinerd, Wm. N. Sanders, Dr. D. M. C. White, Abraham Chronister, George Slyder, Solomon Chronister, Frederick Wolf, A. K. Stoner, Lewis Kuhn, Joseph H. Shireman.

Secretaries, Levi Chronister, Henry Albert, Stephen Heinerd, Philip A. Myers, H. Bitner, James Dicks, Samuel Warner, John Delone, Samuel Brown, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Charles E. Kuhn, Hamilton W. King, Daniel Thomas, Nathan Miller, Francis Orndorff, Emanuel Neidich, Jacob Philips.

Speeches were made by Dr. D. S. PEFFER, A. DELONE, Esq., Hon. MOSES McCLEAN, and Mr. J. DELONE, all of which were well received, eliciting frequent applause. Adjourned with cheers.

CORWELL'S.—On the same evening, a large and enthusiastic Democratic meeting was had at Geo. A. Corwell's, in Franklin township. Organised as follows:

President, SAMUEL BINGAMAN.

Vice Presidents, John Lippincott, Silas McClure, Wm. Kane, Conrad Thomas, Wesley J. Lott, George Andrew, Thomas Ball, John McKenrick.

Secretaries, George Goy, Wm. Shingledecker, David Deardorff, Lewis Carbaugh, John Ball, Uriah Powell, Isaac Lauver.

W. A. DUNCAN, Esq., Dr. W. C. STEM and H. J. STAHLE made speeches, after which, adjourned, with shouts for the cause and the ticket.

A Democratic meeting was also held at Will's hotel, in this Borough—Capt. ROBERT McCURDY presiding. E. B. BUEHLER and J. C. NEELY, Esqs., addressed the meeting at some length. J. J. HERRON, Esq., also made a few remarks.

COMMUNICATED.

EDITOR COMPILER:—I noticed in the last *Star*, that a number of meetings were held, and one at Hunter's School House, by the Black Republicans, on Tuesday evening last. Well, that is so, but not in respectable numbers, as the *Star* has it; for the whole crowd amounted to 13 Republicans and 5 Democrats, all told. It was in Liberty township, and the people "took liberty," for their President, Mr. Christian Overholtzer, after taking his seat, wished to be excused for a few moments, so out he popped and made tracks for home, declaring that he felt ashamed, and never returned to the meeting. After waiting for some time for his return, the first speaker, D. A. Buehler, proceeded to address the empty chair and a few people, the number given above. Then followed Mr. Cover, and a third who had fallen asleep, suddenly arose, rubbing his eyes, and bellowing out, "*guess it is time that we take a drink*," and that ended the performance for the evening. These are facts, for I have them from several present, and from the President himself.—Such, no doubt, was the result with other meetings. I could name better things of meetings that previously met, but as the election is over, I will say nothing more at present, but remain, Yours truly,

Nov. 5, 1860. LIBERT

☞Those benevolent individuals, the venders of Lottery Tickets, are at present engaged in distributing their *confidential* circulars, with a liberal hand. We hope none of our readers will be verdant enough to allow themselves to be victimized by these land-sharks. Do you think, asked one gentleman of another the other day, after perusing one of these circulars, do you think I would stand any chance of drawing a prize in case I gave this a trial? About as much chance, was the reply, as you do of being struck by lightning between now and the first of next March. The gentleman had probably taken a sly peep at the elephant, and spoke from experience.

Col. Curtin's Inauguration.—It is contemplated to have a grand Wide-Awake parade at the Capital of the State on the occasion of Col. Curtin's inauguration as Governor, to be participated in by all the cubs in the State. —*Carlisle American.*

The inauguration is "to be participated in by all the *cubs* in the State," eh? And these "cubs," no doubt, will nearly all be in a state of famishment, and will yelp vociferously for a suck at the "public teat." But, Col. CURTIN is good at killing dogs, and no doubt he will be equally expert in despatching *cubs.* —*Volunteer.*

The Status of a Dead Man in Litigation.—The Supreme Court of Connecticut has a novel question to decide, arising in New London county. It is whether a man of one quarter African blood is white or colored.—If he is white he can vote, if he is colored he cannot be taxed. As the individual particularly concerned in this case is dead, we presume he don't care which privilege is adjudged to him, but the decision is of great importance to many, both North and South.

The Next Congress.

The next Congress, which will commence with the Lincoln Administration, is sure to contain a majority against the Republican party. The gains already made render this certain. The Democrats and Union men of New York have elected ten members certain and possibly eleven. In the present Congress there are but four reliable Democrats from New York. This gain is of itself enough to upset the Republican majority in the present House; but we have already gained several members in Pennsylvania and Ohio.—BURLINGAME in Massachusetts and Mr. Speaker PENNINGTON in New Jersey, are also beaten—both Republican losses. The Republicans may have gained several members in the Western States—but our gains are more than sufficient to cover any possible losses in that quarter. The anti-Republican majority in the next House will range somewhere between ten and twenty votes.

The shelving of Burlingame in Massachusetts is a severe blow to the Republicans—and equally unexpected. Burlingame was so confident of his election that he wandered off into this State to make stump speeches for CURTIN. He returned to his own district too late to retrieve his failing fortunes. Col. CURTIN very magnanimously made a pilgrimage to Boston, where he spoke in behalf of Burlingame; but it would not do. The fighting man of the Republican party could not fight his own way through.

The loss of Pennington in New Jersey is another sore calamity to the triumphant Republican party. The very Captain of Congress is struck down in the seat it cost so much patient endurance to obtain.

Not only will Mr. Lincoln go into office with both branches of Congress against him, but Mr. John W. Forney will be compelled to vacate the Clerkship, which he obtained as the reward of apostacy. The race of bogus Democratic Congressmen is about extinct and with them all Forney's political stock in trade.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result in Pennsylvania.

The majority for LINCOLN in this State will probably foot up some 70,000—although no one cares about searching for particulars.—There was a great falling off in the aggregate vote for President, compared with the State election, when nearly 500,000 votes were polled. We would not be surprised if the total vote on the 6th inst. did not exceed 450,000. This falling off was principally upon the Democratic side. The large majority against FOSTER at the State election was generally regarded as settling the contest as far as Pennsylvania was concerned, and hence the apathy and indifference among Democrats. The mass of the Democratic vote of the State was cast for the Reading electoral ticket; but the Straight-out Douglas ticket was supported to a considerable extent by Douglas men. As there was no attempt at Democratic organization after the State election, and as the dissensions in the party made a united rally impossible, it is not surprising that Lincoln carried the State by a huge majority.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result.

The Washington *Constitution*, of Wednesday, says: From the returns which have reached us we are forced to the lamentable conclusion that Abraham Lincoln has been elected President of the United States from the 4th of next March.

We declare this opinion as to the eventful result of yesterday with sorrow which has no source in party defeat. The people of the Northern States, by an apparently overwhelming majority, have rendered their verdict on an issue fully made up, and after full deliberation, and that verdict says that they deny that fifteen States of the Union are entitled to equality in the Union; and that the future policy of the Federal Government shall be based on active deadly hostility to the South and her institutions. What the effect of that verdict, immediate or ultimate, will be, we do not intend to prophecy. We see in the immediate future gloom and storm, and much to chill the heart of every patriot in the land. We can understand the effect that will be produced in every Southern mind when he reads the news this morning—that he is now called on to decide for himself, his children, and his children's children whether he will submit tamely to the rule of one elected on account of his hostility to him and his, or whether he will make a struggle to defend his rights, his inheritance, and his honor.

The "Irrepressible Conflict" in New York.

Shocking Murder.—It is stated that intense excitement prevails throughout Orange county, N. Y., in consequence of the heartless and deliberate murder of Phineas T. Wood, Esq., a highly respectable resident of Goshen, by a black demon in human form, on Saturday evening week, for no other reason than that the unfortunate man was a union or fusion man, and therefore opposed to the hypocritical republican protence of negro equality.—The N. York Express says:

A union meeting was held in the town on Saturday evening, and after the adjournment, most of the people having gone home, a gang of black ruffians, some fourteen or fifteen in number, made a furious attack upon a handful who remained in the public house where the meeting was held. The negroes being all stalwart, ferocious fellows, and outnumbering the whites, succeeded in dispersing the latter, leaving their marks on them in many a wound—the negroes remaining masters of the field. The news of the outrage spreading, the white men returned with fresh recruits and administered to the negroes a severe chastisement, after which everything was quiet.—This took place on Thursday evening. On Friday, one of the negroes, thirsting for revenge, paraded the streets of Goshen, with a rifle in his hand, saying he "was going to shoot a damned white democrat," and bawling out that "every democrat ought to have his throat cut." People thought he was not in earnest and did not mind his threats. The negro then, with his gun loaded to the muzzle, proceeded to his home, about three miles out of the village. At this time Mr. Wood happened to be coming along on his way to Goshen, seeing whom, the negro came out and deliberately leveled his gun at him. The gun missed fire, whereupon some words passed between Mr. Wood and his assailant, after which the latter, unheeding the remonstrances of the unhappy man, reprimed his gun, and shot Mr. Wood dead on the spot, the ball taking effect in the back of his head. The miscreant was subsequenty arrested by the authorities and conveyed to prison.

Minute Men in the South.—We have received a printed copy of the constitution and by-laws adopted by the Minute Men of Edgefield, S. C., and which is the model generally adopted throughout the South. The main objects of the association are set forth in the preamble, as follows:

We, the undersigned, citizens of South Carolina, in view of the impending crisis necessarily incident upon the election of a Black republican to the presidency of these United States, and in view of our duties to our section, ourselves and our dearest interests, which must fall in the event of the triumph of northern fanaticism, hereby form ourselves into an association, under the name and style of "Minute Men," and do further solemnly pledge "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor," to sustain southern constitutional equality in the Union, or, failing that, to establish our independence out of it.

Sudden Death of an Old Defender.—Mr. Henry Koons, an old and respectable citizen of York, Pa., died suddenly on Saturday week. The Press says he had been complaining for some days, of a pain in the breast, and on Saturday evening visited Brant's saloon, where he suddenly fell to the floor and immediately expired. The immediate cause of his death is not known, but it is generally believed to be disease of the heart. Mr. Koons was a member of Capt. Michael H. Spangler's company, that marched in defence of Baltimore in the war of 1812.

☞Why should potatoes grow better than any other vegetable? Because they have eyes to see what they are doing.

The General Result.

The following statement shows at a glance how the several States have cast their electoral votes.

The returns leave no doubt of the election of Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, as President, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, as Vice-President of the United States. The States named have cast their electoral votes as follows:

FOR LINCOLN.

Maine,	8
New Hampshire,	5
New York,	35
Massachusetts,	13
Rhode Island,	4
Connecticut,	6
Vermont,	5
Pennsylvania,	27
Ohio,	23
Indiana,	13
Michigan,	6
Illinois,	11
Wisconsin,	5
Iowa,	4
Minnesota,	4
	169

Only 152 votes are required to elect.

FOR BRECKINRIDGE.

Georgia,	10
North Carolina,	10
South Carolina,	8
Delaware,	3
Louisiana,	6
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
Alabama,	9
Mississippi, (probably,)	6
Maryland,	8
Florida,	3
	65

FOR BELL.

Kentucky,	12
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
	14

FOR DOUGLAS.

Missouri, (probably,)	9
New Jersey, (fusion,)	3
	12

DOUBTFUL.

Virginia,	15
Tennessee, (probably,)	12

NOT HEARD FROM.

Texas 6, California 4, Oregon 3, Arkansas 3.

The Oldest Railroad Conductor in the United States.

Mr. William D. Scott, formerly of the Northern Central, now running upon the Pittsburg, Columbus and Cincinnati railroad, between Columbus and Steubenville, is believed to be the oldest conductor now running in the United States. Referring to this fact the Cincinnati Commercial remarks:

Mr. S. commenced his career as a conductor upon the Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad in the year 1831, before the use of steam upon that road, and has been running ever since, except about 18 months devoted to the care of his brother, who was made a cripple for life by the dreadful collision of July 4th, 1854, near Baltimore. Mr. Scott has had many hairbreadth escapes during his long career as a railroad conductor. Upon one occasion, when managing a crowded train of 16 cars, not being able to make his way through the passengers, in order to communicate with the engineer as quickly as he desired, he mounted the roof in order to pass over the top of the cars, when his forehead came in contact with the timbers of a bridge, felling him senseless upon the roof of a car, where he lay unobserved, until the blood trickling down one of the windows gave notice to those within of the dreadful accident to their conductor. The train was stopped and he was removed to a farm house, supposed to be fatally injured. He lay for a long time in a precarious condition, but upon his recovery immediately resumed his place upon the road. Mr. Scott is in every way a model conductor, prompt and energetic in the discharge of his duties.

Railroad Meeting.—A meeting of the Directors of the Reading and Columbia Railroad was held last week in Lancaster. The immediate location of the road was ordered, and is now probably in progress.

☞The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

A Double Shot.—A young man named Reisinger, one day last week, shot a black snake and a hen hawk, a short distance from Wrightsville, at a single discharge of his gun. The hawk had swooped down and fastened its talons into his snakeship, but was quickly made a prisoner in the coils of the snake, when a novel battle commenced for the mastery, which, however, was speedily terminated by Mr. R. killing the twain.

☞A car built wholly of iron is now in use between Pittsburg and Cleveland. It will be much safer for passengers in case of a collision, as the material resists crushing, and will be entirely free from splinters. The manufacturers intend to run it over various roads, for the inspection of the public.

☞Do you suffer after eating, or from acidity of the stomach, heart burn, water brash, wind, burning sensation, or indigestion? Immediate relief can be obtained by using the Oxygenated Bitters.

Cure for Burns.—The "Gazette Medicale" of France says that, by an accident, charcoal has been discovered to be a cure for burns. By laying a piece of cold charcoal upon a burn, the pain subsides immediately. By leaving the charcoal on one hour, the wound is healed, as has been demonstrated on several occasions. The remedy is cheap and simple, and certainly deserves a trial.

Equine Sagacity.—A pair of valuable, well-broken horses, belonging to Mr. Russell Ward, of Holyoke, Mass., coming down the mountain with a load of wood, a few days since, he fell under the wheels, and was unable to move, and the horses held the load without stirring for several hours, when he was discovered and rescued. They had pawed deep holes in the ground, and braced themselves to the load. Had they moved, Mr. W. would have been killed.

Copper Coin.—Adams & Co.'s Express.—We learn from a circular before us that the old copper cents of the United States will be received at the mint in exchange for cents of the new issues. And, further, that the director of the mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, has arranged with the Adams Express Company for the transportation, free of cost, of the old copper cents in sums of $20 and upwards to the mint, and of the new cents in return to all points in the Atlantic States, accessible by railroad and steamboat, and all other places which can be reached by means of conveyance not incurring unreasonable expense.

☞"The largest hotel in the world"—so they claim, is now possessed by St. Louis, and is nearly completed. It is to be called the "Lindell Hotel." It is seven stories above the basement; 112 feet above the sidewalk; fronts 272 feet on Washington avenue, 227 on Green street, and will accommodate 1000 guests. The Lelands, now of the Metropolitan, New York city, are to manage it.

LOCAL MATTERS.

COMMISSIONER.—On Thursday week, WM. B. GARDNER, Esq., was sworn in as County Commissioner. JACOB RAFFENSPERGER, Esq., retired, his term of three years having ended. The out-going Commissioner was a most correct, conscientious and accommodating officer, having in all his actions the interests and the desires of the tax-payers in view. That we may predict the same praiseworthy characteristics in Mr. Gardner, all who know him will readily concede. The affairs of the county never were better or more economically managed than they have been for the last half dozen years, and they are in equally safe hands still.

The Board now consists of Messrs. Daniel Geiselman, James H. Marshall, and Wm. B. Gardner—the former being President. J. M. Walter has been re-appointed Clerk and E. B. Buehler, Esq., Counsel.

DIRECTORS.—On Monday last, Messrs. JACOB MILLER and ISAAC PFOUTZ took their seats in the Board of Directors of the Poor—the former in place of Mr. Andrew White, (than whom a more correct and upright Director never was had,) whose term has expired, and the latter in place of Mr. Christian Musselman, resigned after less than a year's service on account of failing health. These gentlemen are among our best farmers, and are good business men. The care of that institution has again been judiciously entrusted. The Board now consists of Messrs. Abraham Spangler, Isaac Pfoutz and Jacob Miller—the former President.

At a meeting of the Directors, on Saturday last, the following appointments for the coming year were unanimously made: Steward, Jacob Culp; Physician, Dr. A. W. Dorsey; Clerk, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Treasurer, J. B. Danner; Counsel, Wm. McClean.

NOW IS THE TIME.—As the long winter evenings are fast approaching, we would invite all who wish a cheerful fire-side companion to subscribe at once for the *Compiler.* What can be more pleasant than on a cold winter evening, to gather your family around a warm stove, and read to them the contents of a good paper. How the little ones will laugh at the funny anecdotes, whilst the larger ones will treasure up in their minds the useful knowledge gleaned from its well-filled columns, and the love stories will put the old lady in mind of "Auld Lang Syne," and she will trip up stairs to bed as brisk as a lass of sixteen summers. All ye who want pleasant wives, smiling babies and happiness generally, subscribe at once for the *Compiler.*

PROPERTY SALES.—The mansion farm of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township, was recently sold, to Henry Galbraith—124 acres, at $38 87.

Another farm, adjoining, to Joseph Lerew—157 acres, at $31 12½.

A tract of 108 acres, without buildings, to Eliza Galbraith, for $1,590.

Mr. Samuel Wolf, of Mountpleasant township, has purchased a tract of land of Mr. Adam Marshall, at Mount Rock, at the high figure of $1,000—and has since been offered $500 for his bargain. There is a fine body of limestone upon it.

Mr. J. Scott Wilson has purchased the farm of Joseph Creeger, deceased, in Freedom township—173 acres for $3051 25.

Mr. S. A. Cobean has sold his farm in Cumberland township—containing 145 acres—to Mr. Daniel Sandoe, for $5,000.

Mr. Wm. Wisotzky has sold the two-story brick house, adjoining his residence, in Washington street, to Mr. Frederick Frensel, for $700, cash.

LEAP YEAR.—For the benefit of young ladies, we would just mention that a few more weeks will wind up leap year, and then if they have not made good use of the time, their *legal* period to do the courting in will have passed away; and before leap year comes again they will have become old maids, an institution which is now-a-days properly dreaded. Girls, make good use of the coming few weeks in the present year. Rig up yourselves, trim your sails and go out into the streets and captivate whom ye can.

N. B. Needn't come around here.

THANKSGIVING.—The Governor has appointed Thursday, the 29th of November instant, as a day of Thanksgiving—and, of course, our friends will not fail to remember that "the printer" should have his "roast" as well as other people, especially when he acknowledges a decided "hankering" after it.

☞We are indebted to Mrs. ELIJAH ECKENRODE, of Mounjoy township, for a mammoth head of cabbage, measuring in circumference 2 feet 6 inches, and several turnips, also of the big sort. They were among the finest we have seen this season. Mrs. Eckenrode has our thanks.

☞Mr. George Settle, of Franklin township, has placed us under obligations for a "mess" of very nice turnips—one of them a mammoth, weighing five or six pounds.

☞We were shown, at Dr. Stem's, in Cashtown, a few days since, a monster turnip—the weight of which was 11 lbs. 1 oz., and the circumference 28 inches. It was grown by Mr. Levi Irwin, in Buchanan Valley, upon first-rate Democratic soil.

☞Mr. George Morrison, of Reading township, raised half a bushel from one potato, the past season. This may be set down as a big yield.

☞One thousand forty-one and a half bushels of buckwheat were grown the past season upon a field belonging to the heirs of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township. York county must look to its laurels.

☞The season of gayety is rapidly approaching. Soon we shall be in the midst of the holidays—Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year, &c. May they be to all, the poor as well as the rich, occasions of joy and happiness.

☞Attention is directed to an advertisement of the Directors of the Poor, in another column. A considerable saving will no doubt result from it.

☞When the "Wide Awakes" were Know Nothings, and consequently not 'wide awake,' they had a famous motto, which read that "the office should seek the man, not the man the office." As an evidence of the progress of political disinterestedness we record the fact, now that Old Abe is elected President, that there are already some twelve to fifteen persons whose patriotism has grown so strong, that they have concluded to sacrifice their peace and happiness, and serve the country as Post Master in our borough. Here is disinterested patriotism for you!

☞As the Opposition have now elected Curtin, it is desired to know where "the plenty of work this fall," the "free homes for the homeless," and the "lands for the landless," may be found. Who has the giving of them? —and where are they? echo answers "where?"

☞The New York correspondent of the Boston Post says that the author of Redclyffe is Miss Harriet Lane, the niece of President Buchanan.

A Little Boy Rewarded for his Humanity.—The track of the Wilmington and Atlanta (Ga.) railroad was washed away by rain in the night not long ago, and a little boy, discovering the damage, walked up the track and stopped a coming train in time to prevent a dreadful catastrophe. The little fellow is to be sent to the Georgia Military Institute at the expense of the State.

☞The Pekin Visitor says: "Coming home a few mornings since, we met a man attempting to walk on both sides of the street. By a skillful manœuvre we passed between him."

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. —Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year: few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

FROM GEORGE W. ETTER, ESQ., LUMBER MERCHANT.

MIDDLETOWN, DAUPHIN CO., PA., Apr. 24, '60.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co.,—

About seven months since I was severely afflicted with Whooping Cough, and had almost given up the hope of recovery. It was a most violent attack of this destructive and dangerous disease. I had tried every remedy which I had heard recommended, but they all failed entirely, until a trial of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY was commenced, the use of which gave immediate relief. Under similar circumstances, rather than be without the Balsam I would pay fifty dollars for a bottle of it, believing that it is the only certain antidote for the disease. I most cheerfully recommend this invaluable remedy to the public.

GEORGE W. ETTER.

FROM DAVID SLIFER, ESQ.

LEWISBURG, PA., May 7, 1860.

Seth W. Fowle & Co.,

Gentlemen: I have used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and believe it to be an excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Inflammation of the Lungs, and I recommend it most cheerfully. DAVID SLIFER.

☞*Caution to Purchasers.*—The only *genuine Wistar's Balsam* has the *written* signature of "I. BUTTS" and the printed one of the Proprietors on the outer wrapper; all other is vile and worthless.

☞Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; E. Hiteshew, York Springs; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; Solomon Chronister, Hampton; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; D. E. Hollinger, Abbottstown; M. Staater, New Oxford; John Miller, Littlestown; and by dealors everywhere.

Nov. 12, 1860. 4w

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on. To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any thing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOB MOSES, (Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,) Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1 00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.

[illegible] 11, '60. 1yeow

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL AND TOILET RECEIPT BOOK.—This book contains Recipes and Directions for making all the most valuable Medical preparations in use; also Recipes and full and explicit directions for making all the most popular and useful Cosmetics, Perfumes, Unguents, Hair Restoratives, and all Toilet Articles. If you are suffering with any chronic disease—if you wish a beautiful complexion, a fine head of hair, a smooth face, a clear skin, a luxuriant beard or moustache—or if you wish to know anything and everything in the Medical and Toilet line, you should, by all means, peruse a copy of this book. For full particulars, and a sample of the work for perusal, (free,) address the publisher.

T. F. CHAPMAN, No. 831 Broadway, New York.

Nov. 5. 3m

☞THE PUBLIC BLESSING which is now universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers, head aches, piles, costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicines now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 235 Broadway, N. Y., and by S. S. Forney Agent, Gettysburg. [Feb. 13. 1y

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.* Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist, No. 32 City Buildings, New York.

Aug. 20, 1860. 3m

☞We would advise our readers who may be attracted to the city by the Cattle Show, Institute Exhibition, or business, not to neglect paying a visit to the extensive Furniture Establishment of A. MATHIOT & SON. They will find in their Fall Stock the grandest assortment of Household Furniture ever manufactured in any establishment in the country, consisting of Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, together with a splendid assortment of plain, well made articles, suiting the most extravagant or economical tastes. As the Messrs. Mathiot are always pleased to exhibit their stock, an invitation to call, if merely for the gratification of curiosity, is extended to all.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 North Gay St., Near Fayette, Baltimore.

Oct. 15. 5t

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information [illegible]

[illegible]

Oct. 22, 1860. 1y

Official Vote of Pennsylvania—1860.

Governor.

Counties.	Curtin.	Foster.
Adams,	2773	2849
Allegheny,	15879	9190
Armstrong,	3474	2698
Beaver,	2682	1715
Bedford,	2464	2561
Berks,	6833	10318
Blair,	3051	2172
Bradford,	6664	2328
Bucks,	6383	6330
Butler,	3526	2548
Cambria,	2177	2583
Carbon,	1722	1930
Centre,	3165	2824
Chester,	7540	5913
Clarion,	1795	2297
Clearfield,	1756	2040
Clinton,	1750	1703
Columbia,	1848	2586
Crawford,	5277	3178
Cumberland,	3625	3716
Dauphin,	4555	3302
Delaware,	3183	1996
Elk,	421	633
Erie,	5613	2469
Fayette,	3382	3556
Forrest,	125	66
Franklin,	4053	3379
Fulton,	878	957
Greene,	1529	2669
Huntingdon,	3070	2114
Indiana,	3672	1886
Jefferson,	1886	1493
Juniata,	1503	1465
Lancaster,	13012	7153
Lawrence,	2645	959
Lebanon,	3847	2234
Lehigh,	4166	4566
Luzerne,	6662	6916
Lycoming,	3615	3034
M'Kean,	1048	706
Mercer,	3624	2794
Mifflin,	1723	1490
Monroe,	822	2163
Montgomery,	5812	7392
Montour,	983	1220
Northampton,	3507	5249
Northumberland,	2439	2955
Perry,	2416	2128
Philadelphia,	40233	42119
Pike,	324	843
Potter,	1410	615
Schuylkill,	7301	7067
Snyder,	1704	1134
Somerset,	2977	1372
Sullivan,	394	543
Susquehanna,	4110	2456
Tioga,	4147	1331
Union,	1820	1019
Venango,	2581	2122
Warren,	2112	1172
Washington,	4768	4206
Wayne,	2610	2537
Westmoreland,	4830	5176
Wyoming,	1192	1366
York;	5322	6665
Total,	262349	230259

The Gold Dollars.

The Associated Press agents telegraph from Washington as follows: "As much has recently been said in public prints about the re-coining of gold dollars into pieces of larger denominations, it may be stated that orders for that purpose had been issued by the Treasury Department on two special occasions only, and then on representations that the smaller coins occasioned much inconvenience in the receipts and disbursements; for no sooner are they paid out than they are again returned in business transactions, there appearing to be a redundance of them among commercial classes. The assistant treasurer at New York was, for the greater facility in counting, authorized to have about two millions of them recoined, and the assistant treasurer at St. Louis upward of one hundred and fifty thousand for similar reasons. This re-coining, however, applies to the original or earlier issues, which, it is known, are smaller in circumference and thicker than the later or *superior coin*. Of the former there are now nine millions, and of the latter six millions in circulation. While the gold dollars are a great convenience in small, it is considered that there is a redundance of them for large transactions, and hence the recent special orders in relation to the new coinage. There does not seem to be any purpose so to reduce the amount of this description of dollar as to inconvenience the public."

Tenacity of Life in the Terrapin.

A singular fact came under our observation on Saturday last, which goes to prove the remarkable fact that a terrapin can live longer than any other living creature, without food or water. Early in the spring Major John Braby purchased a dozen terrapins, used seven of them at his hotel, and placed the other five in a box, with the intention of taking them to Loretto in the summer. The box was placed in the back yard, and the terrapins were entirely forgotten until Friday evening last, when the box was opened and they were all found alive and in as good condition as when placed in the box. For a period of five months they had no food and no water, except the little that found its way through the holes of the box when it rained.

It would be an interesting experiment in natural history to pen up a terrapin and see how long it actually could live on the recollection of what it did eat when at liberty.—We think this throws the fabled idea of the bear sucking his paw during the winter entirely in the shade.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

A Silver Mountain.

The excitement concerning the newly discovered silver mines, says the Oregon City *Argus*, on the head-waters of the Molalla, seems to be getting intense. Parties are continually arriving in town, making their outfit, and departing for the silver regions. A party from town went out this week and returned, after each one had taken out a claim of one hundred feet front, running to the top of the mountain. The amount of silver supposed to be there is almost fabulous. D. P. Thompson, Esq., one of the returned party, thinks the mountain is a mass of silver ore, containing probably hundreds of millions of the mineral—or at any rate double as much as there is in the Santiam mines, which were stated by us to amount to 100,000,000 of tons, which, at $5,333 to the ton, (estimated.) would give $5,333,000,000. Supposing the Molalla silver mines to contain 200,000,000 of tons, and to be equally as rich as the Santiam are, there is no question but they are worth $1,066,600,000,000.

A Monster Press.—The Scientific American thus describes a monster steam press, upon which Moses S. Beach, who has just retired from the New York Sun, is at work:

He is even now just completing the construction of a monster steam printing press, by which the sheets are cut from rolls, dampened, printed on both sides, at the rate of forty thousand impressions an hour, folded up, counted and delivered from the machine, ready for the carrier and the mail. This machine is as high as a common two-story country dwelling house; and it will, when finished if the expectations of its inventor are realised, constitute a most extraordinary specimen of mechanical skill and ingenuity.

Fatal.—A few years ago, an engineer was killed on the Central Ohio Railroad, just as he was about to be married. The young lady to whom he was engaged afterwards married a Mr. James Frease, and he, a short time since, was seriously injured in an accident which occurred at almost the same spot; and now, to crown all, the lady herself has been thrown from a carriage, and instantly killed.

Early Snow in California.—The Marysville (Cal.) Appeal of the 6th October says there [illegible] quite a smart fall of snow in the [illegible] east of that town. It lay about [illegible] deep on the road between North [illegible] Forest City, a distance of [illegible] [illegible]

The Election of Wm. E. Lehman.—Harrisburg, Nov. 8th.—The Governor has issued a proclamation declaring that Wm. E. Lehman is the duly elected member of Congress from the first congressional district of Pennsylvania, instead of Butler, republican, who received his certificate through fraud.

☞The majority in Maryland for Breckinridge over Bell is 389; over Douglas 30,144; over Lincoln 33,427. The combined Democratic vote of Breckinridge and Douglas over Bell is 5,870.

Damaging Exposure of Horace Greeley.—Another political sensation in New York is the unearthing of a letter, written by Horace Greeley, when proprietor of the New Yorker, soliciting subscriptions in Mississippi, and halt promising to keep dark on the slavery question as an offset. The letter was published in Saturday's Evening Express.

Postmaster.—The Tyrone *Star* says that there are sixteen applicants for the Post Office in that place. Salary $800, and a big fight expected.

Cure for Neuralgia.—A California paper gives the following as a sure cure for neuralgia: Half a drachm of sal ammoniac in an ounce of camphor water, to be taken a teaspoonful at a dose, and the dose repeated several times, at intervals of five minutes, if the pain be not relieved at once.

☞An Australian says that cobwebs are a complete cure for dysentery. He takes them in pills, four a day. They are also used for fever and ague.

☞A witty fellow slipped down on an icy pavement. While sitting, he muttered, "I have no desire to see the town burnt down, but I sincerely wish to see the streets laid in ashes."

☞Senator Bright denounces the story that he voted for any black republican at the late State election in Indiana as a vile slander.

☞It is said that Mrs. Dan Rice has brought a suit for divorce against her husband. The wrongs of which she complains are not stated.

THE MARKETS.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour	5 00 to 5 25
Rye Flour	3 25
White Wheat	1 15 to 1 25
Red Wheat	1 10 to 1 15
Corn	55
Rye	70
Oats	26
Buckwheat	48
Clover Seed	5 25 to 5 50
Timothy Seed	1 50 to 1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Plaster of Paris	6 50
Plaster ground, per bag	1 00

BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour	5 50 to 5 56
Wheat	1 15 to 1 55
Rye	75 to 80
Corn	67 to 75
Oats	31 to 34
Clover Seed	6 12 to 6 37
Timothy Seed	3 00 to 3 50
Beef Cattle, per hund	5 50 to 7 50
Hogs, per hund	8 00 to 8 25
Hay	12 00 to 16 00
Whiskey	20 to 21
Guano, Peruvian, per ton	62 00

HANOVER—THURSDAY LAST.

Flour, from wagons	5 50
Do. from stores	6 00
Wheat	1 18 to 1 30
Rye	72
Corn	60
Oats	31
Clover Seed	5 50
Timothy Seed	2 00
Plaster	6 25

MARRIED.

At Rosedale, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. H. Bishop, Mr. MAXWELL P. SHIELDS, of Emmitsburg, to Miss SUE, daughter of John Musselman, Esq.

On the 30th ult., by the Rev. H. Bishop, Mr. WM. J. OVELMAN to Miss JANE E. SIX.

On the 30th ult., near Dillsburg, at the residence of John Galentine, by the Rev. A. Fintrock, Mr. JOHN A. ZIEGLER, of Adams county, to Mrs. MARY JANE GOTWALT, of York county.

On the 1st inst., at the Ev. Lutheran Parsonage, in Littlestown, by the Rev. S. Henry, Mr. JACOB S. BOWERS, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss EMELINE FEESER, of this county.

On the 25th ult., at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Petersburg, Adams county, by the Rev. P. Raby, Mr. URIAH WILLIAMS to Miss LIZZIE HIMES, both of Chester Springs, Chester co.

DIED.

At the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Z. Rodgers, in this place, on Thursday week, Mr. SAMUEL STEFFY, aged 51 years.

On the 30th of Sept., HENRY JACOB; on the 2d of Oct., SARAH CATHARINE; and on the 13th of Oct., ANNA MARIA BARBARA—children of Daniel and Barbara Trostle, of this county.

On the 1st inst., in Bendersville, WILLIAM HARRISON, son of Hiram Myers, aged 2 years 11 months and 24 days.

FOR THE COMPILER.

LINES on the Death of FRANKLIN PIERCE, who died on the 18th of Oct., 1860, aged 4 years 7 months and 4 days, son of Jacob and Margaret Fetterhoff, of Mountjoy township.

Another hand is beckoning on,
Another call is given,
And glows once more with angel's steps,
The path which reaches Heaven.

One young and gentle friend, whose smile
Made brighter summer hours,
Amid the frosts of Autumn time,
Has left us with the flowers.

A paling of the cheek of bloom,
Forewarned us of decay,
A shadow from the silent land
Fell round our brother's way.

The light of his young life went down,
As sinks behind the hill
The glory of a setting star,
Clear, suddenly, and still.

Alone unto our Father's will
One thought had reconciled,
That He whose love exceeded ours
Hath taken home his child.

Fold him, oh! Father, in thine arms,
And let him henceforth be
A messenger of love between
Our human hearts and thee.

The Saviour with inviting voice
Says, let your children come,
For them there's love within my breast,
And in my kingdom room. M. F.

Dividend.

BANK OF GETTYSBURG, }
Nov. 6, 1860. }

THE President and Directors of this Institution have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on and after Monday, the 12th inst.

Nov. 12, '60. T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale the Property in which he now resides, situate in East Middle street, Gettysburg, adjoining S. R. Tipton on the west and Mrs. McElroy on the east, with an alley in the rear. THE HOUSE is a two-story Frame, Weatherboarded, with Back-building; a well of water, with a pump in it, at the door; and a variety of fruit, such as apples, pears, peaches, apricots, cherries, and grapes, all the most choice.

ZACHARIAH MYERS.

Nov. 12, 1860. tf

T. R. Cook & Sons

HAVE established a Depot at Maj. JOHN SCOTT's, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. Fine thrifty Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, carefully transplanted there for sale. ☞Call and see them—satisfaction warranted. [Nov. 12, 1860. tf

H. G. Carr's

IS the place to get the cheapest Wollen Undershirts in town, and the cheapest Wollen Drawers—only 75 cents each. A fine article of Wollen Roundabouts and Comforts—all cheaper than at any other place in town. [Nov. 12.

Notice

TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, AND TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Whereas orders signed by two Justices of the Peace for the admission of the Poor into the House of Employment for the County of Adams, are very frequently directed to the Directors of the Poor and the said House of Employment, and fees for the said orders claimed, under Acts of Assembly not applicable to this County:

And whereas, it is enacted by the Act of 13th March, 1839, the provisions of which were extended to Adams county by the Act of 7th April, 1840, that the poor shall be admitted on an order granted by any one of the Directors, or by ONE Justice of the Peace, for which no Justice of the Peace shall be entitled to fees or reward:

Notice is hereby given by the said Directors, that NO FEES FOR JUSTICES' ORDERS WILL BE PAID; and further, it is recommended that applications for admission or relief be made to one of the Directors, when convenient to the applicant; otherwise, applications within the County, for admission, shall be made but to one Justice, upon whose order no fee will be paid.

Orders left with the Steward will be promptly executed. ABRAHAM SPANGLER,
ISAAC PFOUTZ,
JACOB MILLER,
Directors.

Attest—D. C. BRINKERHOFF, *Clerk.*
Nov. 12, 1860. 3t

Look!

SEE, AND BEHOLD THE GREAT DOWN-FALL OF PRICES!—H. G. CARR having just returned from the city is selling goods lower than ever—for instance Ladies' fine silk fleecy lined Gauntlets at 62½ cents per pair, Ladies' fine Merino Hose at 37½ cents. Ladies' fine Cassimere Hose at 40 cents, fine white Pocket Handkerchiefs at 8 cents. Gentlemen's fine Cassimere Hose at 28 cents. Gent's all wool country made Hose at 25 cents. Pocket Knives, Combs, Brushes, both hair and clothes, in fact everything belonging to either a Lady's or Gentleman's toilet; and last, but not least, his stock of QUEENSWARE we think can't be beat for style and prices, common teas as low as 18 cents per set, and from that up to 75 cents per set for the very best of Stone China Cups and Saucers and everything else in the Queensware line in proportion.

Come one! Come all! and give me a call. Don't forget the place, in York street, next door to Saupee's bakery. H. G. CARR.

N. B. The subscriber also has constantly on hand a fine assortment of GROCERIES of all kinds—good table Molasses at 14 cents per quart, New York Golden Syrup at 56 cents per gallon. [Nov. 12, 1860.

Photography

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, executed in the best style known in the art, at C. G. CRANE'S GALLERY, 532 Arch Street, East of Sixth, Philadelphia. LIFE SIZE in Oil and Patil, Stereoscopic Portraits, Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c., for Cases, Medallions, Pins, Rings, &c. [Nov. 12, 1860. 1y

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Gettysburg, Nov. 12, 1860.

Arnold Washington	McDowell Robert
Butler H. D. 2	Michael John 2
Biglar Daniel	Munshower Henry
Baldwin A. C.	McCready L. L.
Carroll Mrs.	Miller Joseph
Clark John	Miller Mrs. Catharine
Flagg E. H.	Miller J.
Grove & Schmuck	Miller Jacob
Groft Mrs. Sarah	Prior Asa B. 3
Gaddess Wm. N.	Rush Mrs. Maria
Getty M. C.	Reid Mrs. E.
Geby John	Reed F. O.
Godin George	Shears P.
Gillock R. L.	Scull Edward
Gift Daniel D.	Soamyer Joseph
Hartzell Jacob	Stoltz William
Haller E. J. E.	Seabuex Mrs. Mos
Horner John F.	Sandoe Edmund
Howck William H.	Smith James A. M.
Hafley Miss Sarah	Thomas George W.
Hursh Josiah D.	Tate D. 2
Jacobs Miss Emily	Thompson James
Johnston John	Twomey Edmund
Jobson Ann	Tosh Joseph
Johnson A. C.	Ulrich John
Johns John	Vormold Peter
Knapp E.	Winslow Hiram
Long G. W.	Walker H. S.
Little Miss L. K.	Widensall Robert
Mahon James T.	White John
McCleary R. F.	Weisgerber Charles
Myles Joseph	Ziegler A.
Maloney E. F.	Zanning Ephraim

GEORGE GEYER, *P. M.*

☞Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised.

Genuine Family Liquors.

WM. B. MOREHOUSE & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in BRANDIES, WINES, GINS & SEGARS, beg leave to call the attention of citizens of the United States to their Pure Wines and Liquors, put up under their own supervision, for Family and Medicinal use, in cases assorted to suit customers. Clubs, Military and other public bodies, who require to purchase in large or small quantities, in casks or bottles, will be liberally dealt with. Price List sent on application.

OLD MOREHOUSE BITTERS.—Recommended by the first physicians as the best remedy known for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Debility, and all Nervous Diseases. As a beverage, it is pure, wholesome, and delicious to the taste.—Sold by all Druggists.

WM. B. MOREHOUSE & CO., Prop'rs,
3 & 5 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J.

P. S.—The subscribers wish to engage a few active men, as Local and Traveling Agents for their house, to whom liberal inducements will be offered. For particulars, address as above.
Nov. 5, 1860. 3m

J. Palmer & Co.,

MARKET STREET WHARF, PHILAD'A., Dealers in Fish, Cheese and Provisions, have constantly on hand an assortment of Dried and Pickled Fish, &c., viz: Mackerel, Shad, Salmon, Blue Fish, Herrings, Codfish, Beef, Pork, Lard, Shoulders, Hams, Sides, Cheese, Beans, Rice, &c. [Oct 6, '60. 3m

Bargains!

SELLING OFF AT COST!—A large stock of Goods at the Store of J. C. GUINN & BRO. A large portion of the Goods are just fresh from the City. Also—the Books of said Firm are at my office for settlement—all persons indebted please call without delay.

R. G. McCREARY,
Oct. 29, 1860. 6t Attorney, &c.

Rush to Schick's!

NEW GOODS!—J. L. SCHICK, S. W. corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, respectfully calls the attention of purchasers to his new and splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

His stock is so large and so well arranged to suit town and country trade, that it is impossible to even make mention of his most desirable goods. All he asks is for persons to call and examine his complete stock. They will go away well pleased and soon return for more. He has a full stock of DRESS GOODS, of every description: Plain and figured Merinoes and Cashmeres, all wool Plaids, all wool Delaines, cotton Plaids, plain and figured. Valencias, French Reefs, Arabian Stripes, Velours, Lavellas, Gruevellas and Mous de Lains, all prices. A large stock of Traveling Dress Goods, plain and figured Silks, Flounces. A full and complete stock of Prints constantly on hand.—CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Duster Cloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans; French, English and American Shawls, Plaid and Knitted Shawls for Children—all styles and prices. House-furnishing Goods of every description. A full and complete stock of Notions, Perfumery, Jewelry, Hosiery, Gloves, Gents' and Ladies' Gauntlets, Wool Capes and Hoods, of the very latest styles. Thread and Cotton Edgings, Laces, &c., &c., &c., &c.

ALL COME! No trouble to show Goods.
Oct. 29, 1860.

New Goods! New Goods!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS would respectfully inform the public that they have returned from the Cities with the largest, cheapest and prettiest stock of GOODS ever opened in the County, consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, Domestics, &c., all of which will be offered so low, as to defy competition. ☞Give us a call. *No trouble to show Goods* at the sign of the RED FRONT.

Oct. 22, 1860.

BLANKET SHAWLS, all varieties and prices, at A. SCOTT & SON'S cheap store.

Valuable Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—That DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, one door south of the Post Office, in Gettysburg, with alleys on the north and east, and adjoining Prof. Muhlenberg on the south. It consists of a HALF LOT OF GROUND, with a Two-story Roughcast Dwelling HOUSE, and a large two-story Brick Back-building, thereon; also a well of water in front and a (partnership) well in the rear of the dwelling.

☞This property was for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, and is one of the most desirable in the town for business of any kind. A chance to purchase property so central is rarely offered, and capitalists will find this a rare chance. Apply to JACOB BENNER,
Agent for the Owners.

Nov. 2, 1860. 4t

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 21st of November inst.*, upon the premises, A HALF LOT OF GROUND, fronting on South Baltimore street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, bounded by lots of Misses Rowe and Dr. John Runkle, and having an alley in the rear. The improvements are a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, two-story Brick Back-building, log Stable, with a Carriage-house, Smoke-house, and other out-buildings. There is on the premises an excellent well of water, and also a cistern. Also, a small LOT OF GROUND, in the rear of the above described Lot, and separated from the same by an alley, adjoining lots of Dr. John Runkle, George Shryock, and Daniel K. Snyder.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance given and terms made known by J. L. HILL,
Nov. 5, 1860. ts Testamentary Trustee.

Three Desirable Farms

FOR SALE.—One adjoining, and the other two are 4 miles south of the Borough of Gettysburg. GEO. ARNOLD.
Oct. 29, 1860. tf

Assignee's Notice.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Assignee, under a deed of trust for the benefit of creditors, of JACOB F. REININGER, of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said Assignor, to make immediate payment to the undersigned, residing in said borough, and those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. A. DUNCAN, *Assignee.*

Selling Off!

☞The Assignee will dispose of Mr. Reininger's STOCK OF GOODS by retail, AT REDUCED PRICES and on accommodating terms.
Oct. 22, 1860. 6t

Notice.

JACOB LUTZ'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Lutz, late of Conowago township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB HOSTETTER, *Adm'r.*
Oct. 22, 1860. 6t*

O Yes! O Yes!

THE undersigned offers his services to the public as an Auctioneer and Sale Crier, and solicits a share of patronage from his friends. Charges moderate. Residence in High street, near the Jail. ISAAC LIGHTNER.
Gettysburg, Oct. 29, 1860.

Notice—Pay Up

THE undersigned, being about to remove to Hagerstown, is desirous of having his books settled up with as little delay as possible. For that purpose he gives this public notice that all accounts not settled on or before the first day of December next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

C. R. DURAN, M. D.
Oct. 29, 1860. td

Taxes—Pay Up!

THE unsettled State, County and Military Taxes and Quit Rents of the Borough of Gettysburg for 1857, have been transferred to me by H. G. Carr for collection. All these back-standing taxes must be paid at or before the November Court—otherwise suits will be brought for the same. The Duplicates are in the hands of Esquire COVER, to whom payments must be made. ANDREW POLLEY.
Oct. 29, 1860. 3t

20,000 Pounds

OF PORK WANTED in December next, for which CASH will be paid. Farmers who have the article for sale, will do well by calling and making engagements with the subscriber, at his Flour, Bacon & Grocery Store, in West Middle street, Gettysburg. GEO. LITTLE.
Nov. 2, 1860. 4t

Election.

BANK OF GETTYSBURG, }
Nov. 2, 1860. }

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for Thirteen Directors, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house, on Monday, the 19th day of November.

☞A general meeting of the Stockholders will take place at the same time.
Nov. 2, '60. te T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

Roman Eye Balsam,

FOR INFLAMED EYELIDS, and for the cure of Scrofulous Humors and soreness surrounding or near the Eye. In all diseases of this character it is almost a certain cure. The following extract from a letter just received, refers to one of the many similar cases constantly reported:

JERSEY CITY, Oct. 29th, 1859.

MESSRS. A. B. & D. SANDS—Dear Sirs: I have for a number of years been troubled with sore and inflamed eye lids, which though they never caused me much pain, were very annoying on other accounts. I have tried a number of medicines at different times without the slightest success. Seeing an advertisement of your Roman Eye Balsam, in spite of my scepticism, I resolved to get some, and at least try it. I am now writing this in the fullest gratitude to inform you (I could almost send you a fifty dollar bill) that a few and only a few, applications have resulted in a complete cure.

Respectfully yours,
L. ZABRISKIE.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER JAR.—Will be sent free per Mail to any part of the United States upon receipt of 50 cents in postage stamps.

☞Prepared by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton St., cor. of William, N. Y.
For sale by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 5, 1860. 1m

A New Feature

IN the business of the *Excelsior Sky-light Gallery*. During our last visit to the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, we selected a splendid assortment of STEREOSCOPIC PICTURES, comprising English, French, Venitian, Egyptian, Italian and American Scenery, Statuary Groups, &c. Our prices for pictures will range from 12 to 40 cents apiece. We also have a fine lot of STEREOSCOPIC BOXES, which we offer at reduced prices. The public generally are invited to call and see our large revolving Box, containing 50 pictures, and we insure to all lovers of the Fine Arts a pleasant visit.

We are also prepared to make Stereoscopic Pictures, either Portraits or Views, at reasonable rates. TYSON & BRO.,
Photographers,
April 16, 1860. Gettysburg, Pa.

DO not forget to call at A. SCOTT & SON'S, if you want to buy cheap Dress Goods: such as Cashmeres, De Laines, Printed Merinoes, Coburgs, &c., all of new and fashionable designs.

Valuable Mill Property

AND REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of MICHAEL HENNING, deceased, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., will offer at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 29th day of November inst.*, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described tracts of land with improvements, to wit:

No. 1.—A TRACT OF LAND, situate in said township, containing 10 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a large Three-story GRIST MILL, part stone and part frame, good LOG HOUSE, good Stable, and other necessary out-buildings. The Mill is nearly new, having 2 pair of Burrs, 1 pair of Choppers, and a Corn-drier. The machinery is all good, and in complete order. It is located on Marsh creek, in Carroll's Tract, one of the best grain growing regions in the County. The Water-right will be sold with the Mill.

No. 2.—A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, containing 64 ACRES and 126 Perches, adjoining lands of Henry Biesecker, David Metz, and others. Ten Acres are cleared and under good fencing—the balance is covered with good Rock Oak, Pine and Chesnut Timber.

No. 3.—A TRACT OF WOOD-LAND, situate in Franklin township, containing 24 ACRES and 51 Perches, adjoining Tract No. 1, lands of Levi Pitzer, Henry Biesecker and others. This Tract is well covered with good oak and hickory timber.

Persons wishing to view the Property will call upon either of the undersigned, the first named of which resides within a half mile of the Mill, the other near Heidlersburg.

A pair of good Copper Stills will also be sold at the same time.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JAMES LINN,
GEORGE WALTER,
Nov. 2, 1860. ts *Administrators.*

House and Lot

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Thursday, the 15th day of November inst.*, the following described Property, viz: A LOT OF GROUND, in a high state of cultivation, situated in Oxford township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Simon Slagle, Cyrus Diller, and the Railroad, containing 2¼ Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a half story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE. There is a good LIME-STONE QUARRY on the lot.

☞Sale to commence at 3 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by McCURDY & CRASS.
Nov. 2, 1860. ts

Town Property

FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale their property on the North side of East York street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, bounded by an alley on the West and in the rear, and adjoining lot of Mrs. Susan Smyers on the East, containing one third of an acre, more or less, having a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, a One-story Weatherboarded Dwelling House, Bake-oven, and a Well of Water. The property is convenient to the Railroad.

☞If not sold by *Saturday, the 1st day of December next*, it will then be offered at Public Sale, on the premises.

Persons wishing to purchase will make application to M. & W. McCLEAN, Esqs.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by GEORGE W. CRONISE,
ANNA MARY L. CRONISE.
Oct. 29, 1860. ts

Collectors, Take Notice.

THE Collectors of Taxes for 1859 and previous years, in the different townships of Adams county, are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their duplicates on or before the *19th day of November next*, on which day the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations, &c.

The Collectors of the present year will be required to pay over to the County Treasurer all monies that may be collected by the November Court. JACOB RAFFENSPERGER,
DANIEL GEISELMAN,
JAS. H. MARSHALL,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
Oct. 22, 1860. td

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, *on Monday, the 19th of November next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

221. The first and final account of Dr. Jacob P. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of Caroline M. Martin, deceased.

222. The account of Zachariah Myers, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of Rebecca Smyser, late of the county of St. Joseph, in the State of Indiana, dec'd.

223. The first and final account of Peter K. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of Andrew Smith, deceased.

224. The first and final account of George Swope, Executor of the last will and testament of Henry Swope, deceased.

225. The first and final account of George Swope, Executor of the last will and testament of *Elizabeth Little, late of Gettysburg*, dec'd.

226. The account of Dr. E. F. Shorb, Joseph L. Shorb and Wm. McSherry, Esqs., Executors of the last will and testament of Dr. Joseph A. Shorb, deceased.

227. The account of Wm. McClean, Administrator of the estate of Rebecca Kosht, dec'd.

228. The first and final account of Moses McClean, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Matilda Scanlan, dec'd.

229. The first and final account of Joseph Fleck, Administrator of the estate of Mary Stoner, deceased.

230. The first and final account of Philip Sweney, Executor of the last will and testament of Hugh Sweney, dec'd.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Register.*
Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1860.

Notice.

THE first and final account of Joel B. Danner, Esq., Assignee of Henry S. Minnigh, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court, on the *19th day of November next*, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

Notice.

PETER JOHNS'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Peter Johns, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Gettysburg, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Adm'r.*
Oct. 15, 1860. 6t

Pay Up!

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm name of DANNER & ZIEGLER, Jrs., having been dissolved, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to them, by Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same before the first day of January next, at which time their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Nov. 2, 1860.

Notice.

MARY HILDEBRAND'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Hildebrand, late of Huntington twp., Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB GARDNER, JR., *Ex'r.*
Nov. 2, 1860. 6t

GLOVES, Accordeons, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, &c., together with all kinds of Notions, and Gentlemen's furnishing Goods of every description, to be had at Picking's.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN pursuance of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, *on Saturday, the 17th day of November next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on West York street, Gettysburg, Adams county, adjoining property of David McConaughy, Esq., on the east, and on the west the property of George E. Bringman, on the north by a public alley—on which is erected a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with an attic, a Two-story Brick Back-building, a good Frame Stable, with Frame Shed attached. Wood Shed and Smoke House, a Cistern, Cellar under the front building, also the privilege of a private alley to the back building. Taken in execution as the property of WILLIAM W. PAXTON.

SAMUEL WOLF, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 29, '60.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith, the property will again be put up for sale.

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 17th day of November next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Real Estate of JACOB MUNDORFF, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, consisting of the following described Tracts of Land, all situate in said township, to wit:

NO. 1: THE MANSION TRACT, containing about 141 Acres of land, adjoining Jacob Deardorff, Andrew Hartman, Barnhardt Deardorff, Hezekiah Latshaw, & others, on which are erected a Two-story STONE HOUSE, with a one and a half story building with basement attached. There is a neverfailing well of water near the door, Bank Barn, part stone and part frame, with Sheds, Corn Crib, &c., attached. Also a Log Tenant House and Stable.

LARGE THREE-STORY BRICK GRIST MILL, with three pair of burrs and one pair of choppers—all in complete running order.

A SAW MILL, with water power sufficient at all times; Two-story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE near the Mill, Frame Stable, &c.—This property offers rare inducements to bidders. The Mill is on Marsh Creek, a half mile from the Chambersburg and Gettysburg Turnpike, 5 miles from Gettysburg, 2 miles from Mummasburg, and about the same distance from Cashtown. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been all limed. There is a sufficiency of excellent meadow, and a large body of good Timber-land.

NO. 2: A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 15 Acres and 18 Perches, adjoining lands of Adam Rebert, Jacob Deardorff, Mary M. Brough, and others, divided into three fields, and under good fencing, and having been limed is in a good condition for farming.

NO. 3: A TRACT OF TIMBER-LAND, situate immediately above Hilltown, containing 10 Acres and 133 Perches, more or less, adjoining lands of Solomon Hartman, Peter Shull, and others.

☞Persons wishing to view the property will call upon either of the Administrators, (the first named living near the Mill,) by whom attendance will be given and terms made known.

ADAM REBERT,
CHARLES B. POLLEY,
Administrators.

By the Court—H. G. Wolf, Clerk.

☞If not sold on said day, the Property will be offered for Rent at public outcry.
Oct. 29, 1860. ts

Prof. L. Miller's

HAIR INVIGORATOR.—An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases, causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a fresh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning gray until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to its original hue, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in dressing the hair, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a standard toilet article which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the children's hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a good head of hair, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile of LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y., blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

☞I also desire to present to the American public my NEW AND IMPROVED INSTANTANEOUS LIQUID HAIR DYE which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin—warranted the best article of the kind in existence. PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS. Depot, 56 Dey Street, New York.
Oct. 29, 1860. 1y

Gettysburg

BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM, S. E. Corner of Centre Square.—The public are respectfully requested to bear in mind that at this Store may be found a large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, of the best material.

The subscriber, having just returned from Philadelphia, where he selected with care and upon the best terms, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, his stock is now full and complete and he flatters himself that he can please the most fastidious. Call and examine my stock. Custom made Boots and Shoes always on hand. R. F. McILHENY.
Oct. 28, 1860.

Notice.

THE first and final account of John Herr, Committee of Jacob Lutz, (a lunatic) has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court, on the 19th day of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

Notice.

THE first and final account of Joel B. Danner, Esq., Assignee of Henry S. Minnigh and Ephraim H. Minnigh, doing business as partners under the firm of H. S. & E. H. Minnigh, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court on the 19th day of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superceded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established in 1778.) Sole Proprietors,
No. 19 Broad street, N. Y.

For sale by FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., W. W. & H. SMITH, and all of the prominent Wholesale Druggists in Philadelphia.
Oct. 15, 1860. 1y

Dr. Mott's

CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bedridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSPEPSIA, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant Costiveness.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced to DYSENTERY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects.—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents,
Oct. 15, 1860. 1y 20 Cedar St., N. Y.

Handsome Women.

TO THE LADIES.—HUNT'S "BLOOM OF ROSES." A rich and elegant color for the cheeks or lips. IT WILL NOT WASH OR RUB OFF, and when once applied, remains durable for years. The tint is so rich and natural, that the closest scrutiny fails to detect its use. Can be removed by lemon juice and will not injure the skin. This is a new preparation, used by the celebrated Court Beauties of London and Paris. Mailed free, in bottles, with directions for use, for $1 00.

HUNT'S "COURT TOILET POWDER," imparts a dazzling whiteness to the complexion, and is unlike anything else used for this purpose. Mailed free for 50 Cents.

HUNT'S "BRITISH BALM," removes tan, freckles, sunburn and all eruptions of the skin. Mailed free for 50 Cents.

HUNT'S "IMPERIAL POMADE," for the hair, strengthens and improves its growth, keeps it from falling off, and is warranted to MAKE THE HAIR CURL. Mailed free for $1 00.

HUNT'S "PEARL BEAUTIFIER," for the teeth and gums, cleanses and whitens the teeth, hardens the gums, purifies the breath effectually, PRESERVES THE TEETH AND PREVENTS TOOTHACHE. Mailed free for $1 00.

HUNT'S "BRIDAL WREATH PERFUME," a double extract of orange blossoms and cologne. Mailed free for $1 00. This exquisite perfume was first used by the Princess Royal of England, on her marriage. Messrs. Hunt & Co. presented the Princess with an elegant case of Perfumery, (in which all of the above articles were included) in handsome cut glass with gold stoppers, valued at $1500, particulars of which appeared in the public prints.

All the above articles sent Free, by express, for $5 00. Cash can either accompany the order, or be paid to the express agent on delivery of goods. HUNT & CO.,
Perfumers to the Queen,
Regent St., London, and 17 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

For Sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.
☞The Trade Supplied. [Oct. 15, 1860. 1y

Desirable Home.

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Monday, the 19th day of November next*, the very DESIRABLE PROPERTY he now occupies, situate on the Chambersburg turnpike, in the borough of Gettysburg, adjoining the Theological Seminary grounds. The lot contains 3½ acres, with a two-story Double Roughcast House, Stable, with barn floor, Shop, good young Orchard, well of water, &c., thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by SAMUEL K. FOGLE.
Oct. 15, 1860. [illegible]

PERSONS [illegible] Knives and Forks, Brass [illegible] Table and Tea [illegible] store of [illegible]

Jurors for November.

[illegible]
[illegible] Henry J. Stahle,
Franklin—Samuel Beer, Joseph Bobert.
[illegible]—Solomon Peters.
[illegible]—Frederick Wolf.
[illegible] Francis Bream, James McCullough.
[illegible]—George Oaster.
Latimore—John T. Stitzel, Paul Troup.
Hamilton—Abner Hildebrand, Michael Dellone.
Liberty—John Flohr.
Germany—John Smith.
Union—Amos Lefever.
Oxford—John Klunk.
Mountjoy—David Little.
Reading—Henry Rummel.

GENERAL JURY,
Cumberland—Samuel Hartzell.
Huntington—George Bream.
Reading—John Geiselman.
Oxford—Simon Slagle.
Germany—Henry Rahter, E. F. Shorb.
Hamilton—John Dellone.
Franklin—John Cole, Peter Ketteman.
Latimore—Isaac D. Worley.
Union—Jeremiah Gitt, John Rife.
Straban—John Wortz, Wm. Stallsmith, Jonas Rebert.
Mountpleasant—James Devine, Jacob Lott, (of A.) Joseph Lilly, John Hauptman.
Freedom—Wm. Ross White
Mountjoy—Newton Horner, James Reaver.
Hamiltonban—Jacob Hoke, David Stover, Wm. T. Reed, B. A. Marshall.
Gettysburg—Jacob Troxel.
Butler—Frederick Hartzell, Moses Raffensperger.
Berwick twp.—Henry Bittinger.
Menallen—Conrad Wenner, Michael Hoffman.
Conowago—Joseph Klunk, Simon Harnish.
Tyrone—Daniel Diehl, Leonard Delap.
Oct. 24, 1860.

The Election

IS over, and although every one can't have his wishes entirely satisfied, it becomes us to submit. The next important question for all men, and particularly the people of Adams county, is where to buy the best and cheapest fall and winter Clothing. We unhesitatingly say, at SAMSON'S—*that's the spot*—N. E. corner of the Diamond, in the old County Building.
Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1860.

Notice,

THE undersigned having retired from the Mercantile business, the same will hereafter be continued at the old stand, in Baltimore street, by their sons, Henry B. Danner and Waybright Ziegler, under the name and style of Danner & Ziegler, Jrs., whom we will recommend to, and for whom we would bespeak a liberal share of patronage from old customers, and of the public in general.

Having retired from the Mercantile business it is necessary that our old business should be settled up. We, therefore, notify all those indebted to us either by Judgment, Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same without delay. The books will be found at the old stand. J. B. DANNER.
May 25, 1858. DAVID ZIEGLER.

Stoves,

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE.—SHEADS & BUEHLER, having purchased the stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of George E. Buehler, have opened an establishment in connection with their Stove Ware Room, under the superintendence of G. E. Buehler, and are now prepared to furnish everything in that line at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary ware, they have a large supply of kitchen and house furnishing goods, of every variety, including enamelled and tin Kettles, Pans, &c., for preserving, cooking and frying. Call and see them. Splendid assortment of Stoves and house furnishing goods at their Warehouse, on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.

☞Spouting put up at shortest notice. Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard at the same place.
Nov. 14, 1859. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

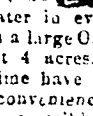
Clothing! Clothing!

JACOB REININGER has just returned from the cities with the prettiest and cheapest lot of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS for Gentlemen's wear ever offered in Gettysburg. He has every variety, style and price of goods. While gentlemen can always find Cloths to suit their tastes they can at the same time have their measures taken and a garment put up to order upon the shortest notice, in the most substantial manner, and fashionable style. To secure bargains and save money go to the Merchant Tailoring Establishment of
JACOB REININGER.
May 7, 1860. Carlisle street.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on very accommodating terms, TWO FARMS.

No. 1, situate in Straban township, Adams county, 3 miles east of Gettysburg, 1 mile from the Railroad, containing 110 Acres, more or less, the improvements on which are a STONE HOUSE, good Bank Barn, and other out-buildings.—About 15 acres are in Meadow, and there is running spring water in every field, which never fails. There is a large Orchard of choice grafted Fruit, about 4 acres. About 2700 or 2800 bushels of Lime have been put upon the farm, and its convenience to the Railroad renders Lime very accessible. There is a due proportion of Timber.



No. 2, situate in Cumberland township, on the Emmitsburg Road, a mile and a half from Gettysburg, containing 145 Acres, more or less, the improvements on which are a new FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, large Brick Barn, and other out-buildings; a well of water at the barn, and one at the house. About 22 acres are in Meadow. There is a due proportion of Timber. About 3,000 bushels of Lime have been put upon the Farm.

☞The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.
PETER TROSTLE.
Sept. 3, 1860. tf

Norbeck & Martin

HAVE just received from the city the largest stock of GROCERIES they have ever offered to the public—Sugars, Syrups, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Cheese, Fish, Salt, Spices, &c., &c., embracing all varieties, at all prices, the lowest the market will afford. Also Brooms, Brushes, and Notions; Tar, Oils, Candles, &c., in short, everything to be found in a first class Grocery and Variety Store.

The Flour and Feed business is continued with a steady increase. The highest market prices paid and the smallest profits asked. The public are invited to give us a call and see for themselves. NORBECK & MARTIN,
Corner of Baltimore and High streets.
May 21, 1860.

"Wide Awake" Meetings

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK, AT THE "BLUES' HALL," and every day between the hours of 7 A. M. and 6½ P. M., at the south west corner of the Diamond, in George Arnold's Clothing Store, he having just returned from the city with a superior stock of Black, Olive and Brown Cloths, for Over and Dress Coats, the best selection of Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Coburg Valencias, Solferinos, Mous. Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Sheeting and Bagging, all of plain or neat fashionable figures; in a word, the styles are just the "*Agony*" for the times, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

☞—Ready Made Clothing in every variety, [illegible] and size. If we cannot fit you, W. T. King, who never misses a fit, will take your measure and make you a garment on the shortest notice.
Oct. 6, 1860.

Ladies,

[illegible] Fahnestocks, you will find the [illegible] DRESS GOODS in town, De[illegible], Figured Merinoes, Coburg, [illegible] all Wool, as low as 25 cents a yard. [illegible]
FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

[illegible]
SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, Gettys[illegible]
[illegible] Gum Sleeve [illegible] G. CARR & [illegible]

Groceries, [illegible], &c.

THE undersigned has opened a Grocery and Notion Store, in Baltimore street, nearly opposite the Court House, Gettysburg, where the public will constantly find, selling cheap as the cheapest, SUGARS, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Cheese, Spices of all kinds, Mackerel, Chocolate, Brooms and Brushes; Fresh Butter and Eggs, Ground Coffee, Essence of Coffee, Scotch Herring, Candles, Soaps, Salt; Tobacco, Segars, Snuff; Confections, all kinds of Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Bread, Crackers, Cakes of different kinds; Shoe and Stove Polish; Fancy Goods, Muslins, Ginghams, Cotton Bats, Wadding, Hosiery Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Pins, Needles, Clothes Pins, Buttons, with Notions of all kinds. A share of the public's patronage is respectfully solicited.
LYDIA C. NORBECK.
May 21, 1860. 6m

Wilcox & Gibb's

SEWING MACHINE.

The great and increasing demand for this remarkably simple machine is a guarantee of its superior excellence.

PRICE $30 00.

For Sale at
FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSE,
715 Chesnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Sept. 17, 1860. 3m

Tinning! Tinning!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has opened a new Tinning establishment, in Chambersburg street, directly opposite Christ Church. He will manufacture, and keep constantly on hand, every variety of TIN-WARE, PRESSED and JAPAN-WARE, and will always be *ready to do REPAIRING.* ROOFING and SPOUTING also done in the best manner. Prices moderate, and no effort spared to render full satisfaction. A share of the public's patronage is solicited.
A. P. BAUGHER.
Gettysburg, June 18, 1860. 1y

Merchant Tailoring.

GEORGE ARNOLD has procured the services of W. T. KING, and has commenced the above business, and will carry it on in all its various branches, and has connected himself with the store of Mr. George Arnold, where there will be constantly kept on hand a large stock of cheap Cloths, Over-coatings, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, *Vestings*, and *Trimmings* of every kind. Work done in the very best manner, and in city style on short notice. Custom work and cutting out solicited when goods are purchased elsewhere. The shop is in connection with Mr. Arnold's store, where Mr. King can always be found during business hours.

☞Give us a call. [Sept. 17, '60. 2m

Fall Trade 1860.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTH.
JOSEPH VICTORY,
145 Lexington st., 3 doors West of Howard,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

Informs his customers and purchasers generally, that his stock of Carpets, Oil Cloth, Mattings, &c., is now complete, consisting of Brussels Carpet, Velvet, Three-ply, Ingrain and Venetian: Carpets of every style and price. Oil Cloth from 1 to 8 yards wide. Matting, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c., Rag Carpets of our own make, constantly on hand, all of which will be sold at the very lowest rates.
JOSEPH VICTORY,
145 Lexington Street,
Sept. 24, '60. 3m Baltimore, Md.

Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends, will avail *themselves of this season of the year* to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.
PETER THORN,
March 12, '60. Keeper of the Cemetery.

Still at Work!

COACHMAKING AND BLACKSMITHING.—The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he continues the Coachmaking and Blacksmithing business in every branch at his establishment in Chambersburg street. He has on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, *Spring Wagons*, &c., of the best material, and made by superior workmen. ☞REPAIRING and BLACKSMITHING of all kinds done at reasonable rates, promptly and to the satisfaction of customers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work at market prices.

☞Persons desiring articles or work in the Coachmaking or Blacksmithing line, are respectfully invited to call on
JOHN L. HOLTZWORTH.
Gettysburg, Jan. 24, '59.

An Invention

THAT is not a humbug, may be seen at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER—a Patent Washing Machine, about the utility of which there can be no mistake. It is undoubtedly the best Washing Machine that has ever been invented. It must speak for itself.—Township rights for sale on reasonable terms. Machines also for sale. Call and see it.
May 7, 1860.

Sixpence a Day,

ENOUGH FOR A FORTUNE.—A London paper states:—There is now in an Almshouse at Bristol an old man who states, that for sixty years he spent sixpence *a day in* drink, but was never intoxicated. How much would this *sixpence a-day* put by every year at five per cent. compound interest amount to in sixty years? enquired a thoughtful neighbor. Putting down the first year's saving (365 sixpences) equal to $13 54 he added the interest, and this went on, year by year, until he found that in the 60th year, the sixpence a day reached the startling sum of $14,336 28. Judge of the old man's surprise, when told that by saving his sixpence a day, and depositing it in a Savings Institution he might now, at the end of 60 years, have been worth that noble sum $14,336 28, which would have bought him a fine farm, or town mansion, and surrounded him with comforts and luxuries, and left a handsome estate to his children after him. He had, and hundreds now in our midst have, but to deposit sixpence a day in the FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF ADAMS COUNTY, to accomplish this result.
Gettysburg, July 23, 1860.

More New Goods

AT the Sign of the *BIG BOOT*, in Chambersburg street. We have just received a large stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Buggy Harness, Collars, Whips, &c., and are determined to sell at the lowest prices possible for cash.—Call and judge for yourselves.
July 23, 1860. COBEAN & CULP.

New Livery

ESTABLISHMENT.—The subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLES of CHAS. M. TATE, deceased, on Chambersburg street, a few doors west of the Eagle Hotel, he respectfully announces to the public that it is his intention to continue the business at the same place, and will be prepared to accommodate all with anything in his line, *on reasonable terms. Horses, Buggies, Coaches, Hacks, &c.,* always in readiness. Give me a call.

☞Also, in connection with my Livery, I will carry on the Blacksmithing business in all its branches at the shop on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, where those wishing anything in that line can always be accommodated. SAMUEL HERBST.
July 23, 1860.

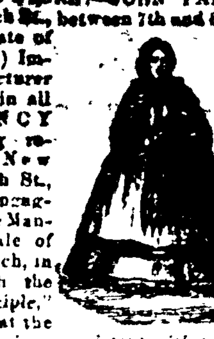
Removal.

THE subscriber has removed his Plough and Machine Shop from the Foundry building to Railroad street, opposite Tate's Blacksmith shop, back of the Eagle Hotel, where he is better prepared than ever to attend to customers. Ploughs always on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, and Machines, Reapers, &c., repaired. Also he will attend to cleaning and repairing Clocks. DAVID WARREN.
May 14.

[illegible] do not believe it, try them and convince [illegible], that TYSON'S PICTURES are [illegible] in the country.—Gallery N. E. cor. of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

QUEENSWARE.—A new supply just received at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Ladies, One Price



FANCY FUR STORE!—JOHN FAREIRA, No. 718 Arch St., between 7th and 8th Sts., Philadelphia, (late of 818 Market St.,) Importer, Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS. Having removed to my New Store, 718 Arch St., and being now engaged entirely in the Manufacture and Sale of Fancy Furs, which, in accordance with the "*One Price Principle*," I have marked at the lowest possible prices consistent with a reasonable profit. I would solicit a visit from those in want of Furs for either Ladies' or Childrens' Wear, and an inspection of my selection of those goods satisfied, as I am, of my ability to please in every desired essential.

☞Persons at a distance, who may find it inconvenient to call personally, need only name the article they wish, together with the price, and instructions for sending, and forward the order to my address—money accompanying—to insure a satisfactory compliance with their wishes. [Sept. 3, 1860. 3m

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
WM. B. MEALS.
Gettysburg, March 21, 1859.

Globe Inn,

MECHANICSTOWN, Frederick county, Md.—Having been renovated and re-furnished, the proprietor assures the public that a call is only needed, as he guarantees full satisfaction in every case. Charges moderate.
HENRY HERR, Proprietor.
Feb. 14, 1859. tf

Madame Schwend's

INFALLIBLE POWDERS, for the speedy and effectual Cure of *all Inflammations*, Fevers, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Piles, Gravel, and all Acute and Chronic Diseases of ADULTS and CHILDREN. Send 3 cent Stamp to her Agent G. B. JONES.
Box 2070 Philad'a, P. O.
Hundreds of testimonials. Agency—S. W. Cor. Third & Arch Sts. [Oct. 6, '60. 10t

To the Public.

THE undersigned, having disposed of his News Store to Mr. JOSEPH BROADHEAD, intends to discontinue the business; and whilst he feels indebted to the public for the liberal patronage extended to him, he would cordially recommend all his old customers to Mr. Broadhead, who will always be prepared to accommodate them with anything in his line.
CHARLES LINDERMAN.
Aug. 27, 1860.

Notice.

HAVING purchased the News Store of Mr. LINDERMAN, it is my purpose to continue the business on a more extensive scale than heretofore. Daily city papers, and all the popular magazines and periodicals of the day, always on hand. JOSEPH BROADHEAD.
Aug. 27, 1860. tf

Watches, Jewelry

AND SILVER-WARE.—We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have now in Store and offer WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at the lowest Cash Prices a large and very choice stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, of every variety and style.

Every description of Diamond Work and other Jewelry made to order, at short notice.—☞All goods warranted to be as represented.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Repairing Watches and Jewelry, of every description.
STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market St., South Side, Philad'a.
Sept. 3, 1860. 3m

The Only Preparation

THAT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, AND GROWS MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY!—And testimonials, new, and almost without number, might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

Prof. Wood:—Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by a complicated chronic disease, attended with an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair thick and black, though short, it is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"the reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless."

Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

Ligonier, Noble co., Indiana, Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir:—In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray, so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but, receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars' worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect. Very respectfully, yours,
A. M. LATTA,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Depot, 444 Broadway, and sold by all dealers throughout the world.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. [Sept. 17, 1860. 3m

TYSON & BRO. are continually turning out handsome colored Photographs from small pictures. Bring on your "tin-types" and let us make something worthy a place on your parlor wall. Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg.

CARPETS, Druggets, Oil Carpets, handsome and cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

A Rare Chance

FOR CAPITALISTS.—*Desirable Hotel Property for Sale.*—THE EAGLE HOTEL, GETTYSBURG, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Tuesday, the 20th day of November next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

This is the largest and most desirable Property in the place, being a large and extensive THREE-STORY FRONT & BACK-BUILDING, with a Basement and Attic, all finished from attic to basement in the best manner, having been lately renewed and enlarged, so as to accommodate a large number of persons in the handsomest and most comfortable manner. There is an abundance of water, hydrant, two wells, and a cistern.—There is an Ice-house, Wash-house, Smoke-house, Wood-shed, and all other necessary Out-buildings. There is sufficient Stabling for 100 horses. The House is furnished with Gas in all the principal apartments.

This Hotel has been doing a most extensive business having its reputation highly established, and is known far and near as a most comfortable place of sojourn, and its possession is worthy of public attention.

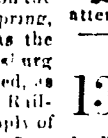
The terms will be made known on the day of sale by
HARVEY D. SWEENEY,
GEORGE THRONE,
ALEXANDER COBEAN,
Committee of Stockholders.

☞This place is the termination of the Railroad, by which there is a direct communication twice a day with all the Eastern Cities and the Great West.

☞If not sold on said day, it will be Rented.
Oct. 15, 1860. ts

A Good Home.

ROSSGARLAND FOR SALE.—A FARM, containing about 283 Acres, situated in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, adjoining the property well known as the "Orr Farm;" about one-half of this farm is of same quality *as Orr's land. The meadows are large and* good soil, can be made to produce very large *crops of Hay, a product for which there is now* a constant good market; about 90 acres are in timber, much of it of the best kinds, including Locust and Walnut. It is supposed the most valuable Poplar timber in the county is on this property and within ¼ of a mile of a good Saw-mill. A young Apple Orchard, containing 200 trees of choice selected fruit planted 2 or 3 years ago. A young Peach Orchard of 100 trees of best kinds selected. These Orchards, when in full bearing, will add greatly to the value of the property, as the quality of Adams county fruit is known and held in great esteem in the cities. Numerous Springs on the farm, one of which is a large Sulpher Spring, that may become of great value as soon as the Gettysburg and Waynesboro', or Gettysburg and Chambersburg Railroads are finished, as the property is within one mile of these Railroads; and by these roads a constant supply of Franklin county lime may be had cheaply, so as to improve the land to any degree of fertility desired.—There is a *HOUSE and good* substantial Barn on the farm.

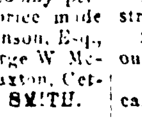


Also, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, in same township, adjoining lands of T. Stevens, and others, containing about 35 Acres.

☞The property will be shown to any person wishing to purchase and the price made known on application to Isaac Robinson, Esq., Fairfield; Robert G. McCreary, George W. McClellan, Esqs., and Col. James D. Paxton, Gettysburg. ISAAC B. SMITH.
Sept. 17, 1860.

Farm for Sale.

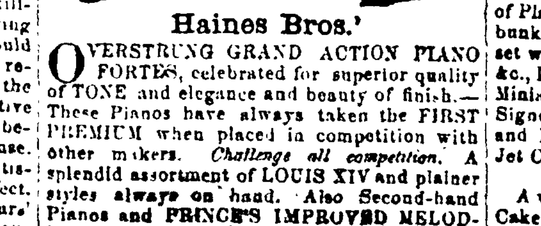
THE subscriber will sell his FARM, situated in Franklin township, Adams county, 2 miles west of Cashtown, on the Miller-town road. The Farm contains 75 ACRES—50 acres clear. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been limed. There are all kinds of fruit—a thriving young Orchard of choice grafted fruit; also peaches, pears and plums of the best kinds. The buildings are a one and a half story STONE HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, a Cooper Shop, &c. The farm is in good order, and cannot be beat for raising potatoes. I calculate on raising five hundred bushels this year. A never-failing spring of water at the door.



SAMUEL BINGAMAN.
Oct. 1, 1860.

New Firm—New Goods.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the HARDWARE & GROCERY business, at the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, in Baltimore street, under the name, style and firm of DANNER & ZIEGLER, JRS., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the old firm, as well as any quantity of new custom. They have just returned from the cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting in part of *Building Materials*, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, &c. Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chissels, Gouges, Braces and Bitts, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers, &c. Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vices, Rasps, Files, Horse Shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, &c., with them, very cheap. Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvass, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles, Hobbs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, &c. Shoe Findings, Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot Trees, &c., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's tools. Cabinet Maker's Tools, a general assortment—also Varnish, Knobs, &c. HOUSEKEEPERS will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Brittannia, Albata and Silver-plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candle-sticks, Waiters, Shovel and Tongs, Sad Irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Churns, Carpeting, &c. Also, a general assortment of forged and rolled IRON of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. GROCERIES, a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverised, Clarified and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West India and Sugar House Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, Fine, Coarse and Dairy Salt, Lin-seed, Fish and Sperm Oil; Turpentine, Fish, &c.; a full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil; also Fire-proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, Housekeeping, Blacksmith, Cabinet Maker's, Painter's, Glazier's, and Grocery line, all of which they are determined to sell as low for CASH as any house out of the city.
HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24, 1858.



Haines Bros.'

OVERSTRUNG GRAND ACTION PIANO FORTES, celebrated for superior quality of TONE and elegance and beauty of finish.—These Pianos have always taken the FIRST PREMIUM when placed in competition with other makers. *Challenge all competition.* A splendid assortment of LOUIS XIV and plainer styles always on hand. Also Second-hand Pianos and PRINCE'S IMPROVED MELODEONS from $45 to $350.

☞Every Instrument Warranted.
GEO. L. WALKER'S
Piano and Melodeon Depot,
S. E. Cor. 7th & Arch Sts., Philad'a.
Aug. 6, 1860. 6m

Notice

TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS.—We have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse, on the corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive produce of all kinds, viz: FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c. Also, on hand and for sale, Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c. A large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugars, Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Oils, Rice, Teas, Spices of all kinds, Cedar-ware, &c., &c., which we do not hesitate to say, we will sell at low as can be bought elsewhere, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well by calling to see and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits."

We would also call the attention of all interested in the thrifty and healthful condition of their Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c., to the fact that we have for sale Breinig, Fronefield & Co.'s Celebrated Vegetable CATTLE POWDER, of which we have sold from 1500 to 2000 pounds per annum to Farmers and Storekeepers.
KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1860.

Baltimore Adv'ts.

A. Mathiot & Son's

SOFA AND FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street, Baltimore, (near Fayette st.,) extending from Gay to Frederick st.—the largest establishment of the kind in the Union. Always on hand a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, embracing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Wardrobes, Mattresses of Husk, Cotton and Hair, Spring Beds, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Arm Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Etageres, Marble Tables, Settees, Reception and Upholstered Chairs, ASSORTED COLORS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE, Wood Chairs, Office Chairs, Barber Chairs, Cribs and Cradles, Hat Racks, Hall Furniture, Gilt and Walnut Frame Looking Glasses, Sideboards, Extension Tables, of every length.

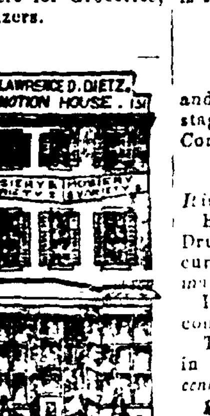
Persons disposed to purchase are invited to call and give our stock an examination, which for variety and quality of workmanship is not equalled by any establishment in the country.
A. MATHIOT & SON,
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street.
Aug. 6 1860. 1y

James H. Bosley,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 124 and 126 North Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

I am prepared to receive and sell on Commission all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Having an experience of ten years in the Commission business, (and wishing to continue that alone,) I flatter myself that I shall be able to give SATISFACTION to all who favor me with consignments. Will also attend to filling orders for Groceries, Guano, and all kinds of Fertilizers.
Feb. 6, '60. 1y

Fancy Goods.



FANCY GOODS,
HOSIERY,
TRIMMINGS,
AND TOYS,
Wholesale and Retail, as *Cheap as any place* in Baltimore.
151 FRANKLIN STREET,
BALTIMORE.
☞Orders promptly attended to. June 18, 1860. 1y

Ladd, Webster & Co.,

131 BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE, MD., Manufacturers of Improved Tight-stitch SEWING MACHINES, for Families and Manufacturing Establishments. Let Manufacturers, Planters, Farmers, Housekeepers, or any other persons in search of an instrument to execute any kind of Sewing now done by machinery, make sure they secure the best, by examining ours before purchasing.

☞Samples of Work sent by mail.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A GOOD SEWING MACHINE?

1. It should be well made, simple in its construction, and easily kept in order.
2. It should make a TIGHT LOCK-STITCH, alike on both sides of the material.
3. It should sew any and all materials that can be sewed.
4. It should be able to use Cotton, Thread, or Silk, directly *from the spool.*
5. It should be able to sew from coarse to fine, and *from thick to thin,* with rapidity, and without changing the tension.
6. It should be able to make the tension greater or less, on both the under and upper threads, and with uniformity.
7. It should have a *straight needle; curved* ones are liable to break.
8. The *needle should have perpendicular* motion. This is absolutely necessary for heavy work.
9. It should be capable of taking in the largest pieces of work.
10. It should be able to bind with a binder, hem with a hemmer; should stitch, fell, run and gather.
11. It should be always ready to work.
12. It should be capable of using the same size of thread on both sides of the work, and of using different colored thread or silk, above or below, to correspond with any two colors of cloth to be united.
13. It should be able to make a long or short stitch.
14. It should be able to *fasten off* the seam, and commence sewing tightly at the first stitch.
15. It should run easily and make but little noise.
16. It should have a wheel feed; none others are in constant contact with the work.
17. It should not be liable to get out of order.
18. It should not be liable to break the thread, nor skip stitches.
19. It should not be necessary to use a screw-driver or wrench to set the needle.
20. It should not be liable to oil the operator's dress.
21. It should not form a ridge on the under side, nor ravel out, nor be wasteful of thread, as is the case with ALL CHAIN-STITCH machines.
22. It should not be "more trouble than it is worth."
23. Finale, all of these advantages are possessed by our Sewing Machine.

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.
Dec. 5, 1859. 1y

Baltimore Commercial College

FOUNDED 1852. Chartered 1854. Located COR. OF BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., BALTIMORE, MD.—The Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished & Popular Commercial College in the United States. Designed expressly for Young Men desiring to obtain a THOROUGH PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION in the shortest possible time and at the least expense.

A Large and Beautifully Ornamented Circular, containing upwards of SIX SQUARE FEET, with SPECIMENS OF PENMANSHIP, and a Large Engraving (the finest of the kind ever made in this country) representing the Interior View of the College, with Catalogue stating terms, &c., will be sent to Every Young Man on application, FREE OF CHARGE. Write immediately and you will receive the package by return mail.
Address, E. K. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md.
Feb. 6, 1860. 1y

Now & Rich

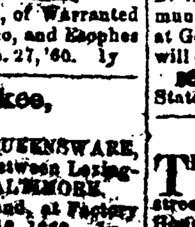
JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER Gold and Silversmith, No. 10 NORTH GAY STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., has in store a beautiful assortment *of styles and patterns of* RICH JEWELRY, suitable for presents, embracing a great variety of Plain Gold and Sett Broaches, Mosaics, Carbunkles, &c., Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Finger Rings set with Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Opal, Emerald, &c., Ladies' Gold Chains, Vest & Guard Chains, Miniature Lockets, Gold Thimbles, Cuff Pins; Signet, Chased and Plain Gold Rings; Pencils and Pens, Sleeve Buttons and Studs, Gold and Jet Crosses, Jet Bracelets, Pins & Ear Rings, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of Silver Mounted & Plated Castors, Cake Baskets, Waiters, Candlesticks, Butter and Salt Stands, Pearl Handle Desert Knives, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, Fancy Articles, &c., all of which is respectfully offered on the lowest terms.

☞The Country Trade and Dealers generally are invited to give me a call, and examine Goods and Prices, being satisfied that my SILVER WARE cannot be surpassed either for fineness or quality, or the latest and most beautiful patterns. [Feb. 27 1860. 1y

Burr Mill Stones



WARRANTED.—B. F. STARR & CO., *Cor. of North and Centre Streets,* opposite N. C. R. R. Station, BALTIMORE, MD. Manufacturers of FRENCH BURRS, Importers and Dealers in Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloths, Leather and Gum Beltings, Calcined Plaster, and Mill Irons, of Warranted Quality. Also, Cologne, Cocalico, and Esopus Mill Stones of all sizes. [Feb. 27, '60. 1y

George M. Bokee,

IMPORTER and Dealer in CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, No. 41 North Howard Street, between Lexington and Fayette Streets, BALTIMORE. STONEWARE always on hand, at Factory prices. June 18, 1860. 1y

A LARGE lot of Crockery and Queensware for sale by NORBECK & MARTIN.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Jacob King, Andrew Heintzelman.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, R. M'Curdy, Thos. A. Marshall, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. B. Wilson, M. Eichelberger, Abdiel F. Gitt, John Wolford, H. A. Picking, Abel T. Wright, John Horner, R. G. McCreary, S. R. Russell, D. M'Creary, Andrew Polley, John Picking, J. R. Hersh.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment,* having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.
Sept. 27, 1858.

Dr. Esenwein's

TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA
PECTORAL,
is the best Medicine in the world for the Cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Diptheria, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages of Consumption, together with all Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and which predispose to Consumption.

It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of Asthma.

Being prepared by a practical Physician and Druggist, and one of great experience in the cure of the various diseases to which the human frame is liable.

It is offered to the afflicted with the greatest confidence.

Try it and be convinced that it is invaluable in the cure of Bronchial affections. *Price 50 cents per bottle.*

☞Prepared only by
DR. A. ESENWEIN & CO.,
Druggists and Chemists,
N. W. cor. Ninth & Poplar Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

☞Sold by every respectable Druggist and Dealer in Medicines throughout the State.
April 2, 1860. 1y

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber, having purchased the Foundry of Messrs. Zorbaugh, Sloat & Co., (formerly Warrens' Foundry,) has commenced business, and is now prepared to offer to the public a larger assortment of Machinery than has heretofore been offered, such as THRESHING MACHINES, Clover Hullers, Fodders Cutters, Corn Shellers, and Morgan's late improved Horse Rake. Also, STOVES, such as Cook Stoves, three different kinds; and five different sizes of Ten-plate Stoves. Likewise Mill and Saw-mill Castings, and all kinds of Turning in Iron or Wood.

☞REPAIRING of all kinds on *Machinery* and Castings will be done to order on short notice. Patterns made to order; Plough Castings ready made; PLOUGHS, such as Seyler, Witherow, Plocher, Woodcock, and many others not mentioned here; and eight different kinds of IRON FENCING, for Cemeteries, Porches or Yards.

Also, Mortising Machines, one of the best now in use. *This machine works with a lever* by hand; any little boy can manage it.

Call and examine our stock; no doubt but what we can please. Persons ought to see it their advantage to buy machinery of any kind at home, where it is manufactured, so that they can very easily get any part replaced or repaired.
DAVID STERNER.
Gettysburg, Feb. 13, 1860.

Cannon & Adair's

NEW MARBLE WORKS, corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg.—*Having recently arrived from Philadelphia,* and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish MONUMENTS, TOMBS AND HEADSTONES, MARBLE MANTLES, SLABS for Cabinet-makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has *suggested* is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that erectness of position given at the completion of a job, and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.
Nov. 28, 1859. tf

Grain! Grain!

THE subscriber still continues purchasing all kinds of PRODUCE, at his old stand on Chambersburg street, viz:—FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, SEEDS, &c., for which the highest market prices will be given.

☞I will also continue my GROCERY and VARIETY STORE, and will keep constantly on hand Groceries, Salt, Oil, Fish, Cedar-ware, Dry Goods, Confections, Plaster, Guano, &c.—The public are invited to call, as I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest.
JOHN SCOTT.
Gettysburg, Aug. 6 1860.

Something New

IN GETTYSBURG.—The undersigned informs the citizens of the town and county, that he has commenced the BAKING business, on a large scale, in York street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Wattles's Hotel, where he will try to deserve, and hopes to receive, a liberal patronage. BREAD, ROLLS, CAKES, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c., &c., baked every day, (Sundays excepted,) all of the best quality, and sold at the lowest living profits. Cracker-baking in all its branches is largely carried on, and orders to any amount, from this and adjoining counties, supplied at the shortest notice. Having erected a large and commodious bake-house and secured the *best workmen* and the *most* approved machinery, he is prepared to do a heavy business.
VALENTINE SAUPEE.
July 25, 1859.

Removal.

NEW SALOON.—GEO. F. ECKENRODE has removed his Oyster establishment to the splendid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building, on the North side of Chambersburg street, where he will at all times be prepared to serve up the best of OYSTERS, in every style. By keeping a good article, he expects to receive a liberal share of public patronage. TURTLE SOUP, CHICKEN, BEEF TONGUE, PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE CREAM, BIRDS, &c., in their season. A nice glass of ALE or LAGER can always be had.—Come and try me. G. F. ECKENRODE.
April 2, 1860.

A Chance

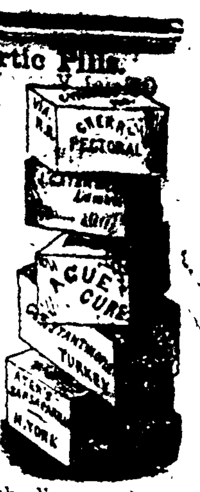
FOR A SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.—WARREN'S PATENT Corn Planter, patented by D. Warren. *This is an agricultural implement* which on account of its durability, simplicity and cheapness, will be generally adopted by Farmers. With it one man can do the work of three. Before a patent was procured it was thoroughly tested by a number of Farmers and in every instance gave perfect satisfaction. State, County and Township Rights for sale. Enterprising men can realize handsome profits by purchasing States or Counties and canvassing. Apply personally to D. Warren and George E. Bringman. Communications addressed to GEORGE E. BRINGMAN, at Gettysburg, Pa., containing postage stamp, will receive attention.

☞Agents wanted in every County and State. [July 9, 1860. tf

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his HOUSE AND LOT, on High [illegible] street, adjoining Solomon Powers. The House is a two-story brick, [illegible] back-building, and a well of water. [illegible]
DAN'L F. PITZENTURF.
July 13, 1859. tf

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.



ARE you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

Dr. Ayer: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

AS A FAMILY PHYSIC.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

HEADACHE, SICK HEADACHE, FOUL STOMACH.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Ayer: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 1, 1855.

Dr. J. C. Ayer—Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. Yours with great respect,
ED. W. PREBLE, Clk of Steamer Clarion.

BILIOUS DISORDERS—LIVER COMPLAINTS.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb. 1856.

Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours,
ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, RELAX, WORMS.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. The alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

DYSPEPSIA, IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

Dr. Ayer: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

Warsaw, Wyoming co., N. Y., Oct. 24, '55.

Dear Sir: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

CONSTIPATION, COSTIVENESS, SUPPRESSION, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, DROPSY, PARALYSIS, FITS, ETC.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, '56.

Honored Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism.—Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

Senate Chamber, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. '55.

Dr. Ayer: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.
VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

☞Sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; F. Boblitz, Arendtsville; Paxton & McCreary, Fairfield; P. A. Myers, New Chester; M. Stauffer, New Oxford; E. Hiteshew, York Springs; and dealers generally.
Sept. 3, 1860. 1yeow

Cancer Institute.

AFTER many years of successful practice, DR. KELLING still desires to do good to the afflicted. He continues to cure all kinds of CANCERS, TUMORS, WENS, SCROFULA or KING'S EVIL, SORES, &c., if curable, without cutting or poison. He does not confine himself merely to the cure of the above diseases, but will treat all others with success.—Patients will be visited, if desired, at reasonable distance. Persons desiring to visit Dr. K. will please stop at the Railroad Hotel in Mechanicsburg, where they will be directed to his residence. For all particulars [illegible] plainly. [illegible] Address Dr. [illegible] Mechanicsburg, Cumberland co., [illegible]
Dec. 17, 1860. [illegible]

[illegible] Gallery.

THE COMPILER.

A Democratic, News and Family Journal.

By H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

43RD YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, NOV. 12, 1860. NO. 6.

TERMS:

The COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1 75 per annum if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment—"COMPILER" on the sign.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will attend to collections and all other business intrusted to his care with promptness. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. McClellan, Esq.)
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859. tf

Wm. B. McClellan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in West Middle street, one door west of the new Court House.
Gettysburg, Nov. 14, 1859.

A. J. Cover,

ATTORNEY AT LAW will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Fahnestocks and Danner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859.

Wm. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. [Oct. 3, 1859. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

J. J. Herron,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.—Office on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock Brothers' Store.
Gettysburg, Oct. 1, 1859. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C., also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Dr. A. W. Dorsey,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his Profession. Office and residence Baltimore street, next door to The Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

REFERENCES.
Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore, Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, " "
Jacob Reese, Esq., " "
John K. Longwell, Esq., " "
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., " "
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 24, 1859. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stoever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

New Fall and Winter

CLOTHING for Men and Boys, with every article of wearing apparel in that line, together with Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Sacks, Double Barrel Guns and Pistols, Revolvers, and a splendid article of the improved and celebrated Colts Revolver, with all the necessary fixtures to it. Buffalo Robes and Over Shoes, India Rubber Over Coats and Leggings, Hosiery, &c. Guitars, Fiddles, Flutes and Fifes, Jewelry and Watches, together with many other useful articles, all of which will sold VERY CHEAP. You ask where? Why at SAMSON'S, where every one can buy good and cheap goods. *That's the spot.* Old County Building, N. E. Corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1860.

Lime Factory

IN GETTYSBURG!—ATTENTION FARMERS!—The undersigned would most respectfully inform the public in general, and the farming community in particular, that they have erected two spacious LIME KILNS at the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, and are now burning and will continue to burn, large quantities of the BEST LIME, which they will dispose of at the lowest living rates. Farmers and others are invited to give them a call. By supplying a good article, which they expect always to do, they cannot fail to give satisfaction.
McCURDY & CRASS.
Aug. 20, 1860. tf

Furs! Furs! Furs!

LADIES' FANCY FUR EMPORIUM.—FAREIRA & THOMPSON, Old Stand No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, south side, Philadelphia. We beg leave to call the attention of the Ladies, to our large and varied stock of LADIES & CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS.

Having had great experience and enjoying peculiar facilities in the selection of Furs, we confidently offer our new stock to the inspection of the ladies, feeling assured that they will decide with us, in its being unrivalled for beauty and variety, consisting as it does, of every description of American and European Furs, manufactured in the latest and most approved styles. Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Cloaks, Muffs, Cuffs—embracing Sable, Mink, Stone Martin, German Fitch, Siberian Squirrel, French Sable, French Squirrel, American Fitch, and Silver Martin.

☞ Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we hope to merit a continuance of the same, by furnishing a good article at the lowest Cash prices.
FAREIRA & THOMPSON,
No. 818 Market street, Philadelphia.
N. B.—OLD FURS altered to fashionable styles. [Oct. 6, 1860. 3m

Merchants' Hotel,

46 NORTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
C. M'Kibbin & Son, Proprietors.
April 2, 1860. 1y*

Second Arrival

THIS FALL.—*Larger Stock than Ever!*—JACOBS & BRO. have just received their second purchase of Fall and Winter Goods, which they offer cheaper than ever, having bought at the most favorable rates. They ask the public to call in and see their large assortment, convinced that every taste can be gratified. Their CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, Cassinets, Cords, Jeans, &c., cannot be excelled for variety, and then the low prices at which they are offered are really astonishing. Goods made up at the shortest notice, in the latest styles, and at as reasonable rates as can be expected. Their establishment is in Chambersburg street, a few doors below Buehler's Drug Store. [Oct. 15, 1860.

CALL at TYSON & BRO'S gallery of Photography and examine their specimens of fine Art, Gettysburg, Pa.

IF you want to buy the finest and best fitting Ladies' Gaiters, Ladies Mor. Boots, Gents' fine calf Boots, Infants' and Youths' Shoes, call at McILHENY'S.

A LARGE variety of fancy and plain Oval Gilded Frames always on hand at the Excelsior Gallery. TYSON & BRO.

POET'S CORNER.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

How wondrous are the changes, Jim,
Since twenty years ago
When gals wore woolen dresses, Jim,
And boys wore pants of tow—
When shoes were made of calf-skin,
And socks of homespun wool,
And children did a half day's work
Before the hour of school!

When girls took music lessons, Jim,
Upon the spinning wheel;
And practiced late and early, Jim,
Upon the "doubling" reel,
The boys would ride bareback to mill,
A dozen miles or so,
And hurry off before 'twas day,
Some twenty years ago.

Then people rode to meeting, Jim,
In sleds, instead of sleighs,
And wagons rode as easy, Jim,
As buggies now-a-days,
And oxen answered well for teams,
Though now they'd be too slow,
For people lived not half so fast
Some twenty years ago.

Oh, well do I remember, Jim,
That "Wilson's patent stove,"
That father bought and paid for, Jim,
In cloth our gals had wove,
And how the neighbors wondered
When we got the thing to go,
And said 'twould bust and kill us all,
Some twenty years ago.

Yes, everything is different, Jim,
From what it used to was,
For men are always tampering, Jim,
With God's great natural laws—
And what on earth we're coming to—
Does anybody know?
For everything has changed so much
Since twenty years ago.

MISCELLANY.

A True Hero.

John Maynard was well known in the Lake district as an honest, intelligent pilot. He was pilot on a steamer from Detroit to Buffalo one summer afternoon. At that time these steamers seldom carried boats. Smoke was seen ascending from below, and the captain called out "Simpson, go down and see what that smoke is." Simpson came up with his face pale as ashes, and said, "Captain, the ship is on fire!" Then "Fire! fire! fire! on shipboard!" All hands were called up. Buckets of water were dashed upon the fire, but in vain. There were large quantities of resin and tar on board, and it was useless to attempt to save the ship. The passengers rushed forward and inquired of the pilot, "How far are we from Buffalo?" "Seven miles." "How long before we reach it?"—"Three quarters of an hour at our present rate of speed." "Is there any danger?" "Danger here—see the smoke bursting out!—go forward if you would save your lives!" Passengers and crew, men, women, and children, crowded the forward part of the ship. John Maynard stood at the helm. The flames burst forth in a sheet of fire; clouds of smoke arose. The captain cried out, through his trumpet, "John Maynard!" "Aye, aye, sir!" "Are you at the helm?" "Aye, aye, sir!" "How does she head?" "Southeast by east, sir." "Head her southeast, and run her on shore." Nearer, nearer, and yet nearer, she approached the shore. Again the captain cried out, "John Maynard!" The response came feebly, "Aye, aye, sir!"—"Can you hold out five minutes longer, John?" "By G-d's help I will." The old man's hair was scorched from the scalp, one hand disabled, his knee upon the stanchion, and his teeth set, with his other hand upon the wheel, he stood firm as a rock. He beached the ship; every man, woman and child was saved, as John Maynard dropped, and his spirit took its flight to his God.

Good Advice.

Those wish to do good, but hesitate to do it, would do well to read the following. The reason may be suggested to them by the perusal:

Do not delude yourself with the idea that you can please everybody. Who ever knew anybody that was worth anything that had nobody to find fault with him? You would have to do evil in many cases to please the evil, flatter some to gratify their pride, indulge the selfish, submit to the tyrannical, be a tool for the ambitious, and be careful not to have anything as good as those who desire to have everything superior to their neighbors. If you are a public man, should you be diligent, you must expect to have many secretly dislike you and talk against you, for your success; and if you accomplish little, though many show themselves friendly, it often leaks out that some who appear pleasant to you, can do thus because they do not fear your rivalry—they may smile upon you outwardly, and yet entertain contempt for your inefficiency. Always do that which is right, be diligent, do the most you can, pay no regard to fault-finders, and you will find as many friends as any sensible man need desire.

☞ The London Court Journal says:—A divorce case, under peculiar circumstances, is likely to attract public attention. A lady, belonging to a distinguished family, long hesitated between two eligible suitors, she at length selected one of them and was married. But soon fancied she made a wrong selection, and eloped with her rejected suitor. Proceedings were instituted, and she was among the first to avail herself of Sir Cresswell Cresswell's process of "Freedom made Easy," by marrying her guilty partner; but she seems scarcely to know her own mind, for she has since re-eloped with her first husband. Casuists are puzzled as to which she may be disposed to like best.

☞ A Parisian genius has just invented a musical petticoat! By the aid of scientific mechanism, the crinoline is rid of all springs, hoops, bolts, pivots, &c., and is inflated like a life preserver, the air furnishing any amount of distention required; to give a circumference of say a quarter of a mile. The sublime feature of the invention is this: The elegant wearer need only touch a spring, arranged to communicate with the pocket of the dress, and the air in the skirt sets in motion a musical attachment, not unlike the bird organ, playing a variety of tunes, from the gems of the operas to a nursery lullaby. The inventor confidently declares that ball-room orchestras may be entirely dispensed with in future; the ladies wearing this "musical petticoat" can provide themselves with waltzes, quadrilles, and polkas to their hearts' content.

☞ By a strange vicissitude, General Canas, who was shot for invading Costa Rica, suffered his execution at the foot of the very monument erected to his honor, in the Plaza at Punta Arenas, for his many services to the country.

☞ Queen Victoria, the royal family and Lord John Russell came near being killed by a railroad accident near Rolandseck, in Germany, on the 24th ult.

Amusing Love Affair in London.

A Wealthy Banker Unconsciously Advising an Elopement With His Own Daughter.—A London correspondent of the New Orleans *Delta* furnishes that paper with the following readable story:

A good sell is related of a wealthy banker here, who is very good natured, but inclined to be a trifle fast in his views of life. He had a favorite clerk, a young man about twenty-one, remarkably handsome, modest and highly intellectual. For these qualities he was liked by every one, and the banker did not escape the general feeling of good will. He was as poor as—his salary, and had no connections to push his after fortunes, and so, like most English clerks, he would rise to a hundred and twenty pounds a year, get on for eight years at ten pounds a year rise, and marry when he got to two hundred pounds a year, thenceforth to vegetate, and find that the additional ten pounds a year rise only kept pace with the additional babe in his household. The banker, on Sunday afternoons when no one was expected, would occasionally ask the young man to visit his young family at his suburban villa, as the conversation of the young man was so correct and so clever it could not but be of advantage to his children. This was a mistake, evidently, but it was a good natured error, and we can only wish, all of us, that there were many more committed. I have not mentioned that there was a beautiful young daughter of nineteen, but that may be always understood in any English family that has known wedded life long enough. But the consequences of courses attentions on the part of the young man, other than extremely delicate, [illegible] and proper. This will be always the case with English youth, as America is well know. It can't be helped. The young man was [illegible] two or three days' visitation to the banker's seat, to [illegible] lungs of London smoke, was evidently very ill, and though he declined [illegible] refused, the banker stook his head.

"I cannot make it out what's the matter with my young clerk," said the [illegible] to his wife the morning after the youth had just brought [illegible].

"Well, you are rather green," said she, "[illegible] once," said banker number [illegible] know what's the matter. He is in love."

"In love! Ah! He is modesty and propriety itself."

"I tell you it is a fact, and with a rich old fool's daughter, who would no more think of having him for a son-in-law than you would."

"Oh, the haughty old fool, my clerk is as good as his daughter, and he's [illegible] to him. Thank you for the hint."

As soon as banker number two had disappeared, the clerk was called in.

"Sir, you are in love, and [illegible] for the object of your affection—that's your secret, is it? Why did you not tell me [illegible]?"

The youth was silent.

"Well, my boy, I pity you, but I'll give you a bit of advice. If the daughter is fair she's worth running a risk for. Look here, there are £500, and two months' leave of absence. Run away with the girl. Bah, don't look so stupid. I did the same before you, and it has set for me."

The clerk fell on his marrow bones, and was upon the point of making a clean breast of it when the old man rose and left the room. [illegible] to avoid a scene. They ungenerously silenced and acted, and the consequence was that the next day week there was no young daughter at the dinner table of the banker at the country house. The house was in consternation, and the search for her made in all directions. A note was, however, found on her dressing table, conveying the customary prayer of forgiveness, and the accused from the young clerk, stating that, believing the banker had meant to give him a hint with regard to his daughter, and was not able to give his public consent owing to appearances, he had acted on his suggestion, and [illegible] "his father-in-law" had received the hint, he (the clerk) would be his son in law. The pill was a bitter one, and the [illegible] one against him, and city men are very averse to a joke against them, so it was hushed up, and has only got to the ears of the purveyors of scandal and to your correspondent, who records it as a trait of London [illegible].

Americans in Paris.—"Malakoff" writes in his last letter to the New York *Times*:—"A last Sunday's race at the Bois de Boulogne, a young American who was present on horseback, Mr. Mayo, of Richmond, Va., had the two bones of his leg broken and splintered by a fall of his horse. Mr. Mayo, who is the nephew of Mrs. Gen. Winfield Scott, had taken passage with Mrs. Scott for the next trip of the Adriatic from Havre to New York, but this accident will of course prevent the voyage so far as regards Mr. Mayo. Mrs. Scott will go home under the protection of Colonel Lay, of the United States army, who has just finished a European tour. Mrs. Scott, whose health is better in the climate of France, has lived in Paris many years, and has not made a visit home since 1850. Mrs. Commodore Stewart has also resided permanently in Paris for a great many years."

☞ We recollect a story of an Indian who called upon a grocer, and stated that he had killed a deer at the big pond, and hung it upon a pear tree, near the pond, saying that if the grocer would give him a quart of whisky, half a pound of powder, and two pounds of lead, he might go and get the deer. The bargain was soon struck, the Indian receiving his demands; the grocer started for his purchase, and after a weary tramp returned without the game. Meeting the Indian, who was somewhat under the influence of the "red eye," he accused him of deception and falsehood. With all the gravity of his race, he answered thus: "Find pond?" Yes. "Find tree?" Yes. "Find deer?" No. "Two truth, one lie, very good for Indian."

☞ The husband of a buxom wife near Exeter, England, had long been dying, and, at length, one of the clergymen of the parish making one of his daily visits, found him dead. The disconsolate widow, in giving an account of her spouse's last moments, told him her "poor dear man kept groaning and groaning, but could not die; at last," said she, "I recollected I had got a piece of new tape in the drawer, and took some of that and tied it as tight as I could around his neck, and then I stopped his nose with my thumb and finger, and poor dear! *he went off like a lamb!*"

☞ There is a fashionable saloon on Bleecher street, New York, called "The Store." It was established for the special convenience of married men, and the advantage of the name consists in the fact that upon their returning home late at night, and their anxiously waiting and perhaps indignant spouses inquiring where they have been, they can say, "at the store," which, of course, averts the impending storm.

☞ The Ohio *Statesman* says that fourteen thousand negroes voted the Republican ticket in Ohio this fall.

A Polite Invitation Declined.

A contributor to the *Spirit of the Times*, thus describes a scene at the Anthony House, Ark.

Late one bitter cold night, in December, some eight or nine years ago, I came into the bar room, as usual, to take his part in whatever was going on. For some reason the crowd had dispersed sooner than was customary, and but two or three of the towns-folks were there, together with a stranger, who had arrived a half-hour or longer before, and who, tired, wet and muddy, from a long Arkansas stage ride his legs extended, and shoes off, was consoling himself with two chairs and a nap, opposite the centre of the blazing big fire. Any one who has traveled until 10 o'clock, in a rough winter night over an Arkansas road, can appreciate the comfort of the situation before *that* fire place!

The drowsy example of the stranger had its effect on the others, and L., who took a seat in the corner for lack of conversation was reduced to the poker for amusement.—He poised the fire vigorously for a while, until it got red hot, and becoming disgusted, was about to drop it and retire, when he observed the great toe of the stranger's foot protruding through a hole in one of his socks. Here was a relief to L. He placed the glowing poker within an inch of the unfortunate sleeper's toe, and began slowly to lessen the distance between them; one by one, the others, as they caught the joke began to open their eyes, and being wakened, much exceedingly to grins, and grins into suppressed giggles—and one incontinent follow's into a broad laugh. Closer and closer the red hot poker neared toward the unfortunate toe. The red excited the sleeper restlessly to move his feet. L. was just about to apply the poker, when a sound of *click! click!* arrested his attention. He looked at the stranger—the latter with one eye open, had been watching his proceedings, and silently brought a pistol to bear on L. In a low, just audible he remarked, with great deliberation,

"*Burn it!* Burn it! Just burn it!—I'll don't *see you* up with [illegible] in two seconds!"

[illegible] a [illegible] instanter and retired.

[illegible] let' *I heard a k*'—in fact generally [illegible].

L. afterwards said they were the cheapest drinks he ever bought.

Natural Phenomena.—A noise was heard on deck, the dog with a spring from his box, seizing the pig which lay by the side of the fire, the hind eyes of the fury, made him shin up the low spirit, caught hold of the say scramble, which caused so freely on the crimson pole, that the rubbed on the side of the anchor, which was caught by the [illegible] with a spark which [illegible] first the [illegible] stays [illegible] the [illegible] galleries [illegible] which knock [illegible] J. was [illegible] caught [illegible] astonished eye of the astonished [illegible].

Couldn't Fool Him.—Some time after the old [illegible] on the [illegible] of the Railroad, in Maine, [illegible] stepped into the [illegible] price of pork [illegible] the [illegible] "Oh, no, Mr. Telegraph, you can't fool me that way. I'm not so green as you think I [illegible] out of this room, I watched it all the time."

Origin of Almanacs.—Vestegan, alluding to our ancient Saxon ancestors, says:—"They used to engrave upon certain squared sticks, about a foot in length, the courses of the moon of the whole year, whereby they could certainly tell when the new moons, the full moons, and the changes should happen, as also their festival days; and such a carved stick they called an *almonaght*, that is to say, 'almon-heed,' to wit, the regard or observation of all the moons, and hence is derived the name of almanac." After the invention of printing, almanacs came into general use. The first recorded account in England of an almanac is in the Year Book of Henry the Seventh.

Singular Mania.—A citizen of Berlin, Prussia, a man in comfortable circumstances, is periodically attacked with a desire to knock off hats. He afterwards makes up the loss to the astonished victim of this strange fancy by the payment of three thalers. According to the calculation of his family, in the past year he has been obliged to make good the loss of 267 hats. At a recent musical festival, fifty-three hats were sacrificed to this curious frenzy, and for the evening's entertainment he paid one hundred and fifty-nine thalers.

What I Would Do.—If I possessed the most valuable things in the world, and was about to will them away, the following would be my plan of distribution:

I would give to the world truth and friendship, which are very scarce.

I would give an additional portion of truth to lawyers, traders and merchants.

I would give to physicians skill and learning.

I would give to printers their pay.

To gossiping women, good sense, large waists and natural complexions.

Take the Butt.—A farmer once hired a Vermonter to assist in drawing logs. The Yankee when there was a log to lift, generally contrived to secure the smallest end, for which the farmer reproved him, and told him always to take the butt-end. Dinner came, and with it a sugarloaf Indian pudding. Jonathan sliced off a generous portion of the largest part, giving the farmer the wink, and exclaimed.—"Always take the butt-end!"

A Stinging Fact.—Every whisper of infamy is industriously circulated, every hint of suspicion eagerly improved, and every failure of conduct joyfully published, by those whose interest it is that the eye and voice of the public should be employed on any other than on themselves.

Another Blondin Feat.—Mons. Blondin has finally determined to keep on doing wonderful feats until he breaks his neck. His last performance was walking on stilts over a rope stretched between two points elevated 200 feet above the ground, at Jones' Woods, New York. The distance traveled was about 1,200 feet, and the time consumed in making the journey was precisely 19 minutes.

☞ It must be fun to attend the charitable festivals out West. Young ladies there have adopted the delicious custom of forming a line, and for a price laid down, permitting the gentlemen to take a running kiss of the lot. Who would'nt be benevolent under such circumstances? The only thing we should object to would be the "running"—one would want to linger over such a work of charity.

Benefits of Draining.

In traveling over various portions of the country, it is gratifying to observe the progress that is making in draining lands. It is hardly ten years since not more than three or four farms in the United States had a drain tile on them; now we seldom visit a well managed farm of heavy soil, in any of the older States, that is not drained, and the manufacturers of tile in all places where the business has been started are now unable to supply the demand for them.

In an article on draining the *Country Gentleman*, in speaking of some of its benefits, says: "One beneficial result claimed for thorough drainage is that it lengthens the season of labor and vegetation'—'in extension' which the crops and the farmer need as often as the customer of banks and brokers. That the time required for the 'settling of the soil' after the winter frosts pass from it, depends to a great extent upon its porous or its retentive character, is everywhere known and conceded. The deep gravelly loam is seen to be very soon free from water, while the heavy clay requires a long time to be come fit for cultivation. In one case the soil is fully drained, and in the other the water mostly passes off by the slow process of evaporation. Thorough drainage of the heavy soil renders both alike in this respect, and thus adds from ten to fifteen days to the time of preparation for seeding—giving the same increased time for the growth of the crops to which the land is devoted."

The Humbuggery of Premiums at Fairs.

Several of our Western cotemporaries are very severe on the humbuggery of giving premiums at fairs, in consequence of placing persons on the committee who are almost totally ignorant of the matter on which they are to decide. Some of the hits would suit very well the fairs which are given in this vicinity. We will permit the editor of the Wisconsin *Patriot* to ventilate himself for our benefit:

"Ten yards of home made flannel, received an award of $1, and a few cut flowers gathered from our gardens, and not raised by the exhibitor, received seven dollars—"60 were awarded to equestrianism, while but $1 rewarded the most skillful plowing. Now, if horse racing is of so much more interest than plowing, in an agricultural point of view, let farmers give up the latter, and educate their sons and daughters solely to the use of the saddle. These are but a few of the erroneous awards which have given rise to complaint. They are such as we should guard against in future fairs, and we deem it a good time now to talk over the matter, that the cause of complaint may not rise again."

Several years ago, a fellow, two or three others, we made experiments by changing the owners' names on articles on exhibition at a county fair, for the express purpose of ascertaining whether judges ever were biased in their decisions. The experiment was satisfactory—we entrapped two parties who were anxious to award premiums to their friends, regardless of the merits of the articles they had on exhibition. It is this part of the system which has the largest share in playing out county fairs.

Curing Hams.

The premium hams at the recent Newton Fair, were cured in the following manner:

1st Premium.—To 4 gallons of water, add 8 lbs. of saltpeter, 1/2 lb. sugar, a pint of molasses, let them lie pickle 6 or 7 weeks, smoke with hickory wood.

2d Premium.—6 pounds of rock salt, 1/2 lb. of saltpeter, 1 quart of molasses, 6 gallons of water, let them remain in the brine 6 weeks, and then smoke with green hickory wood.

Taking Cold.

A "cold" is not necessarily, says the *Scientific American*, the result of low or high temperature. A person may go directly from a hot into a cold one, or into snow even, and not take cold. On the contrary, he may take cold by pouring a couple of table-spoonful of water upon some part of his dress, or by standing in a draft, or other opening, where one part of the body is colder than another. Let it be kept in mind that uniformity of temperature over the whole body is the first thing to be looked after. It is the unequal heat upon the different parts of the body that produces colds, by disturbing the uniform circulation of some part.

If you must keep a partially wet garment on, it would be as well perhaps to wet the whole of it uniformly. The feet are a great source of colds on account of the variable temperature they are subjected to. Keep these always dry and warm, and avoid draughts of air, hot or cold, wet spots on the garments, and other direct causes of unequal temperature, and keep the system braced up by plenty of sleep, and the eschewing of debilitating food and drinks, and you will be proof against a cold and its results.

Cancer.—More than twenty years ago, a man named Middleton Belk published in a southern paper a statement that he had cured himself of cancer by applying cranberries.—The statement had a wide circulation, and has frequently re-appeared. The following announcement from a Mobile paper gives the final result: "Died, in the city of Mobile, Sept. 27, 1860, Middleton Belk, aged 56.—Cancer twenty years standing."

Live Frogs a Remedy for Consumption.—A writer in the Norwalk (O.) Reflector describes a visit which he paid last month to a lady at Toledo, Ohio, who takes six live frogs as a remedy for Consumption. She was recommended to do it by an Englishman, who said he was cured in that way. In six weeks this singular medicine has restored her from a state of weakness to strength. The visitor saw the lady take a live frog from a jar and swallow him whole, without chewing. Her daughter also did the same.

☞ The Apple crop throughout New England is an immense one, and has rarely if ever been excelled. The fruit, generally, is fair, of good quality, and so cheap in many localities, that it will not pay a profit even to steal the best varieties. The Worcester *Transcript* says the price of excellent Baldwins in that city is seventy-five cents per barrel. Some farmers in Worcester county have 500 barrels. In Middlesex county there are many persons whose orchards yield more than a thousand barrels of excellent apples. There is a market for them, at the South. At Mobile, a decent apple, it is reported, sells for half a dime.

What Shall We Do for Coffee?—It appears from statistics recently published that the consumption of coffee is increasing much more rapidly than the production. Last year the total consumption of Europe and the United States alone was 330,000 tuns, whilst the production of all countries was but 312,000 tuns. The probable consumption of the present year is estimated at 347,000 tuns, and the probable production at 274,000; and, of next year the former at 343,000 tuns, the latter at 245,000.

A Poetical Genius.

A poetical genius, who is not a blood relative of Alexander Smith, having accidentally kissed somebody of the feminine gender, has "bubbled his soul" in a "fragment" which, under the closest seal of secrecy, he sent to Mr. Toddlejohn, who remorselessly ventilates it:

——— She kissed me,
And the universe seemed to crumble
Into a dream of ecstacy, wild delirious—
In which heaven seemed a sea of glory,
The clouds a gentle host of waves, the stars
Bits of foam from those whispering waves,
Tossed into vision to sparkle in the sunlight
Again she kissed me,
And the bliss of a million lives, angel born,
Thrilled into my being. Now death, rather
Than the slow-paced life of before
Should come again, for its common pleasure
Would be a million fold the rack's agony.
Again the seal of love
Upon my cheek
Again, and there throbbed to my heart
A delirium wherein all the past, the present of life
Faded into the radiant glory of her melting lip
Oh, gods! how like ocean's heart
The glory of that kiss quivers in my memory!
As my lips parted from her blushing cheek
Like ripples from the streamlet's pebble, which creates them
Ah, me!

☞ Little and often fills the purse.

☞ What's all the world to a man when his wife's a widow?

☞ The idle man is the devil's hireling—whose diet and wages are famine and disease.

☞ Young lovers are called turtles, and they are generally *green* turtles.

☞ A good surgeon must have an eagle's eye, a lion's heart, and a lady's hand.

☞ It has been said of the home of the scolding wife, that "It's a bad house where the hen crows louder than the cock."

☞ If falsehood paralyzed the tongue, what a death-like silence would pervade society.

☞ Sorrows come soon enough without despondency. It does a man no good to carry around a lightning rod to attract trouble.

☞ Deborah, from the Hebrew, means a bee; Rachel, a sheep; Sarah, a Princess; and Hannah, the gracious.

☞ Shingled roofs, whitewashed with lime last twice as long as roofs which receive no treatment to render them durable.

☞ Sectarianism is a miserable, short-sighted prejudice. It makes you hate your neighbor, because he eats his oysters roasted while you prefer them in the shell.

☞ A discontented husband says he always tries to regard his wife as an angel on earth, in the hope that she may speedily become one in Heaven.

☞ The majority in Pa. for Curtis (Repub.) for Governor, over Forsyth (Dem.) in twenty-seven counties, is 13,156.—*Wash. States.*

There's a man booked up for you!

☞ Many a man thinks it is a virtue that keeps him from turning a rascal, when it is only a full stomach. One should be careful and not mistake potatoes for principles.

☞ "Do you keep matches?" asked a young wag of a retailer. "Oh, yes, all kinds," was the reply. "Well, then, I'll take a trotting match." The retailer immediately handed him a box of Brandreth's pills.

Jones' Relief.—One Jones, who had been sent to prison for marrying two wives, excused himself by saying that when he had one she fought him, but when he got two, they fought each other.

☞ It is said that Ex-President Tyler, now seventy five years old, and looking more robust, and younger than when he occupied the White House, has an infant daughter only two months old.

☞ In a small party, the subject turning on matrimony, a lady said to her sister, "I wonder, my dear, you have never made a match. I think you want the brimstone;" to which she replied, "No, not the brimstone—only the *spark*."

An Oasis.—There is one green spot in the desert waste of Black Republicanism in Bradford. In Athens township Foster received 211 votes, or a majority of 40. Hozza for Athens, the ancient seat of learning. She sustains her famous name.

The Best Man Wins.—When two caravans meet in the interior of Africa, the two head men approach each other and then go back a reasonable distance, lower their heads and butt. The one that goes down has to yield the right of way to the one who "downs" him.

A Little Extravagant.—An Albany lady wore a dress at the great ball, given to the Prince of Wales in New York, three flounces of which alone cost a thousand dollars each. The lace used upon the dress was "only two hundred and fifty dollars a yard."

Another Discovery.—The *Commercial Bulletin* says it is rumored that *whalebone trees* have been discovered in the vicinity of the celebrated oil springs in Pennsylvania. A chap has gone out there to start an umbrella factory, and expects to make a *spread* while the excitement *reigns*.

☞ A living turtle was seen last week at Hunterdon, N. J., with inscriptions on his back as follows: "Tobias Nevins, 1737," and "Joseph Hagaman, 1777." He is said to have been seen a dozen times a year every year since the last date.

Advice Gratis.—Put on your flannels, and avoid the night air. Do not sleep directly in a draught of air, neither is it safe to leave a window open at all unless a draught is secured. Do not go out of the house in a profuse perspiration, or even more than ordinarily warm, into a chilly, damp atmosphere.

☞ Mr. Theopolis Popp, of Poppville, in Popp county, fancying to be very popular with his lady love, "popped the question" to her under the popular tree, when she referred him to her poppy, who, when asked for his consent, laboring under the influence of ginger pop, popped him out of the door, to the tune of "Pop goes the weasel."

Will Write for Nothing.—It is stated that Bonner, of the New York Ledger, when he invited Mr. Buchanan to become a contributor to his journal, proposed to pay his excellency for his productions, and that a thousand dollar check was the offered retaining fee. Mr. Buchanan, however, promptly declined the generous offer.

An Auxiliary to Justice.—A Cincinnati policeman was having great difficulty one day last week, in getting a large, stout, drunken woman to the station house, and was almost on the point of giving up the job, when a billy-goat, which has the liberty of the streets, came up behind and with a powerful butt, lifted her from her feet and drove her forward repeating the process till the station house was nearly reached.

Why the Shoe Pinches.

A pamphlet has lately appeared of peculiar interest to that vast multitude of our population who are the victims either of corns or of expensive corn doctors, and who suffer, as some poet has suggested, from a style of *fashion* which is not altogether conducive to "Pilgrims' Progress." It is translated from the German by a young Edinburgh physician, and published with the following title:—"Why the Shoe Pinches: a Contribution to Applied Anatomy, By Herman Meyer, M. D., Professor of Anatomy in the University of Zurich. Translated from the German by John Sterling Craig. Edinburgh: Edmonston and Douglas."

Dr. Meyer, the author, is pronounced one of the highest continental authorities on Physiological Anatomy, who has published an important general text on that science, as well as several treatises on the structure of the foot and knee. In the discussion now under consideration he has already been preceded by Peter Camper, who, in the last century, wrote a paper "On the best Shoe," and who zealously but ineffectually urged that the foot gear of man was quite as important a topic as the shoeing of horses, to which so much attention is given. Certainly the needless sufferings which men and women endure from badly cut and ill-shaped shoes cry aloud for a reform.

Against the prevailing pattern Professor Meyer, in his capacity of anatomist, utters an earnest protest. The cut of a shoe, says the Professor, is not, as the cut of a coat, a matter of indifference. "When Fashion prescribes an arbitrary form of shoe, she goes," he asserts, "far beyond her province, and, in reality, arrogates to herself the right of determining the shape of the foot."

In his opinion the shoemaker ought not only to produce a shoe that does not pinch, but a shoe so constructed that it will give to a foot distorted by the pinching it has borne already, a fair chance of a return to its right shape, and full possession of its power as a means of carrying the body onward. He tells us that, in measuring a foot for shoe or boot, the first thing to be considered is the place of the great toe. Upon this toe, in walking, the weight of the whole body turns at every step; in the natural foot, therefore, it is in a straight line with the heel. A central straight line drawn from the point of the great toe to the middle of its root, if continued, would pass very exactly to the middle of the heel. By the misfitting boot commonly worn the point of the toe is pressed inwards, the root outwards.

The practice adopted by many of having a last made to the exact size and model of the foot is condemned by Professor Meyer, if the foot has been previously injured in consequence of wearing ill fitting boots or shoes.—If a cast be made of a distorted foot and a boot fitted to that, it is bad because thereby the distortion is confirmed. It would be much better, therefore, says the Professor, so to form the boot that the conditions of healthy walking are allowed for, and the bones, at least to some extent, can gradually right themselves. Toes not shortened by distortion he would fit a shoe adapted to its healthy size. But of a pair of boots made so as to content the eye of an anatomist, who knows what work is done by every bone, the main characteristic is, that when they stand side by side, with their heels in contact, the inner margins of the front part of the sole are along the whole edge corresponding to the size of the great toes, also in contact. If it be desirable to point the toes they must be pointed only from the outer side, after the place of greatest breadth in the foot has been properly respected. A certain sense of turn inward belongs to the shape of boots so made, but if they fit perfectly they will ensure to the foot the utmost ease and power, and as their shape is of the ordinance of nature they are no doubt really as elegant as those of which the pattern is a boot maker's invention.

Dr. Meyer says that two or three persons in Zurich have had their boots made on these principles without exciting special remark—so immediately is the propriety of the change admitted even by the arbiters of fashion.—As an evidence of its utility, a London journal mentions the fact that marching soldiers, who often break down in consequence of their shoes would be rendered vastly more efficient if they were made in accordance with the structure of their feet.—*N. Y. Post.*

Shocking Casualty.

A Father Kills his Daughter.—Mr. Jesse P. Ewell, a respectable citizen of Norfolk, returning home from his place of business, Wednesday evening found his little son playing with a self-cocking pistol, which he had been digging about the house and yard during the day, and taking the weapon from the child was proceeding to exhibit its works to him when it proved to be loaded and discharged, the contents of the barrel—two buckshot—entering the right breast and perforating the lung of his daughter Laura, a beautiful and interesting little girl of nine summers, who was seated on the steps getting her lesson.

The little girl, instantly jumping up, exclaimed, "Oh, pa, you have killed me!" and falling forward expired, the life blood gushed out of her mouth and nose. The unhappy father, almost bereft of reason by the heart-rending accident, sought in his frenzy to take his own life. He seized his knife and made a desperate effort to cut his own throat, but was prevented from steeping his family into still deeper grief, by some of his friends who happened to rush up in time.

An Improvement in Railroad Chairs.—An employee of the New York and Erie Railroad has recently invented an improvement in the arrangement of track chairs, which has been adopted by that road. Instead of spiking the chairs upon the ties, and resting the ends of the rails loosely in them, where they soon get loose enough to clatter and jar the wheels, and broom the ends of the rails, the chairs are placed between the ties, and fastened in their places by an effectual though simple arrangement of bolts and keys, so that there can be no possible variation in the level of the two ends of the rails, since both must rise and fall alike. The result is, that the cars appear to run upon a rail entirely smooth, making no jar whatever in passing off of one rail on to another.

Potatoes at the West.—The Davenport (Iowa) Democrat says:

"If anybody wants to see potatoes by the cord—good measure—let them step down to the levee. There is not shipping enough at this time on the Upper Mississippi to move them away as fast as they accumulate. Farmers complain a little that the prices are too low; but they are the only party to blame; if they want higher prices they must not raise so many. The market price is from twelve to fifteen cents per bushel."

Dyspepsy and Its Supposed Remedies.—Dr. Tucker, of the *Medical Journal*, has no faith in bran bread, rye bread, &c., as remedies in dyspepsy. They are commonly supposed to exert a good feeling by keeping the bowels open by their mechanical effect of irritation; but it is an absurd idea to give indigestible bran to a stomach already weakened, and whose complaint is that it cannot digest.—Bran and other mechanical irritants, though they may relieve the constipation, are not remedial, and only afford a present relief of one symptom, purchased at the risk of aggravating the real difficulty. Dr. Tucker believes that cold and stale wheat bread is the most digestible, and, therefore, the best.

A "Strong-Minded" Woman.—Mrs. Dr. Lydia Sayer Hasbrouck, of Orange county, N. Y., who insists that a woman should not be taxed unless she is allowed to vote, has thought to shame the collector out of his demand by offering to work out her road tax.—The doctress, having somewhat passed the bloom of youth, made no impression upon the official, and therefore, instead of paying under protest, as some of her sisters do, she went upon the road and drove a cart.

☞ A man near Alexandria, Va., had an extraordinary escape from death; he fell to the bottom of a well 100 feet deep, burying his head and shoulders in the mud. He was not much hurt.

THE COMPILER.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 12, 1860.

The Result in the County.

The election of Tuesday last was probably attended with less excitement in this county than any previous Presidential election. The result we annex, officially:

	Reading Ticket.	Lincoln Hamlin.	Straight Douglas.	Bell and Everett.
Gettysburg,	315	393	4	10
Littlestown,	190	116		13
Oxford,	143	100		1
York Springs,	164	439	1	1
Millerstown,	221	278	8	4
Berlin,	163	88		
Menallen,	70	216		1
Hunterstown,	181	135		1
Franklin,	204	186		1
Conowago,	124	41		1
Heidlersburg,	72	104		
Mountjoy,	107	114		
Mountpleasant,	242	68		
Reading,	152	108		
Berwick bor.,	30	52		2
Freedom,	45	60		2
Union,	134	53		
Butler,	94	138		2
Berwick tp.,	65	41		
	2676	2724	13	38

Lincoln's maj. over Reading ticket, 48.
Majority for Democratic and Bell tickets over Lincoln, 3.

It will be seen that whilst the Republican vote is only about 50 less than at the October election, the Democratic vote falls off about 200. This was caused by the depression existing among Democrats on account of having two candidates in the field and the heavy Opposition majority at the Governor's election. Many justified themselves in remaining away from the polls upon the plea that there was no use in going—the election was lost anyhow,—and others because they could not vote directly for one or other of the Democratic candidates. Take it all in all, however, the Democrats did as well in this as in any other county of the Commonwealth, and we congratulate them on the rally they made under the unfavorable circumstances. With but one Democratic candidate, Lincoln's Abolitionism would have been rebuked "to the tune" of at least 300.

The figures given above we take from the result as arrived at by the Return Judges on Friday last. Whilst the Black Republican electoral ticket was voted "clean," the Reading ticket was considerably "cut," in some cases Breckinridge and in others Douglas electors being erased. Because of this, the aggregate vote for the Reading ticket is less than the number of Democrats who voted it; but how much no one can tell, and therefore the result cannot be taken as any test of party strength, even throwing out of view the depression in our ranks already alluded to. The Opposition were confident of carrying the county by from three to four hundred—some of their estimates were even more extravagant. But they were disappointed—and they will be more so a year hence. Democrats, keep in line! The reign of Black Republicanism in the country will be short—and it will be a glorious privilege to assist in wiping it out, with all its nefarious principles.

A Word in Season.

The elections over, we shall be able again to present in the *Compiler* a general variety of reading matter, calculated to please whilst is may instruct. We shall endeavor to make all its departments satisfactory, and especially to the home circle, that it may be a welcome visitor at every fireside in the county.

We had hoped to present the *Compiler* today in an improved dress, having purchased a very beautiful font of type for that purpose; but, owing to the neglect of a forwarding house at Philadelphia, they failed to reach us in time. They are now on hand, however, and will be used in our next issue.

We have another announcement to make—of much moment to us individually—and that is: *we must have money*. Our expenses are at all times heavy, whilst our receipts are often, for months, light. To enable us to make both meet, delinquent patrons, and "their name is legion," must pay up. We cannot afford to supply subscribers year after year with our paper, without receiving something from them, towards keeping up the labor, type, paper, ink, &c., which the office constantly requires. Every reasonable man will concede that whilst our issues are prompt and regular, payments on the part of our patrons should be ditto. These remarks, of course, do not apply to such as "remember the printer" yearly, for to them many thanks are due. We can well say of each of them, "a friend in need is a friend indeed."

A large majority of our distant subscribers are tardy. This should not be so. They have, nineteen-twentieths of them, the means to pay promptly, and the mails are safe. May we not hope that they will respond to this call immediately. Money may be mailed in registered letters at our risk.

To subscribers in the county, the holding of the Court here next week, will afford many opportunities to remit us money. Let such as may not come themselves, send with their neighbors. The demands upon us are at this time unusually heavy. Friends, give us A GOOD LIFT.

☞ Our campaign subscribers will receive one more number. We should like to retain them all as permanent patrons, and especially as we are about incurring considerable expense in the purchase of new type, &c.—Friends, continue your names.

Negro Suffrage to be tested in Congress.—In the Sixteenth Congressonal District of Ohio, Cutler, Republican, was elected by sixty four majority over Jewett, Democrat. In a large number of precints negroes voted the Republican ticket, and in consequence the Democratic candidate was defeated. The Marietta Republican intimates that the election will be contested.

☞ "Peterson's Counterfeit Detector" cautions the public to refuse "fives" on the Western Bank of Philadelphia. Over five thousand spurious notes of this description have been discovered. They are well engraved, and a good imitation of the genuine.

☞ The fighting for the spoils will now commence—and *such* a fight as it will be, of the kind, has never yet been seen.

Effect of Lincoln's Election.

Threatening State of Affairs at the South.

The South Carolina Legislature is in session, debating measures for secession from the Union, because of the (sectional) triumph of Lincoln. A despatch from Columbia, the capital of the State, says:

A State Convention will be called and secession is certain. The election of delegates will probably be ordered on the 4th of December, and the convention will meet on the 17th. Messrs. Boyce, Bonham and Keitt urged the call of a convention and immediate action.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—James Conner, U. S. District Attorney, has resigned; Mr. Colcock, collector of the port, and Mr. Jacobs, deputy collector, have notified the President of their resignations. All the federal officers declare their intention to resign on the inauguration of Lincoln.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The bark James Gray owned by the Messrs. Cushing, of Boston, now lying at our wharves, to-day, under instructions from the owners, hoisted the "Palmetto flag," firing at the same time a salute of fifteen guns.

Columbia, Nov. 8.—The Speaker of the House last night received a dispatch from Virginia, tendering the service of a volunteer corps to South Carolina in the event of her seceding.

Governor Brown has convened the Georgia Legislature. In his message he says:

"For the purpose of putting the State in a defensive condition as fast as possible, and preparing for an emergency which must be met sooner or later, I recommend that the sum of *one million dollars* be immediately appropriated as a military fund for the ensuing year, and that prompt provision be made for raising such a portion of the money as may not be in the treasury as fast as the public expenditures require. Millions for defence—not one cent for tribute, should be the future motto of the Southern States!

To every demand for a further concession or compromise of our rights, we should reply: —'The argument is exhausted, and we now stand on our arms'"

It is said that Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana will also secede. Men of all parties favor it. So much for the triumph of a Northern sectional party.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The State Rights flag was raised at the Mercury office at noon yesterday, with tremendous cheers from thousands who had congregated in the vicinity of that office.

Mr. Pressly, the sub treasurer here, has resigned. Judge McGrath, of the United States Court, who resigned yesterday, was serenaded last evening. About five thousand persons were present.

Several "lone star" flags were raised in various places to-day. Mr. Spratt is now addressing a crowd of several thousand at the Charleston Hotel. One hundred guns were fired at Columbus, Georgia, on the reception of the news of the resignation of the Charleston federal officers.

Norfolk, Nov. 8.—Over six hundred Minute Men have been enrolled in this city and Portsmouth already. The number will soon reach one thousand.

Ex-Gov. Wise has been elected commander in chief of a large body of Minute Men in Princess Anne.

☞ The triumph of Abolitionism, in the election of Lincoln, has, probably, nowhere been hailed with more delight by that party than here. They were on Wednesday really *frantic* with joy, especially several of the Post-office expectants. It was their time to crow, and they *did*—as, of course, *they* had a right to.

In the evening their kettle of bliss boiled over. Messrs. C. N. Martin, D. McConaughy & Co., led fifteen or twenty Wide Awakes, or Wade Awikes, around town, and treated our citizens to numerous funny exhibitions of their deep gratification, including a variety of noises—plain and mingled—harmonious and otherwise, the "otherwise" rather preponderating. They had a high time of it around the pump in front of our office. At this point they did their best.—They marched around it—around and around, —as though determined to force the pump to wilt, "dry up," by their yells and thumps. But to no purpose. The pump maintained its position with all imaginable gravity, as though it did not know that Lincoln was elected and the Wade Awikes were enacting a high fandango in its presence. In the end, the pump, by merely maintaining its indifference, triumphed. The enemy became fatigued and retired—leaving the pump erect and unscathed. The next night another party, if possible more rowdyish than the other, made a second onslaught, but with no better effect. The pump "still lives!"—and promises to withstand a thousand such attacks.

"So far as the *Star* is concerned, it has been our purpose throughout both contests to deal justly with all men, and unhesitatingly to uphold the truth when the country and our principles were at stake. Aside from these we had no other object to effect, and if we have given offence to any in striving for the good of our country by the triumph of our principles, it was an offence growing out of the sensitiveness of those whom we opposed, and not from an intention on our part to wound the feelings of any man."—*Star.*

☞ We make this extract from the last *Star* simply to show, for the hundredth time, how unblushingly impudent the managers of that concern are. The country would be hunted over in vain to find a more outrageously unfair and abusive sheet than the *Star*, and yet its editors, with Pharisaical brazenfacedness, pretend that they "deal justly with all men." After publishing all manner of slanders against Democratic candidates and hunting them down with hound-like ferocity —after meanly parading the private affairs of private individuals in their columns, for no other reason than that they are Democrats—the managers, fearing that the effects of their high-handed course may recoil upon themselves, now that the election is over cantingly declare they "did n't mean it!" The hypocrisy of the *Star* is as reprehensible as its abusiveness.

We advise Democrats to preserve late copies of the *Star* until the next election. They may serve a good purpose when Opposition candidates approach Democrats for their votes. Stick the insults in the *Star* at them!

☞ The election here on Tuesday passed off very quietly—no excitement or confusion. Several hours after the closing of the polls, a fracas occurred at Henich's lager beer house, among several Germans, resulting in rather severe wounds—but all of which would have been avoided, Germans on both sides say, had it not been for the rushing in of a number of Republicans not Germans. The *Star's* insinuation that it was caused by "Democratic bullies" has not a particle of foundation in truth. Another evidence of the unparalleled meanness of that sheet.

Garrison Sees the End.—The Abolitionist Garrison has sent a letter congratulating the Anti-Slavery Society on the auspicious signs of the times, and closing with these words of encouragement: "But all this is the sign that *the end is rapidly approaching*. Peaceably or by a bloody process, the oppressed will eventually obtain their freedom, and nothing can prevent it."

Democratic Meetings.

MOUNT VERNON.—The Democrats of Mountpleasant met in large numbers at Mount Vernon School-house, on Friday evening week. The meeting was organized as follows:

President, W. H. LOTT, Esq.

Vice Presidents, F. M. Buddy, Capt. A. Little, Aloysius Eckenrode, David Sneeringer, Joseph Kuhn, David Nary, John McMaster, John Felix.

Secretaries, B. F. Hagarman, Peter K. Smith, Joseph Spangler, Alfred F. Slonaker, Joseph Hemler, Jr.

Speeches were made by Hon. MOSES MCCLEAN and H. J. STAHLE, when the meeting adjourned in fine spirits, with hearty cheers.

HEIDLERSBURG.—On Saturday evening following, a Democratic meeting was had at Heidlersburg, at the house of John Eckenrode. Notwithstanding the bad weather and worse roads, the turn-out was excellent. A large delegation from Hampton attended, with martial music and flags. They were received with great enthusiasm. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, JAMES N. PITTENTURF, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Jacob B. Miller, Robert M. Dicks, Samuel Delap, John Lynch, Levi Raffensperger, Jacob Bowers, Emanuel Neidich, Samuel Thomas, Daniel S. Diehl, Frederick Pillard, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Jno. McMaster, George Starry.

Secretaries, Solomon Miller, J. Peter Miller, Samuel Weigle, Jacob C. Pittenturf, Robert Elliot, Wm. Trimmer, Isaac Slaybaugh, Stephen Heinard, Jacob Kennedy.

J. C. NEELY, Esq., and H. J. STAHLE addressed the meeting at some length—after which, adjourned, with "three times three" for the "good old cause," warmly given.

HAMPTON.—A grand rally came off at Hampton on Monday evening. Reading, Hamilton, Strabau, Oxford, the Berwicks, and other districts, were represented, some of them largely. Delegations, with music, flags, and wreaths, came in from all quarters.—Dicks's hotel was splendidly illuminated, each of the fifteen front windows containing six tapers, and each taper encircled by a wreath. Mr. Chronister's residence was also beautifully illuminated, whilst across Carlisle street floated a large flag, with a number of splendid wreaths. The decorations were creditable to the ladies and all others concerned in getting them up. The officers of the meeting were:

President, JOHN RUFF.

Vice Presidents, John Henry Myers, John Lynch, Col. J. J. Kuhn, Samuel Miller, John Laydom, Thomas N. Dicks, Samuel Heinerd, Wm. N. Sanders, Dr. D. M. C. White, Abraham Caronister, George Slyder, Solomon Chronister, Frederick Wolf, A. K. Stoner, Lewis Kuhn, Joseph H. Shireman.

Secretaries, Levi Chronister, Henry Albert, Stephen Heinerd, Philip A Myers, H. Bitner, James Dicks, Samuel Warner, John Delone, Samuel Brown, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Charles E. Kuhn, Hamilton W. King, Daniel Thomas, Nathan Miller, Francis Orndorff, Emanuel Neidich, Jacob Philips.

Speeches were made by Dr. D. S. PEFFER, A. DELONE, Esq., Hon. MOSES MCCLEAN, and Mr. J. DELONE, all of which were well received, eliciting frequent applause. Adjourned with cheers.

CORWELL'S.—On the same evening, a large and enthusiastic Democratic meeting was had at Geo. A. Corwell's, in Franklin township. Organized as follows:

President, SAMUEL BINGAMAN.

Vice Presidents, John Lippencott, Silas McClure, Wm. Kane, Conrad Thomas, Wesley J. Lott, George Andrew, Thomas Ball, John McKenrick.

Secretaries, George Goy, Wm. Shingledecker, David Deardorff, Lewis Carbaugh, John Ball, Uriah Powell, Isaac Lauver.

W. A. DUNCAN, Esq., Dr. W. C. STEM and H. J. STAHLE made speeches, after which, adjourned, with shouts for the cause and the ticket.

A Democratic meeting was also held at Will's hotel, in this Borough—Capt. ROBERT MCCURDY presiding. E. B. BUEHLER and J. C. NEELY, Esqs., addressed the meeting at some length. J. J. HERRON, Esq., also made a few remarks.

COMMUNICATED.

EDITOR COMPILER:—I noticed in the last *Star*, that a number of meetings were held, and one at Hunter's School House, by the Black Republicans, on Tuesday evening last. Well, that is so, but not in respectable numbers, as the *Star* has it; for the whole crowd amounted to 13 Republicans and 5 Democrats, all told. It was in Liberty township, and the people "took liberty," for their President, Mr. Christian Overholtzer, after taking his seat, wished to be excused for a few moments, so out he popped and made tracks for home, declaring that he felt ashamed, and never returned to the meeting. After waiting for some time for his return, the first speaker, D. A. Buehler, proceeded to address the empty chair and a few people, the number given above. Then followed Mr. Cover, and a third who had fallen asleep, suddenly arose, rubbing his eyes, and bellowing out, "*guess it is time that we take a drink,*" and that ended the performance for the evening. These are facts, for I have them from several present, and from the President himself.—Such, no doubt, was the result with other meetings. I could name better things of meetings that previously met, but as the election is over, I will say nothing more at present, but remain, Yours truly,

Nov. 5, 1860. LIBERT

☞ Those benevolent individuals, the venders of Lottery Tickets, are at present engaged in distributing their *confidential* circulars, with a liberal hand. We hope none of our readers will be verdant enough to allow themselves to be victimized by these land-sharks. Do you think, asked one gentleman of another the other day, after perusing one of these circulars, do you think I would stand any chance of drawing a prize in case I gave this a trial! About as much chance, was the reply, as you do of being struck by lightning between now and the first of next March. The gentleman had probably taken a sly peep at the elephant, and spoke from experience.

Col. Curtin's Inauguration.—It is contemplated to have a grand Wide-Awake parade at the Capital of the State on the occasion of Col. Curtin's inauguration as Governor, to be participated in by all the cubs in the State. —*Carlisle American.*

The inauguration is "to be participated in by all the *cubs* in the State," eh? And these "cubs," no doubt, will nearly all be in a state of famishment, and will yelp vociferously for a suck at the "public teat." But, Col. CURTIN is good at killing dogs, and no doubt he will be equally expert in despatching *cubs*. —*Volunteer.*

The Status of a Dead Man in Litigation.—The Supreme Court of Connecticut has a novel question to decide, arising in New London county. It is whether a man of one quarter African blood is white or colored.—If he is white he can vote, if he is colored he cannot be taxed. As the individual particularly concerned in this case is dead, we presume he don't care which privilege is adjudged to him, but the decision is of great importance to many, both North and South.

The Next Congress.

The next Congress, which will commence with the Lincoln Administration, is sure to contain a majority against the Republican party. The gains already made render this certain. The Democrats and Union men of New York have elected ten members certain and possibly eleven. In the present Congress there are but four reliable Democrats from New York. This gain is of itself enough to upset the Republican majority in the present House; but we have already gained several members in Pennsylvania and Ohio.—BURLINGAME in Massachusetts and Mr. Speaker PENNINGTON in New Jersey, are also beaten—both Republican losses. The Republicans may have gained several members in the Western States—but our gains are more than sufficient to cover any possible losses in that quarter. The anti-Republican majority in the next House will range somewhere between ten and twenty votes.

The shelving of Burlingame in Massachusetts is a severe blow to the Republicans—and equally unexpected. Burlingame was so confident of his election that he wandered off into this State to make stump speeches for CURTIN. He returned to his own district too late to retrieve has failing fortunes. Col. CURTIN very magnanimously made a pilgrimage to Boston, where he spoke in behalf of Burlingame; but it would not do. The fighting man of the Republican party could not fight his own way through.

The loss of Pennington in New Jersey is another sore calamity to the triumphant Republican party. The very Captain of Congress is struck down in the seat it cost so much patient endurance to obtain.

Not only will Mr. Lincoln go into office with both branches of Congress against him, but Mr. John W. Forney will be compelled to vacate the Clerkship, which he obtained as the reward of apostacy. The race of bogus Democratic Congressmen is about extinct and with them all Forney's political stock in trade.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result in Pennsylvania.

The majority for LINCOLN in this State will probably foot up some 70,000—although no one cares about searching for particulars.—There was a great falling off in the aggregate vote for President, compared with the State election, when nearly 500,000 votes were polled. We would not be surprised if the total vote on the 6th inst. did not exceed 450,000. This falling off was principally upon the Democratic side. The large majority against FOSTER at the State election was generally regarded as settling the contest as far as Pennsylvania was concerned, and hence the apathy and indifference among Democrats. The mass of the Democratic vote of the State was cast for the Reading electoral ticket; but the Straight-out Douglas ticket was supported to a considerable extent by Douglas men. As there was no attempt at Democratic organization after the State election, and as the dissensions in the party made a united rally impossible, it is not surprising that Lincoln carried the State by a large majority.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result.

The Washington *Constitution*, of Wednesday, says: From the returns which have reached us we are forced to the lamentable conclusion that Abraham Lincoln has been elected President of the United States from the 4th of next March.

We declare this opinion as to the eventful result of yesterday with sorrow which has no source in party defeat. The people of the Northern States, by an apparently overwhelming majority, have rendered their verdict on an issue fully made up, and after full deliberation, and that verdict says that they deny that fifteen States of the Union are entitled to equality in the Union; and that the future policy of the Federal Government shall be based on active deadly hostility to the South and her institutions. What the effect of that verdict, immediate or ultimate, will be, we do not intend to prophecy. We see in the immediate future gloom and storm, and much to chill the heart of every patriot in the land. We can understand the effect that will be produced in every Southern mind when he reads the news this morning—that he is now called on to decide for himself, his children, and his children's children whether he will submit tamely to the rule of one elected on account of his hostility to him and his, or whether he will make a struggle to defend his rights, his inheritance, and his honor.

The "Irrepressible Conflict" in New York.

Shocking Murder.—It is stated that intense excitement prevails throughout Orange county, N. Y., in consequence of the heartless and deliberate murder of Phineas T. Wood, Esq., a highly respectable resident of Goshen, by a black demon in human form, on Saturday evening week, for no other reason than that the unfortunate man was a union or fusion man, and therefore opposed to the hypocritical republican pretence of negro equality.—The N. York Express says:

A union meeting was held in the town on Saturday evening, and after the adjournment, most of the people having gone home, a gang of black ruffians, some fourteen or fifteen in number, made a furious attack upon a handful who remained in the public house where the meeting was held. The negroes being all stalwart, ferocious fellows, and outnumbering the whites, succeeded in dispersing the latter, leaving their marks on them in many a wound—the negroes remaining masters of the field. The news of the outrage spreading, the white men returned with fresh recruits and administered to the negroes a severe chastisement, after which everything was quiet.—This took place on Thursday evening. On Friday, one of the negroes, thirsting for revenge, paraded the streets of Goshen, with a rifle in his hand, saying he "was going to shoot a damned white democrat," and bawling out that "every democrat ought to have his throat cut." People thought he was not in earnest and did not mind his threats. The negro then, with his gun loaded to the muzzle, proceeded to his home, about three miles out of the village. At this time Mr. Wood happened to be coming along on his way to Goshen, seeing whom, the negro came out and deliberately leveled his gun at him. The gun missed fire, whereupon some words passd between Mr. Wood and his assailant, after which the latter, unheeding the remonstrances of the unhappy man, reprimed his gun, and shot Mr. Wood dead on the spot, the ball taking effect in the back of his head. The miscreant was subsequenty arrested by the authorities and conveyed to prison.

Minute Men in the South.—We have received a printed copy of the constitution and by-laws adopted by the Minute Men of Edgefield, S. C., and which is the model generally adopted throughout the South. The main objects of the association are set forth in the preamble, as follows:

We, the undersigned, citizens of South Carolina, in view of the impending crisis necessarily incident upon the election of a Black republican to the presidency of these United States, and in view of our duties to our section, ourselves and our dearest interests, which must fall in the event of the triumph of northern fanaticism, hereby form ourselves into an association, under the name and style of "Minute Men," and do further solemnly pledge "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor," to sustain southern constitutional equality in the Union, or, failing that, to establish our independence out of it.

Sudden Death of an Old Defender.—Mr. Henry Koons, an old and respectable citizen of York, Pa., died suddenly on Saturday week. The Press says he had been complaining for some days, of a pain in the breast, and on Saturday evening visited Brant's saloon, where he suddenly fell to the floor and immediately expired. The immediate cause of his death is not known, but it is generally believed to be disease of the heart. Mr. Koons was a member of Capt. Michael H. Spangler's company, that marched in defence of Baltimore in the war of 1814.

☞ Why should potatoes grow better than any other vegetable? Because they have eyes to see what they are doing.

The General Result.

The following statement shows at a glance how the several States have cast their electoral votes.

The returns leave no doubt of the election of Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, as President, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, as Vice-President of the United States. The States named have cast their electoral votes as follows:

FOR LINCOLN.	
Maine,	8
New Hampshire,	5
New York,	35
Massachusetts,	13
Rhode Island,	4
Connecticut,	6
Vermont,	5
Pennsylvania,	27
Ohio,	23
Indiana,	13
Michigan,	6
Illinois,	11
Wisconsin,	5
Iowa,	4
Minnesota,	4
	169
Only 152 votes are required to elect.	
FOR BRECKINRIDGE.	
Georgia,	10
North Carolina,	10
South Carolina,	8
Delaware,	3
Louisiana,	6
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
Alabama,	9
Mississippi, (probably,)	6
Maryland,	8
Florida,	3
	65
FOR BELL.	
Kentucky,	12
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
	14
FOR DOUGLAS.	
Missouri, (probably,)	9
New Jersey, (fusion,)	3
	12
DOUBTFUL.	
Virginia,	15
Tennessee, (probably,)	12

NOT HEARD FROM.
Texas 6, California 4, Oregon 3, Arkansas 3.

The Oldest Railroad Conductor in the United States.

Mr. William D Scott, formerly of the Northern Central, now running upon the Pittsburg, Columbus and Cincinnati railroad, between Columbus and Steubenville, is believed to be the oldest conductor now running in the United States. Referring to this fact the Cincinnati Commercial remarks:

Mr. S. commenced his career as a conductor upon the Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad in the year 1831, before the use of steam upon that road, and has been running ever since, except about 18 months devoted to the care of his brother, who was made a cripple for life by the dreadful collision of July 4th, 1854, near Baltimore. Mr. Scott has had many hairbreadth escapes during his long career as a railroad conductor. Upon one occasion, when managing a crowded train of 16 cars, not being able to make his way through the passengers, in order to communicate with the engineer as quickly as he desired, he mounted the roof in order to pass over the top of the cars, when his forehead came in contact with the timbers of a bridge, felling him senseless upon the roof of a car, where he lay unobserved, until the blood trickling down one of the windows gave notice to those within of the dreadful accident to their conductor. The train was stopped and he was removed to a farm house, supposed to be fatally injured. He lay for a long time in a precarious condition, but upon his recovery immediately resumed his place upon the road. Mr. Scott is in every way a model conductor, prompt and energetic in the discharge of his duties.

Railroad Meeting.—A meeting of the Directors of the Reading and Columbia Railroad was held last week in Lancaster. The immediate location of the road was ordered, and is now probably in progress.

☞ The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

A Double Shot.—A young man named Reisinger, one day last week, shot a black snake and a hen hawk, a short distance from Wrightsville, at a single discharge of his gun. The hawk had swooped down and fastened its talons into his snakeship, but was quickly made a prisoner in the coils of the snake, when a novel battle commenced for the mastery, which, however, was speedily terminated by Mr. R. killing the twain.

☞ A car built wholly of iron is now in use between Pittsburg and Cleveland. It will be much safer for passengers in case of a collision, as the material resists crushing, and will be entirely free from splinters. The manufacturers intend to run it over various roads, for the inspection of the public.

☞ Do you suffer after eating, or from acidity of the stomach, heart burn, water brash, wind, burning sensation, or indigestion? Immediate relief can be obtained by using the Oxygenated Bitters.

Cure for Burns.—The "Gazette Medicale" of France says that, by an accident, charcoal has been discovered to be a cure for burns. By laying a piece of cold charcoal upon a burn, the pain subsides immediately. By leaving the charcoal on one hour, the wound is healed, as has been demonstrated on several occasions. The remedy is cheap and simple, and certainly deserves a trial.

Equine Sagacity.—A pair of valuable, well-broken horses, belonging to Mr. Russell Ward, of Holyoke, Mass., coming down the mountain with a load of wood, a few days since, he fell under the wheels, and was unable to move, and the horses held the load without stirring for several hours, when he was discovered and rescued. They had pawed deep holes in the ground, and braced themselves to the load. Had they moved, Mr. W. would have been killed.

Copper Coin.—Adams & Co.'s Express.—We learn from a circular before us that the old copper cents of the United States will be received at the mint in exchange for cents of the new issues. And, further, that the director of the mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, has arranged with the Adams Express Company for the transportation, free of cost, of the old copper cents in sums of $20 and upwards to the mint, and of the new cents in return to all points in the Atlantic States, accessible by railroad and steamboat, and all other places which can be reached by means of conveyance not incurring unreasonable expense.

☞ The largest hotel in the world—as they claim, is now possessed by St. Louis, and is nearly completed. It is to be called the "Lindell Hotel." It is seven stories above the basement; 112 feet above the sidewalk; fronts 272 feet on Washington avenue, 227 on Green street, and will accommodate 1,200 guests. The Lelands, now of the Metropolitan, New York city, are to manage it.

LOCAL MATTERS.

COMMISSIONER.—On Thursday week, WM. B. GARDNER, Esq., was sworn in as County Commissioner. JACOB RAFFENSPERGER, Esq., retired, his term of three years having ended. The out-going Commissioner was a most correct, conscientious and accommodating officer, having in all his actions the interests and the desires of the tax-payers in view. That we may predict the same praiseworthy characteristics in Mr. Gardner, all who know him will readily concede. The affairs of the county never were better or more economically managed than they have been for the last half dozen years, and they are in equally safe hands still.

The Board now consists of Messrs. Daniel Geiselman, James H. Marshall, and Wm. B. Gardner—the former being President. J. M. Walter has been re-appointed Clerk and E. B. Buehler, Esq., Counsel.

DIRECTORS.—On Monday last, Messrs. JACOB MILLER and ISAAC PFOUTZ took their seats in the Board of Directors of the Poor—the former in place of Mr. Andrew White, (than whom a more correct and upright Director never was had,) whose term has expired, and the latter in place of Mr. Christian Musselman, resigned after less than a year's service on account of failing health. These gentlemen are among our best farmers, and are good business men. The care of that institution has again been judiciously entrusted. The Board now consists of Messrs. Abraham Spangler, Isaac Pfoutz and Jacob Miller—the former President.

At a meeting of the Directors, on Saturday last, the following appointments for the coming year were unanimously made: Steward, Jacob Culp; Physician, Dr. A. W. Dorsey; Clerk, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Treasurer, J. B. Danner; Counsel, Wm. McClean.

NOW IS THE TIME.—As the long winter evenings are fast approaching, we would invite all who wish a cheerful fire-side companion to subscribe at once for the *Compiler*. What can be more pleasant than on a cold winter evening, to gather your family around a warm stove, and read to them the contents of a good paper. How the little ones will laugh at the funny anecdotes, whilst the larger ones will treasure up in their minds the useful knowledge gleaned from its well-filled columns, and the love stories will put the old lady in mind of "Auld Lang Syne," and she will trip up stairs to bed as brisk as a lass of sixteen summers. All ye who want pleasant wives, smiling babies and happiness generally, subscribe at once for the *Compiler*.

PROPERTY SALES.—The mansion farm of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township, was recently sold, to Henry Galbraith—121 acres, at $38 87.

Another farm, adjoining, to Joseph Lerew—157 acres, at $31 12½.

A tract of 108 acres, without buildings, to Eliza Galbraith, for $1,590.

Mr. Samuel Wolf, of Mountpleasant township, has purchased a tract of land of Mr. Adam Marshall, at Mount Rock, at the high figure of $1,000—and has since been offered $500 for his bargain. There is a fine body of limestone upon it.

Mr. J. Scott Wilson has purchased the farm of Joseph Creeger, deceased, in Freedom township—175 acres for $2651 25.

Mr. S. A. Cobean has sold his farm in Cumberland township—containing 145 acres—to Mr. Daniel Sandoe, for $5,000.

Mr. Wm. Wisotzky has sold the two-story brick house, adjoining his residence, in Washington street, to Mr. Frederick Freusel, for $700, cash.

LEAP YEAR.—For the benefit of young ladies, we would just mention that a few more weeks will wind up leap year, and then if they have not made good use of the time, their *legal* period to do the courting in will have passed away; and before leap year comes again they will have become old maids, an institution which is now-a-days properly dreaded. Girls, make good use of the coming few weeks in the present year. Rig up yourselves, trim your sails and go out into the streets and captivate whom ye can.

N. B. Needn't come around here.

THANKSGIVING.—The Governor has appointed Thursday, the 29th of November instant, as a day of Thanksgiving—and, of course, our friends will not fail to remember that "the printer" should have his "roast" as well as other people, especially when he acknowledges a decided "hankering" after it.

☞ We are indebted to Mrs. ELIJAH ECKENRODE, of Mounjoy township, for a mammoth head of cabbage, measuring in circumference 2 feet 6 inches, and several turnips, also of the big sort. They were among the finest we have seen this season. Mrs. Eckenrode has our thanks.

☞ Mr. George Settle, of Franklin township, has placed us under obligations for a "mess" of very nice turnips—one of them a mammoth, weighing five or six pounds.

☞ We were shown, at Dr. Stem's, in Cashtown, a few days since, a monster turnip—the weight of which was 11 lbs. 1 oz., and the circumference 28 inches. It was grown by Mr. Levi Irwin, in Buchanan Valley, upon first-rate Democratic soil.

☞ Mr. George Morrison, of Reading township, raised half a bushel from one potato, the past season. This may be set down as a big yield.

☞ One thousand forty-one and a half bushels of buckwheat were grown the past season upon a field belonging to the heirs of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township. York county must look to its laurels.

☞ The season of gayety is rapidly approaching. Soon we shall be in the midst of the holidays—Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year, &c. May they be to all, the poor as well as the rich, occasions of joy and happiness.

☞ Attention is directed to an advertisement of the Directors of the Poor, in another column. A considerable saving will no doubt result from it.

☞ When the "Wide Awakes" were Know Nothings, and consequently not 'wide awake,' they had a famous motto, which read that "the office should seek the man, not the man the office." As an evidence of the progress of political disinterestedness we record the fact, now that Old Abe is elected President, that there are already some twelve to fifteen persons whose patriotism has grown so strong, that they have concluded to sacrifice their peace and happiness, and serve the country as Post Master in our borough. Here is disinterested patriotism for you!

☞ As the Opposition have now elected Curtin, it is desired to know where "the plenty of work this fall," the "free homes for the homeless," and the "lands for the landless," may be found. Who has the giving of them? —and where are they? echo answers 'where?'

☞ The New York correspondent of the Boston Post says that the author of Rutledge is Miss Harriet Lane, the niece of President Buchanan.

A Little Boy Rewarded for his Humanity. —The track of the Wilmington and Atlanta (Ga.) railroad was washed away by rain in the night not long ago, and a little boy, discovering the damage, walked up the track and stopped a coming train in time to prevent a dreadful catastrophe. The little fellow is to be sent to the Georgia Military Institute at the expense of the State.

☞ The Pekin Visitor says: "Coming home a few mornings since, we met a man attempting to walk on both sides of the street. By a skillful manœuvre we passed between him."

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. —Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

FROM GEORGE W. ETTER, ESQ., LUMBER MERCHANT.

MIDDLETOWN, DAUPHIN CO., PA., Apr. 24, '60.
Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co.—

About seven months since I was severely afflicted with Whooping Cough, and had almost given up the hope of recovery. It was a most violent attack of this destructive and dangerous disease. I had tried every remedy which I had heard recommended, but they all failed entirely, until a trial of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY was commenced, the use of which gave immediate relief. Under similar circumstances, rather than be without the Balsam I would pay fifty dollars for a bottle of it, believing that it is the only certain antidote for the disease. I most cheerfully recommend this invaluable remedy to the public.

GEORGE W. ETTER.

FROM DAVID SLIFER, ESQ.

LEWISBURG, PA., May 7, 1860.
Seth W. Fowle & Co.,

Gentlemen: I have used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and believe it to be an excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Inflammation of the Lungs, and I recommend it most cheerfully. DAVID SLIFER.

☞ *Caution to Purchasers.*—The only *genuine Wistar's Balsam* has the *written* signature of "I. BUTTS" and the printed one of the Proprietors on the outer wrapper; all other is vile and worthless.

☞ Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; E. Hiteshew, York Springs; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; Solomon Chronister, Hampton; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; D. E. Hollinger, Abbottstown; M Statter, New Oxford; John Miller, Littlestown; and by dealers everywhere.
Nov. 12, 1860. 4w

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on. To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any thing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOB MOSES, (Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.) Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1 00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.
June 11, '60. 1yeow

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL AND TOILET RECEIPT BOOK.—This book contains Recipes and Directions for making all the most valuable Medical preparations in use; also Recipes and full and explicit directions for making all the most popular and useful Cosmetics, Perfumes, Unguents, Hair Restoratives, and all Toilet Articles. If you are suffering with any chronic disease—if you wish a beautiful complexion, a fine head of hair, a smooth face, a clear skin, a luxuriant beard or moustache—or if you wish to know anything and everything in the Medical and Toilet line, you should, by all means, peruse a copy of this book. For full particulars, and a sample of the work for perusal, (free,) address the publisher.

T. F. CHAPMAN,
No. 831 Broadway, New York.
Nov. 5. 3m

☞ THE PUBLIC BLESSING which is now universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers head aches, piles, costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicines now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 335 Broadway, N. Y., and by S. S. Forney Agent, Gettysburg. [Feb. 13. 1y

A CARD TO YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—The subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.* Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,)

JAS. T. MARSHALL,
Practical Chemist,
No. 32 City Buildings, New York.
Aug. 20, 1860. 3m

☞ We would advise our readers who may be attracted to the city by the Cattle Show, Institute Exhibition, or business, not to neglect paying a visit to the extensive Furniture Establishment of A. MATHIOT & SON. They will find in their Fall Stock the grandest assortment of Household Furniture ever manufactured in any establishment in the country, consisting of Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, together with a splendid assortment of plain, well made articles, suiting the most extravagant or economical tastes. As the Messrs. Mathiot are always pleased to exhibit their stock, an invitation to call, if merely for the gratification of curiosity, is extended to all.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS,
Nos. 25 and 27 North Gay St.,
Oct. 15. 5t Near Fayette, Baltimore.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.
Oct. 22, 1860. 1y

Official Vote of Pennsylvania—1860.

Governor.		
Counties.	Curtin.	Foster.
Adams,	2773	2849
Allegheny,	15879	9190
Armstrong,	3474	2698
Beaver,	2682	1715
Bedford,	2464	2561
Berks,	6833	10318
Blair,	3051	2172
Bradford,	6664	2328
Bucks,	6383	6330
Butler,	3526	2548
Cambria,	2177	2583
Carbon,	1722	1930
Centre,	3165	2824
Chester,	7540	5913
Clarion,	1795	2297
Clearfield,	1756	2040
Clinton,	1750	1703
Columbia,	1848	2586
Crawford,	5277	3178
Cumberland,	3625	3716
Dauphin,	4555	3302
Delaware,	3183	1996
Elk,	421	633
Erie,	5613	2469
Fayette,	3382	3556
Forrest,	125	66
Franklin,	4053	3379
Fulton,	828	957
Greene,	1529	2669
Huntingdon,	3070	2114
Indiana,	3672	1886
Jefferson,	1886	1493
Juniata,	1503	1465
Lancaster,	13012	7153
Lawrence,	2645	959
Lebanon,	3847	2234
Lehigh,	4166	4566
Luzerne,	6662	6916
Lycoming,	3615	3034
M'Kean,	1048	706
Mercer,	3624	2794
Mifflin,	1723	1490
Monroe,	822	2163
Montgomery,	5812	7392
Montour,	983	1220
Northampton,	3507	5249
Northumberland,	2429	2955
Perry,	2416	2128
Philadelphia,	40233	42119
Pike,	324	843
Potter,	1410	615
Schuylkill,	7301	7067
Snyder,	1704	1134
Somerset,	2977	1372
Sullivan,	394	543
Susquehanna,	4110	2456
Tioga,	4147	1331
Union,	1820	1019
Venango,	2581	2422
Warren,	2112	1172
Washington,	4768	4206
Wayne,	2610	2537
Westmoreland,	4830	5276
Wyoming,	1192	1365
York,	5322	6665
Total,	262349	230259

The Gold Dollars.

The Associated Press agents telegraph from Washington as follows: "As much has recently been said in public prints about the re-coining of gold dollars into pieces of larger denominations, it may be stated that orders for that purpose had been issued by the Treasury Department on two special occasions only; and then on representations that the smaller coins occasioned much inconvenience in the receipts and disbursements; for no sooner are they paid out than they are again returned in business transactions, there appearing to be a redundance of them among commercial classes. The assistant treasurer at New York was, for the greater facility in counting, authorized to have about two millions of them recoined, and the assistant treasurer at St. Louis upward of one hundred and fifty thousand for similar reasons. This re-coining, however, applies to the original or earlier issues, which, it is known, are smaller in circumference and thicker than the later or superior coin. Of the former there are now nine millions, and of the latter six millions in circulation. While the gold dollars are a great convenience in small, it is considered that there is a redundance of them for large transactions, and hence the recent special orders in relation to the new coinage. There does not seem to be any purpose so to reduce the amount of this description of dollar as to inconvenience the public."

Tenacity of Life in the Terrapin.

A singular fact came under our observation on Saturday last, which goes to prove the remarkable fact that a terrapin can live longer than any other living creature, without food or water. Early in the spring Major John Brady purchased a dozen terrapins, used seven of them at his hotel, and placed the other five in a box, with the intention of taking them to Loretto in the summer. The box was placed in the back yark, and the terrapins were entirely forgotten until Friday evening last, when the box was opened and they were all found alive and in as good condition as when placed in the box. For a period of five months they had no food and no water, except the little that found its way through the holes of the box when it rained.

It would be an interesting experiment in natural history to pen up a terrapin and see how long it actually could live on the recollection of what it did eat when at liberty.—We think this throws the fabled idea of the bear sucking his paw during the winter entirely in the shade.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

A Silver Mountain.

The excitement concerning the newly discovered silver mines, says the Oregon City *Argus*, on the head-waters of the Molalla, seems to be getting intense. Parties are continually arriving in town, making their outfit, and departing for the silver regions. A party from town went out this week and returned, after each one had taken out a claim of one hundred feet front, running to the top of the mountain. The amount of silver supposed to be there is almost fabulous. D. P. Thompson, Esq., one of the returned party, thinks the mountain is a mass of silver ore, containing probably hundreds of millions of the mineral—or at any rate double as much as there is in the Santiam mines, which were stated by us to amount to 100,000,000 of tons, which, at $5,333 to the ton, (estimated,) would give $5,333,000,000. Supposing the Molalla silver mines to contain 200,000,000 of tons, and to be equally as rich as the Santiam ore, there is no question but they are worth $1,066,600,000,000.

A Monster Press.—The Scientific American thus describes a monster steam press, upon which Moses S. Beach, who has just retired from the New York Sun, is at work:

He is even now just completing the construction of a monster steam printing press, by which the sheets are cut from rolls, dampened, printed on both sides, at the rate of forty thousand impressions an hour, folded up, counted and delivered from the machine, ready for the carrier and the mail. This machine is as high as a common two-story country dwelling house; and it will, when finished if the expectations of its inventor are realized, constitute a most extraordinary specimen of mechanical skill and ingenuity.

Fated.—A few years ago, an engineer was killed on the Central Ohio Railroad, just as he was about to be married. The young lady to whom he was engaged afterwards married a Mr. James Frease, and he, a short time since, was seriously injured in an accident which occurred at almost the same spot; and now, to crown all, the lady herself has been thrown from a carriage, and instantly killed.

Early Snow in California.—The Marysville (Cal.) Appeal of the 6th October says there had been quite a smart fall of snow in the mountains east of that town. It lay about eight inches deep on the road between North San Juan and Forest City, a distance of forty miles, and higher up it was deeper.

☞"Where are you going?" asked a little boy of another, who slipped down on the icy pavement. "Going to get up," was the blunt reply.

The Election of Wm. E. Lehman.—Harrisburg, Nov. 8th.—The Governor has issued a proclamation declaring that Wm. E. Lehman is the duly elected member of Congress from the first congressional district of Pennsylvania, instead of Butler, republican, who received his certificate through fraud.

☞The majority in Maryland for Breckinridge over Bell is 389; over Douglas 30,144; over Lincoln 33,427. The combined Democratic vote of Breckinridge and Douglas over Bell is 5,870.

Damaging Exposure of Horace Greeley.—Another political sensation in New York is the unearthing of a letter, written by Horace Greeley, when proprietor of the New Yorker, soliciting subscriptions in Mississippi, and half promising to keep dark on the slavery question as an offset. The letter was published in Saturday's Evening Express.

Postmaster.—The Tyrone *Star* says that there are sixteen applicants for the Post Office in that place. Salary $800, and a big fight expected.

Cure for Neuralgia.—A California paper gives the following as a sure cure for neuralgia: Half a drachm of sal ammoniac in an ounce of camphor water, to be taken a teaspoonful at a dose, and the dose repeated several times, at intervals of five minutes, if the pain be not relieved at once.

☞An Australian says that cobwebs are a complete cure for dysentery. He takes them in pills, four a day. They are also used for fever and ague.

☞A witty fellow slipped down on an icy pavement. While sitting, he muttered, "I have no desire to see the town burnt down, but I sincerely wish to see the streets laid in ashes."

☞Senator Bright denounces the story that he voted for any black republican at the late State election in Indiana as a vile slander.

☞It is said that Mrs. Dan Rice has brought a suit for divorce against her husband. The wrongs of which she complains are not stated.

THE MARKETS.

GETTYSBURG—Saturday last.

Superfine Flour	5 00 to 5 25
Rye Flour	3 25
White Wheat	1 15 to 1 25
Red Wheat	1 10 to 1 15
Corn	55
Rye	70
Oats	26
Buckwheat	48
Clover Seed	5 25 to 5 50
Timothy Seed	1 50 to 1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Plaser of Paris	6 50
Plaster ground, per bag	1 00

BALTIMORE—Friday last.

Flour	5 50 to 5 56
Wheat	1 15 to 1 55
Rye	75 to 80
Corn	67 to 75
Oats	31 to 34
Clover Seed	6 12 to 6 57
Timothy Seed	3 00 to 3 50
Beef Cattle, per hund	5 50 to 7 50
Hogs, per hund	8 00 to 8 25
Hay	12 00 to 16 50
Whiskey	20 to 21
Guano, Peruvian, per ton	62 00

HANOVER—Thursday last.

Flour, from wagons	5 50
Do. from stores	6 00
Wheat	1 18 to 1 30
Rye	72
Corn	60
Oats	31
Clover Seed	5 50
Timothy Seed	2 00
Plaster	6 25

MARRIED.

At Rosedale, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. H. Bishop, Mr. MAXWELL P. SHIELDS, of Emmitsburg, to Miss SUE, daughter of John Musselman, Esq.

On the 30th ult., by the Rev. H. Bishop, Mr. WM. J. OVELMAN to Miss JANE E. SIX.

On the 30th ult., near Dillsburg, at the residence of John Galentine, by the Rev. A. Fishrock, Mr. JOHN A. ZIEGLER, of Adams county, to Mrs. MARY JANE GOTWALT, of York county.

On the 1st inst., at the Ev. Lutheran Parsonage, in Littlestown, by the Rev. S. Henry, Mr. JACOB S. BOWERS, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss EMELINE FEESER, of this county.

On the 25th ult., at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Petersburg, Adams county, by the Rev. P. Raby, Mr. URIAH WILLIAMS to Miss LIZZIE HIMES, both of Chester Springs, Chester co.

DIED.

At the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Z. Rodgers, in this place, on Thursday week, Mr. SAMUEL STEFFY, aged 51 years.

On the 30th of Sept., HENRY JACOB; on the 2d of Oct., SARAH CATHARINE; and on the 13th of Oct., ANNA MARIA BARBARA—children of Daniel and Barbara Trostle, of this county.

On the 1st inst., in Bendersville, WILLIAM HARRISON, son of Hiram Myers, aged 2 years 11 months and 24 days.

FOR THE COMPILER.

LINES on the Death of FRANKLIN PIERCE, who died on the 18th of Oct., 1860, aged 4 years 7 months and 4 days, son of Jacob and Margaret Fetterhoff, of Mountjoy township.

Another hand is beckoning on,
Another call is given,
And glows once more with angel's steps,
The path which reaches Heaven.

One young and gentle friend, whose smile
Made brighter summer hours,
Amid the frosts of Autumn time,
Has left us with the flowers.

A paling of the cheek of bloom,
Forewarned us of decay,
A shadow from the silent land
Fell round our brother's way.

The light of his young life went down,
As sinks behind the hill
The glory of a setting star,
Clear, suddenly, and still.

Alone unto our Father's will
One thought had reconciled,
That He whose love exceeded ours'
Hath taken home his child.

Fold him, oh! Father, in thine arms,
And let him henceforth be
A messenger of love between
Our human hearts and thee.

The Saviour with inviting voice
Says, let your children come,
For them there's love within my breast,
And in my kingdom room. M. F.

Dividend.

Bank of Gettysburg, Nov. 6, 1860.

THE President and Directors of this Institution have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on and after Monday, the 12th inst.

Nov. 12, '60. T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale the Property in which he now resides, situate in East Middle street, Gettysburg, adjoining S. R. Tipton on the west and Mrs. McElroy on the east, with an alley in the rear. THE HOUSE is a two-story Frame, Weatherboarded, with Back-building; a well of water, with a pump in it, at the door; and a variety of fruit, such as apples, pears, peaches, apricots, cherries, and grapes, all the most choice.

ZACHARIAH MYERS.

Nov. 12, 1860. tf

T. E. Cook & Sons

HAVE established a Depot at Maj. John Scott's, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. Fine thrifty Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, carefully transplanted there for sale.

☞Call and see them—satisfaction warranted. [Nov. 12, 1860. tf

H. G. Carr's

IS the place to get the cheapest Wollen Undershirts in town, and the cheapest Wollen Drawers—only 75 cents each. A fine article of Wollen Roundabouts and Comforts—all cheaper than at any other place in town. [Nov. 12.

Notice

TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, AND TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Whereas orders signed by two Justices of the Peace for the admission of the Poor into the House of Employment for the County of Adams, are very frequently directed to the Directors of the Poor and the said House of Employment, and fees for the said orders claimed, under Acts of Assembly not applicable to this County:

And whereas, it is enacted by the Act of 13th March, 1839, the provisions of which were extended to Adams county by the Act of 7th April, 1840, that the poor shall be admitted on an order granted by any one of the Directors, or by ONE Justice of the Peace, for which no Justice of the Peace shall be entitled to fees or reward:

Notice is hereby given by the said Directors, that NO FEES FOR JUSTICES' ORDERS WILL BE PAID; and further, it is recommended that applications for admission or relief be made to one of the Directors, when convenient to the applicant; otherwise, applications within the County, for admission, shall be made but to one Justice, upon whose order no fee will be paid.

Orders left with the Steward will be promptly executed.

ABRAHAM SPANGLER,
ISAAC PFOUTZ,
JACOB MILLER,
Directors.

Attest—D. C. Brinkerhoff, *Clerk.*
Nov. 12, 1860. 3t

Look!

SEE, AND BEHOLD THE GREAT DOWNFALL OF PRICES!—H. G. CARR having just returned from the city is selling goods lower than ever—for instance Ladies' fine silk fleecy lined Gauntlets at 62½ cents per pair, Ladies' fine Merino Hose at 37½ cents, Ladies' fine Cassimere Hose at 40 cents, fine white Pocket Handkerchiefs at 8 cents. Gentlemen's fine Cassimere Hose at 28 cents, Gent's all wool country made Hose at 25 cents. Pocket Knives, Combs, Brushes, both hair and clothes, in fact every thing belonging to either a Lady's or Gentleman's toilet; and last, but not least, his stock of QUEENSWARE we think can't be beat for style and prices, common teas as low as 18 cents per set, and from that up to 75 cents per set for the very best of Stone China Cups and Saucers and everything else in the Queensware line in proportion.

Come one! Come all! and give me a call. Don't forget the place, in York street, next door to Saupee's bakery. H. G. CARR.

N. B. The subscriber also has constantly on hand a fine assortment of GROCERIES of all kinds—good table Molasses at 12 cents per quart, New York Golden Syrup at 56 cents per gallon. [Nov. 12, 1860.

Photography

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, executed in the best style known in the art, at C. G. CRANE'S GALLERY, 532 Arch Street, East of Sixth, Philadelphia. LIFE SIZE in Oil and Pastil, Stereoscopic Portraits, Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c., for Cases, Medallions, Pins, Rings, &c. [Nov. 12, 1860. 1y

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Gettysburg, Nov. 12, 1860.

Arnold Washington
Butler H. D. 2
Biglar Daniel
Baldwin A. C.
Carroll Mrs.
Clark John
Flagg E. H.
Grove & Schmuck
Groft Mrs. Sarah
Gaddess Wm. N.
Getty M. C.
Gehr John
Godin George
Gillock R. L.
Gitt Daniel D.
Hartzell Jacob
Haller E. J. E.
Horner John F.
Howek William H.
Haffey Miss Sarah
Hursh Josiah D.
Jacobs Miss Emily
Johnston John
Jobson Ann
Johnson A. C.
Johns John
Knepp E.
Long G. W.
Little Miss L. K.
Mahon James T.
McCleary R. F.
Myles Joseph
Maloney E. F.
McDowell Robert
Michael John 2
Munshower Henry
McCready L. L.
Miller Joseph
Miller Mrs. Catharine
Miller J.
Miller Jacob
Prior Asa B. 3
Rash Mrs. Maria
Reid Mrs. E.
Reed F. G.
Shears P.
Scull Edward
Soonyer Joseph
Stoltz William
Seabner Mrs. Mus
Sandoe Edmund
Smith James A. M.
Thomas George W.
Tate D. 2
Thompson James
Twomey Edmund
Tosh Joseph
Ulrich John
Vormold Peter
Winslow Hiram
Walker H. S.
Widensall Robert
White John
Weisgerber Charles
Ziegler A.
Zanning Ephraim

GEORGE GEYER, *P. M.*

☞Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised.

Genuine Family Liquors.

WM. B. MOREHOUSE & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in BRANDIES, WINES, GINS & SEGARS, beg leave to call the attention of citizens of the United States to their Pure Wines and Liquors, put up under their own supervision, for Family and Medicinal use, in cases assorted to suit customers. Clubs, Military and other public bodies, who require to purchase in large or small quantities, in casks or bottles, will be liberally dealt with. Price List sent on application.

OLD MOREHOUSE BITTERS.—Recommended by the first physicians as the best remedy known for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Debility, and all Nervous Diseases. As a beverage, it is pure, wholesome, and delicious to the taste.—Sold by all Druggists.

WM. B. MOREHOUSE & CO., Prop'rs,
3 & 5 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J.

P. S.—The subscribers wish to engage a few active men, as Local and Traveling Agents for their house, to whom liberal inducements will be offered. For particulars, address as above.

Nov. 5, 1860. 3m

J. Palmer & Co.,

MARKET STREET WHARF, PHILAD'A., Dealers in Fish, Cheese and Provisions, have constantly on hand an assortment of Dried and Pickled Fish, &c., viz: Mackerel, Shad, Salmon, Blue Fish, Herrings, Codfish, Beef, Pork, Lard, Shoulders, Hams, Sides, Cheese, Beans, Rice, &c. [Oct. 6, '60. 3m

Bargains!

SELLING OFF AT COST!—A large stock of Goods at the Store of J. C. GUINN & BRO. A large portion of the Goods are just fresh from the City. Also—the Books of said Firm are at my office for settlement—all persons indebted please call without delay.

R. G. McCREARY,
Oct. 29, 1860. 6t Attorney, &c.

Rush to Schick's!

NEW GOODS!—J. L. SCHICK, S. W. corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, respectfully calls the attention of purchasers to his new and splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS! His stock is so large and so well arranged to suit town and country trade, that it is impossible to even make mention of his most desirable goods. All he asks is for persons to call and examine his complete stock. They will go away well pleased and soon return for more. He has a full stock of DRESS GOODS, of every description: Plain and figured Merinoes and Cashmeres, all wool Plaids, all wool Delaines, cotton Plaids, plain and figured. Valencias, French Reefs, Arabian Stripes, Velours, Lavellas, Gruevellas and Mous de Lains, all prices. A large stock of Traveling Dress Goods, plain and figured Silks, Flounces. A full and complete stock of Prints constantly on hand.—CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Duster Cloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans; French, English and American Shawls, Plaid and Knitted Shawls for Children—all styles and prices. House-furnishing Goods of every description. A full and complete stock of Notions, Perfumery, Jewelry, Hosiery, Gloves, Gents' and Ladies' Gauntlets, Wool Capes and Hoods, of the very latest styles. Thread and Cotton Edgings, Laces, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

ALL COME! No trouble to show Goods.
Oct. 29, 1860.

New Goods! New Goods!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS would respectfully inform the public that they have returned from the Cities with the largest, cheapest and prettiest stock of GOODS ever opened in the County, consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, Domestics, &c., all of which will be offered so low, as to defy competition. ☞Give us a call. No trouble to show Goods at the sign of the RED FRONT.

Oct. 22, 1860.

BLANKET SHAWLS, all varieties and prices, at A. SCOTT & SON'S cheap store.

Valuable Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—That DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, one door south of the Post Office, in Gettysburg, with alleys on the north and east, and adjoining Prof. Muhlenberg on the south. It consists of a HALF LOT OF GROUND, with a Two-story Roughcast Dwelling HOUSE, and a large two-story Brick Back-building, thereon; also a well of water in front and a (partnership) well in the rear of the dwelling.

☞This property was for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, and is one of the most desirable in the town for business of any kind. A chance to purchase property so central is rarely offered, and capitalists will find this a rare chance. Apply to JACOB BENNER,
Agent for the Owners.

Nov. 2, 1860. 4t

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 21st of November inst.*, upon the premises, A HALF LOT OF GROUND, fronting on South Baltimore street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, bounded by lots of Misses Rowe and Dr. John Rankle, and having an alley in the rear. The improvements are a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, two-story Brick Back-building, log Stable, with a Carriage-house, Smoke-house, and other out-buildings. There is on the premises an excellent well of water, and also a cistern. Also a small LOT OF GROUND, in the rear of the above described Lot, and separated from the same by an alley, adjoining lots of Dr. John Rankle, George Shryock, and Daniel K. Snyder.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance given and terms made known by J. L. HILL,
Nov. 5, 1860. ts Testamentary Trustee.

Three Desirable Farms

FOR SALE.—One adjoining, and the other two are 4 miles south of the Borough of Gettysburg. GEO. ARNOLD.
Oct. 29, 1860. tf

Assignee's Notice.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Assignee, under a deed of trust for the benefit of creditors, of Jacob F. Reinisger, of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said Assignor, to make immediate payment to the undersigned, residing in said borough, and those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. A. DUNCAN, *Assignee.*

Selling Off!

☞The Assignee will dispose of Mr. Reininger's STOCK OF GOODS by retail, AT REDUCED PRICES and on accommodating terms.
Oct. 22, 1860. tt

Notice.

JACOB LUTZ'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Lutz, late of Conowago township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB HOSTETTER, *Adm'r.*
Oct. 22, 1860. 6t

O Yes! O Yes!

THE undersigned offers his services to the public as an Auctioneer and Sale Crier, and solicits a share of patronage from his friends. Charges moderate. Residence in High street, near the Jail. ISAAC LIGHTNER.
Gettysburg, Oct. 29, 1860.

Notice---Pay Up

THE undersigned, being about to remove to Hagerstown, is desirous of having his books settled up with as little delay as possible. For that purpose he gives this public notice that all accounts not settled on or before the first day of December next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

C. R. DORAN, M. D.
Oct. 29, 1860. 3t

Taxes---Pay Up!

THE unsettled State, County and Military Taxes and Quit Rents of the Borough of Gettysburg for 1857, have been transferred to me by H. G. Carr for collection. All these back-standing taxes must be paid at or before the November Court—otherwise suits will be brought for the same. The Duplicates are in the hands of Esquire Covers, to whom payments must be made. ANDREW POLLEY.
Oct. 29, 1860. 3t

20,000 Pounds

OF PORK WANTED in December next, for which CASH will be paid. Farmers who have the article for sale, will do well by calling and making engagements with the subscriber, at his Flour, Bacon & Grocery Store, in West Middle street, Gettysburg. GEO. LITTLE.
Nov. 2, 1860. 4t

Election.

Bank of Gettysburg, Nov. 2, 1860.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for Thirteen Directors, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house, on Monday, the 19th day of November.

☞A general meeting of the Stockholders will take place at the same time.

Nov. 2, '60. te T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

Roman Eye Balsam,

FOR INFLAMED EYELIDS, and for the cure of Scrofulous Humors and soreness surrounding or near the Eye. In all diseases of this character it is almost a certain cure. The following extract from a letter just received, refers to one of the many similar cases constantly reported:

Jersey City, Oct. 29th, 1859.

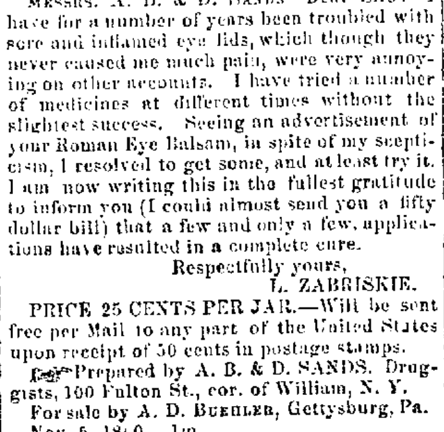
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Dear Sirs: I have for a number of years been troubled with sore and inflamed eye lids, which though they never caused me much pain, were very annoying on other accounts. I have tried a number of medicines at different times without the slightest success. Seeing an advertisement of your Roman Eye Balsam, in spite of my scepticism, I resolved to get some, and at least try it. I am now writing this in the fullest gratitude to inform you (I could almost send you a fifty dollar bill) that a few and only a few, applications have resulted in a complete cure.

Respectfully yours,
L. ZABRISKIE.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER JAR.—Will be sent free per Mail to any part of the United States upon receipt of 50 cents in postage stamps.

☞Prepared by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton St., cor. of William, N. Y.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 5, 1860. 1m



A New Feature

IN the business of the *Excelsior Sky-light Gallery.* During our last visit to the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, we selected a splendid assortment of STEREOSCOPIC PICTURES, comprising English, French, Venitian, Egyptian, Italian and American Scenery, Statuary Groups, &c. Our prices for pictures will range from 12 to 40 cents apiece. We also have a fine lot of STEREOSCOPIC BOXES, which we offer at reduced prices. The public generally are invited to call and see our large revolving Box, containing 50 pictures, and we insure to all lovers of the Fine Arts a pleasant visit.

We are also prepared to make Stereoscopic Pictures, either Portraits or Views, at reasonable rates. TYSON & BRO.,
Photographers,
April 16, 1860. Gettysburg, Pa.

DO not forget to call at A. SCOTT & SON'S, if you want to buy cheap Dress Goods: such as Cashmeres, De Laines, Printed Merinoes, Coburgs, &c., all of new and fashionable designs.

Valuable Mill Property

AND REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of Michael Herring, deceased, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., will offer at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 29th day of November inst.*, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described tracts of land with improvements, to wit:

No. 1.—A TRACT OF LAND, situate in said township, containing 10 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a large Three-story GRIST MILL, part stone and part frame, good LOG HOUSE, good Stable, and other necessary out-buildings. The Mill is nearly new, having 2 pair of Burrs, 1 pair of Choppers, and a Corn-drier. The machinery is all good, and in complete order. It is located on Marsh creek, in Carroll's Tract, one of the best grain growing regions in the County. The Water-right will be sold with the Mill.

No. 2.—A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, containing 64 ACRES and 126 Perches, adjoining lands of Henry Biesecker, David Metz, and others. Ten Acres are cleared and under good fencing—the balance is covered with good Rock Oak, Pine and Chesnut Timber.

No. 3.—A TRACT OF WOOD-LAND, situate in Franklin township, containing 24 ACRES and 51 Perches, adjoining Tract No. 1, lands of Levi Pitzer, Henry Biesecker and others. This Tract is well covered with good oak and hickory timber.

Persons wishing to view the Property will call upon either of the undersigned, the first named of which resides within a half mile of the Mill, the other near Heidlersburg.

A pair of good Copper Stills will also be sold at the same time.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

JAMES LINN,
GEORGE WALTER,
Nov. 2, 1860. ts *Administrators.*

House and Lot

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Thursday, the 15th day of November inst.*, the following described Property, viz: A LOT OF GROUND, in a high state of cultivation, situated in Oxford township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Simon Sligle, Cyrus Diller, and the Railroad, containing 2½ Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a half story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE. There is a good LIME-STONE QUARRY on the lot.

☞Sale to commence at 3 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

McCURDY & CRASS.
Nov. 2, 1860. ts

Town Property

FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale their property on the North side of East York street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, bounded by an alley on the West and in the rear, and adjoining lot of Mrs. Susan Smyers on the East, containing one third of an acre, more or less, having a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, a One-story Weatherboarded Dwelling House, Bake-oven, and a Well of Water. The property is convenient to the Railroad.

☞If not sold by *Saturday, the 1st day of December next*, it will then be offered at Public Sale, on the premises.

Persons wishing to purchase will make application to M. & W. McClean, Esqs.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

GEORGE W. CRONISE.
ANNA MARY L. CRONISE.
Oct. 29, 1860. ts

Collectors, Take Notice.

THE Collectors of Taxes for 1859 and previous years, in the different townships of Adams county, are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their duplicates on or before the *19th day of November next*, on which day the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations, &c.

The Collectors of the present year will be required to pay over to the County Treasurer all monies that may be collected by the November Court.

JACOB RAFENSPERGER,
DANIEL GEISELMAN,
JAS. H. MARSHALL,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. Walter, Clerk.
Oct. 22, 1860. td

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, *on Monday, the 19th of November next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

221. The first and final account of Dr. Jacob P. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of Caroline M. Martin, deceased.

222. The account of Zachariah Myers, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of Rebecca Smyser, late of the county of St. Joseph, in the State of Indiana, dec'd.

223. The first and final account of Peter K. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of Andrew Smith, deceased.

224. The first and final account of George Swope, Executor of the last will and testament of Henry Swope, deceased.

225. The first and final account of George Swope, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Little, late of Gettysburg, dec'd.

226. The account of Dr. E. F. Shorb, Joseph L. Shorb and Wm. McSherry, Esqs., Executors of the last will and testament of Dr. Joseph A. Shorb, deceased.

227. The account of Wm. McClean, Administrator of the estate of Rebecca Kosht, dec'd.

228. The first and final account of Moses McClean, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Matilda Scanlan, dec'd.

229. The first and final account of Joseph Fleck, Administrator of the estate of Mary Stoner, deceased.

230. The first and final account of Philip Sweney, Executor of the last will and testament of Hugh Sweney, dec'd.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1860.

Notice.

THE first and final account of Joel B. Danner, Esq., Assignee of Henry S. Minnigh, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court, on the 19th day of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

Notice.

PETER JOHNS'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Peter Johns, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Gettysburg, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Adm'r.*
Oct. 15, 1860. 6t

Pay Up!

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm name of Danner & Ziegler, Jrs., having been dissolved, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to them, by Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same before the first day of January next, at which time their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Nov. 2, 1860.

Notice.

MARY HILDEBRAND'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Hildebrand, late of Huntington twp., Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB GARDNER, JR., *Ex'r.*
Nov. 2, 1860. 6t*

CLOCKS, Accordeons, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, &c., together with all kinds of Notions, and Gentlemen's furnishing Goods of every description, to be had at PICKING'S.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN pursuance of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, *on Saturday, the 17th day of November next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on West York street, Gettysburg, Adams county, adjoining property of David McConaughy, Esq., on the east, and on the west the property of George E. Bringman, on the north by a public alley—on which is erected a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with an attic, a Two-story Brick Back-building, a good Frame Stable, with Frame Shed attached, Wood Shed and Smoke House, a Cistern, Cellar under the front building, also the privilege of a private alley to the back building. Taken in execution as the property of William W. Paxton.

SAMUEL WOLF, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 29, '60.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith, the property will again be put up for sale.

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 17th day of November next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Real Estate of Jacob Mundorff, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, consisting of the following described Tracts of Land, all situate in said township, to wit:

NO. 1: THE MANSION TRACT, containing about 141 Acres of land, adjoining Jacob Deardorff, Andrew Hartman, Barnhardt Deardorff, Hezekiah Latshaw, & others, on which are erected a Two-story STONE HOUSE, with a one and a half story building with basement attached. There is a neverfailing well of water near the door, Bank Barn, part stone and part frame, with Sheds, Corn Crib, &c., attached. Also a Log Tenant House and Stable.

LARGE THREE-STORY BRICK GRIST MILL, with three pair of burrs and one pair of choppers—all in complete running order.

A SAW MILL, with water power sufficient at all times; Two-story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE near the Mill, Frame Stable, &c.—This property offers rare inducements to bidders. The Mill is on Marsh Creek, a half mile from the Chambersburg and Gettysburg Turnpike, 5 miles from Gettysburg, 2 miles from Mummasburg, and about the same distance from Cashtown. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been all limed. There is a sufficiency of excellent meadow, and a large body of good Timber-land.

NO. 2: A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 15 Acres and 18 Perches, adjoining lands of Adam Rebert, Jacob Deardorff, Mary M. Brough, and others, divided into three fields, and under good fencing, and having been limed is in a good condition for farming.

NO. 3: A TRACT OF TIMBER-LAND, situate immediately above Hilltown, containing 10 Acres and 133 Perches, more or less, adjoining lands of Solomon Hartman, Peter Shall, and others.

☞Persons wishing to view the property will call upon either of the Administrators, (the first named living near the Mill,) by whom attendance will be given and terms made known.

ADAM REBERT,
CHARLES B. POLLEY,
Administrators.

By the Court—H. G. Wolf, Clerk.

☞If not sold on said day, the Property will be offered for Rent at public outcry.

Oct. 29, 1860. ts

Prof. L. Miller's

HAIR INVIGORATOR.—An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases, causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a fresh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning gray until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to its original hue, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in dressing the hair, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a standard toilet article which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the children's hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a good head of hair, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile of LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y., blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

☞I also desire to present to the American public my New and Improved Instantaneous LIQUID HAIR DYE which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin—warranted the best article of the kind in existence. PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS. Depot, 56 Dey Street, New York.

Oct. 29, 1860. 1y

Gettysburg

BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM, S. E. Corner of Centre Square.—The public are respectfully requested to bear in mind that at this Store may be found a large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, of the best material.

The subscriber, having just returned from Philadelphia, where he selected with care and upon the best terms, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, his stock is now full and complete and he flatters himself that he can please the most fastidious. Call and examine my stock. Custom made Boots and Shoes always on hand. R. F. McILHENY.

Oct. 22, 1860.

Notice.

THE first and final account of John Herr, Committee of Jacob Lutz, (a lunatic) has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court, on the 19th day of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

Notice.

THE first and final account of Joel B. Danner, Esq., Assignee of Henry S. Minnigh and Ephraim H. Minnigh, doing business as partners under the firm of H. S. & E. H. Minnigh, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court on the 19th day of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHEY, Proth'y.
Oct. 22, 1860. 4t*

BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

Gin as a Remedial Agent.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT, especially designed for the use of the *Medical Profession* and the *Family*, having superceded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those *intrinsic* medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established in 1778.) Sole Proprietors;
No. 19 Broad street, N. Y.

For sale by FRENCH RICHARDS & CO., W. W. & H. SMITH, and all of the prominent Wholesale Druggists in Philadelphia.

Oct. 15, 1860. 1y

Dr. Mott's

CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE *PILLS OF IRON.*

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Misenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bedridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant Costiveness.

In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In Intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects.—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents,
Oct. 15, 1860. 1y 20 Cedar St., N. Y.

Handsome Women.

TO THE LADIES.—HUNT'S "BLOOM OF ROSES." A rich and elegant color for the cheeks or lips. IT WILL NOT WASH OR RUB OFF, and when once applied, remains durable for years. The tint is so rich and natural, that the closest scrutiny fails to detect its use. Can be removed by lemon juice and will not injure the skin. This is a new preparation, used by the celebrated Court Beauties of London and Paris. Mailed free, in bottles, with directions for use, for $1 00.

HUNT'S "COURT TOILET POWDER," imparts a dazzling whiteness to the complexion, and is unlike anything else used for this purpose. Mailed free for 50 Cents.

HUNT'S "BRITISH BALM," removes tan, freckles, sunburn and all eruptions of the skin. Mailed free for 50 Cents.

HUNT'S "IMPERIAL POMADE," for the hair, strengthens and improves its growth, keeps it from falling off, and is warranted to make the hair curl. Mailed free for $1 00.

HUNT'S "PEARL BEAUTIFIER," for the teeth and gums, cleanses and whitens the teeth, hardens the gums, purifies the breath effectually, preserves the teeth and prevents toothache. Mailed free for $1 00.

HUNT'S "BRIDAL WREATH PERFUME," a double extract of orange blossoms and cologne. Mailed free for $1 00. This exquisite perfume was first used by the Princess Royal of England, on her marriage. Messrs. Hunt & Co. presented the Princess with an elegant case of Perfumery, (in which all of the above articles were included) in handsome cut glass with gold stoppers, valued at $1500, particulars of which appeared in the public prints.

All the above articles sent Free, by express, for $5 00. Cash can either accompany the order, or be paid to the express agent on delivery of goods. HUNT & CO.,
Perfumers to the Queen,
Regent St., London, and 77 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

For Sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.
☞The Trade Supplied. [Oct. 15, '60. 1y

Desirable Home,

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Monday, the 19th day of November next*, the very DESIRABLE PROPERTY he now occupies, situate on the Chambersburg turnpike, in the borough of Gettysburg, adjoining the Theological Seminary grounds. The lot contains 3¾ acres, with a two-story Double Roughcast House, Stable with barn floor, Shop, good young Orchard, well of water, &c., thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by SAMUEL K. FOULK.

Oct. 15, 1860. ts

PERSONS will find a good assortment of Knives and Forks, Brunswick and Albata Table and Tea Spoons, &c., cheap at the new store of A. SCOTT & SON.

Jurors for November.

GRAND JURY.

Straban—James L. Neely, John Bushman, Philip Donohue.
Mountpleasant—Eli Sponseller.
Gettysburg—George Little, Henry J. Stahle, Wm. K. Culp.
Franklin—Samuel Bear, Joseph Robert.
Menallen—Solomon Peters.
Berwick borough—Frederick Wolf.
Cumberland—Francis Bream, James McCullough.
Berwick—George Oaster.
Latimore—John T. Stitzel, Paul Troup.
Hamilton—Abner Hildebrand, Michael Dellone.
Liberty—John Flohr.
Germany—John Smith.
Union—Amos Lefever.
Oxford—John Klunk.
Mountjoy—David Little.
Reading—Henry Rummel.

GENERAL JURY.

Cumberland—Samuel Hartzell.
Huntington—George Bream.
Reading—John Geiselman.
Oxford—Simon Slagle.
Germany—Henry Rahter, E. F. Shorb.
Hamilton—John Dellone.
Franklin—John Cole, Peter Ketteman.
Latimore—Isaac D. Worley.
Union—Jeremiah Gitt, John Rife.
Straban—John Wortz, Wm. Stallsmith, Jonas Rebert.
Mountpleasant—James Devine, Jacob Lott, (of A.) Joseph Lilly, John Hauptman.
Freedom—Wm. Ross White.
Mountjoy—Newton Horner, James Beaver.
Hamiltonban—Jacob Hoke, David Stover, Wm. T. Reed, B. A. Marshall.
Gettysburg—Jacob Troxel.
Butler—Frederick Hartzell, Moses Raffensperger.
Berwick twp.—Henry Bittinger.
Menallen—Conrad Weaner, Michael Hoffman.
Conowago—Joseph Klunk, Simon Harnish.
Tyrone—Daniel Diehl, Leonard Delap.
Oct. 22, 1860.

The Election

IS over, and although every one can't have his wishes entirely satisfied, it becomes us to submit. The next important question for all men, and particularly the people of Adams county, is where to buy the best and cheapest fall and winter Clothing. We unhesitatingly say, at SAMSON'S—*that's the spot*—N. E. corner of the Diamond, in the old County Building.
Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1860.

Notice,

THE undersigned having retired from the Mercantile business, the same will hereafter be continued at the old stand, in Baltimore street, by their sons, Henry B. Danner and Waybright Ziegler, under the name and style of Danner & Ziegler, Jrs., whom we will recommend to, and for whom we would bespeak a liberal share of patronage from old customers, and of the public in general.

Having retired from the Mercantile business it is necessary that our old business should be settled up. We, therefore, notify all those indebted to us either by Judgment, Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same without delay. The books will be found at the old stand.
J. B. DANNER.
May 25, 1858. DAVID ZIEGLER.

Stoves,

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE.—SHEADS & BUEHLER, having purchased the stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of George E. Buehler, have opened an establishment in connection with their Stove Ware Room, under the superintendence of G. E. Buehler, and are now prepared to furnish everything in that line at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary ware, they have a large supply of kitchen and house furnishing goods, of every variety, including enamelled and tin Kettles, Pans, &c., for preserving, cooking and frying. Call and see them. Splendid assortment of Stoves and house furnishing goods at their Warehouse, on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.

☞Spouting put up at shortest notice. Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard at the same place.
Nov. 14, 1859. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

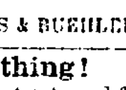
Clothing! Clothing!

JACOB REININGER has just returned from the cities with the prettiest and cheapest lot of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS for Gentlemen's wear ever offered in Gettysburg. He has every variety, style and price of goods. While gentlemen can always find Cloths to suit their tastes they can at the same time have their measures taken and a garment put up to order upon the shortest notice, in the most substantial manner, and fashionable style. To secure bargains and save money go to the Merchant Tailoring Establishment of
JACOB REININGER,
May 7, 1860. Carlisle street.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on very accommodating terms, TWO FARMS.

No. 1, situate in Straban township, Adams county, 3 miles east of Gettysburg, 1 mile from the Railroad, containing 110 Acres, more or less, the improvements on which are a STONE HOUSE, good Bank Barn, and other out-buildings.—About 15 acres are in Meadow, and there is running spring water in every field, which never fails. There is a large Orchard of choice grafted Fruit, about 4 acres. About 2700 or 2800 bushels of Lime have been put upon the farm, and its convenience to the Railroad renders Lime very accessible. There is a due proportion of Timber.



No. 2, situate in Cumberland township, on the Emmitsburg Road, a mile and a half from Gettysburg, containing 115 Acres, more or less, the improvements on which are a new FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, large Brick Barn, and other out-buildings; a well of water at the barn, and one at the house. About 22 acres are in Meadow. There is a due proportion of Timber. About 3,000 bushels of Lime have been put upon the Farm.

☞The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.
PETER TROSTLE.
Sept. 3, 1860. tf

Norbeck & Martin

HAVE just received from the city the largest stock of GROCERIES they have ever offered to the public—Sugars, Syrups, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Cheese, Fish, Salt, Spices, &c., &c., embracing all varieties, at all prices, the lowest the market will afford. Also Brooms, Brushes, and Notions; Tar, Oils, Candles, &c., in short, everything to be found in a first class Grocery and Variety Store.

The Flour and Feed business is continued with a steady increase. The highest market prices paid and the smallest profits asked. The public are invited to give us a call and see for themselves. NORBECK & MARTIN,
Corner of Baltimore and High streets.
May 21, 1860.

"Wide Awake" Meetings

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK, AT THE "BLUES' HALL," and every day between the hours of 7 A. M. and 6½ P. M., at the south west corner of the Diamond, in George Arnold's Clothing Store, he having just returned from the city with a superior stock of Black, Olive and Brown Cloths, for Over and Dress Coats, the best selection of Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Coburg Valencias, Solferinos, Mous. Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Sheeting and Bagging, all of plain or neat fashionable figures; in a word, the styles are just the "*Agony*" for the times, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

ALSO—Ready Made Clothing in every variety, style and size. If we cannot fit you, W. T. King, who never misses a fit, will take your measure and make you a garment on the shortest notice.
Oct. 6, 1860

Ladies,

IF you call at Fahnestocks, you will find the handsomest DRESS GOODS in town, Delaines, Cashmeres, Figured Merinoes, Coburg, French Merinoes, all Wool, as low as 15 cents a yard. Call soon.
Oct. 22. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Henry Hughes,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, GETTYSBURG, PA., having just returned from a visit to the Great Eastern, is now supplied with a large assortment of Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, &c. Give me a call.
Aug. 13, 1860.

GUM COMBS, Gum Hair Pins, Gum Sleeve Buttons, all very cheap, at H. C. CARR'S.

Groceries, Notions, &c.

THE undersigned has opened a Grocery and Notion Store, in Baltimore street, nearly opposite the Court House, Gettysburg, where the public will constantly find, selling cheap as the cheapest, SUGARS, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Cheese, Spices of all kinds, Mackerel, Chocolate, Brooms and Brushes; Fresh Butter and Eggs, Ground Coffee, Essence of Coffee, Scotch Herring, Candles, Soaps, Salt; Tobacco, Segars, Snuff; Confections, all kinds of Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Bread, Crackers, Cakes of different kinds; Shoe and Stove Polish; Fancy Goods, Muslins, Ginghams, Cotton Bats, Wadding, Hosiery Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Pins, Needles, Clothes Pins, Buttons, with Notions of all kinds. A share of the public's patronage is respectfully solicited.
LYDIA C. NORBECK.
May 21, 1860. 6m

Wilcox & Gibb's

SEWING MACHINE.

The great and increasing demand for this remarkably simple machine is a guarantee of its superior excellence.

PRICE $30 00.

For Sale at
FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSE,
715 Chesnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Sept. 17, 1860. 3m

Tinning! Tinning!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has opened a new Tinning establishment, in Chambersburg street, directly opposite Christ Church. He will manufacture, and keep constantly on hand, every variety of TIN-WARE, PRESSED and JAPAN-WARE, and will always be ready to do REPAIRING. ROOFING and SPOUTING also done in the best manner. Prices moderate, and no effort spared to render full satisfaction. A share of the public's patronage is solicited.
A. P. BAUGHER.
Gettysburg, June 18, 1860. 1y

Merchant Tailoring.

GEORGE ARNOLD has procured the services of W. T. KING, and has commenced the above business, and will carry it on in all its various branches, and has connected himself with the store of Mr. George Arnold, where there will be constantly kept on hand a large stock of cheap Cloths, Over coatings, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Vestings, and Trimmings of every kind. Work done in the very best manner, and in city style on short notice. Custom work and cutting out solicited when goods are purchased elsewhere. The shop is in connection with Mr. Arnold's store, where Mr. King can always be found during business hours.
☞Give us a call. [Sept. 17, '60. 2m

Fall Trade 1860.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTH.
JOSEPH VICTORY,
145 Lexington st., 3 doors West of Howard,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

Informs his customers and purchasers generally, that his stock of Carpets, Oil Cloth, Mattings, &c., is now complete, consisting of Brussels Carpet, Velvet, Three-ply, Ingrain and Venetian: Carpets of every style and price. Oil Cloth from 1 to 8 yards wide, Matting, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c., Rag Carpets of our own make, constantly on hand, all of which will be sold at the very lowest rates.
JOSEPH VICTORY,
145 Lexington Street,
Sept. 24, '60. 3m Baltimore, Md.

Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends, will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.
PETER THORN,
March 12, '60. Keeper of the Cemetery.

Still at Work!

COACHMAKING AND BLACKSMITHING.—The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he continues the Coachmaking and Blacksmithing business in every branch at his establishment in Chambersburg street. He has on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, Spring Wagons, &c., of the best material, and made by superior workmen. ☞REPAIRING and BLACKSMITHING of all kinds done at reasonable rates, promptly and to the satisfaction of customers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work at market prices.

☞Persons desiring articles or work in the Coachmaking or Blacksmithing line, are respectfully invited to call on
JOHN L. HOLTZWORTH
Gettysburg, Jan. 24, '59.

An Invention

THAT is not a humbug, may be seen at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER—a Patent Washing Machine, about the utility of which there can be no mistake. It is undoubtedly the best Washing Machine that has ever been invented. It must speak for itself.—Township rights for sale on reasonable terms. Machines also for sale. Call and see it.
May 7, 1860.

Sixpence a Day,

ENOUGH FOR A FORTUNE.—A London paper states:—There is now in an Almshouse at Bristol an old man who states, that for sixty years he spent sixpence a day in drink, but was never intoxicated. How much would this sixpence a-day put by every year at five per cent. compound interest amount to in sixty years? enquired a thoughtful neighbor. Putting down the first year's saving (365 sixpences) equal to $13 54, he added the interest, and this went on, year by year, until he found that in the 60th year, the sixpence a day reached the startling sum of $14,336 28. Judge of the old man's surprise, when told that by saving his sixpence a day, and depositing it in a Savings Institution he might now, at the end of 60 years, have been worth that noble sum $14,336 28, which would have bought him a fine farm, or town mansion, and surrounded him with comforts and luxuries, and left a handsome estate to his children after him. He had, and hundreds now in our midst have, but to deposit sixpence a day in the FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF ADAMS COUNTY, to accomplish this result.
Gettysburg, July 23, 1860.

More New Goods

AT the Sign of the BIG BOOT, in Chambersburg street. We have just received a large stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Buggy Harness, Collars, Whips, &c., and are determined to sell at the lowest prices possible for cash.—Call and judge for yourselves.
July 23, 1860. COBEAN & CULP.

New Livery

ESTABLISHMENT.—The subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLES of CHAS. M. TATE, deceased, on Chambersburg street, a few doors west of the Eagle Hotel, he respectfully announces to the public that it is his intention to continue the business at the same place, and will be prepared to accommodate all with anything in his line, on reasonable terms. Horses, Buggies, Coaches, Hacks, &c., always in readiness. Give me a call.

☞Also, in connection with my Livery, I will carry on the Blacksmithing business in all its branches at the shop on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, where those wishing anything in that line can always be accommodated. SAMUEL HERBST.
July 23, 1860.

Removal.

THE subscriber has removed his Plough and Machine Shop from the Foundry building to Railroad street, opposite Tate's Blacksmith shop, back of the Eagle Hotel, where he is better prepared than ever to attend to customers. Ploughs always on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, and Machines, Reapers, &c., repaired. Also he will attend to cleaning and repairing Clocks. DAVID WARREN.
May 10.

IF you do not believe it, try them and convince yourselves, that TYSONS' PICTURES are the best and cheapest to had in the country.—Gallery N. E. cor. of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

QUEENSWARE.—A new supply just received at FAHNESTOCKS'

Ladies' One Price

FANCY FUR STORE!—JOHN FAREIRA, No. 718 Arch St., between 7th and 8th Sts., Philadelphia, (late of 818 Market St.,) Importer, Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS. Having removed to my New Store, 718 Arch St., and being now engaged entirely in the Manufacture and Sale of Fancy Furs, which, in accordance with the "One Price Principle," I have marked at the lowest possible prices consistent with a reasonable profit. I would solicit a visit from those in want of Furs for either Ladies' or Childrens' Wear, and an inspection of my selection of those goods, satisfied, as I am, of my ability to please in every desired essential.

☞Persons at a distance, who may find it inconvenient to call personally, need only name the article they wish, together with the price, and instructions for sending, and forward the order to my address—money accompanying—to insure a satisfactory compliance with their wishes. [Sept. 3, 1860. 3m

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
WM. B. MEALS.
Gettysburg, March 21, 1859.

Globe Inn,

MECHANICSTOWN, Frederick county, Md.—Having been renovated and re-furnished, the proprietor assures the public that a call is only needed, as he guarantees full satisfaction in every case. Charges moderate.
HENRY HERR, Proprietor.
Feb. 14, 1859. tf

Madame Schwend's

INFALLIBLE POWDERS, for the speedy and effectual Cure of all Inflammations, Fevers, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Piles, Gravel, and all Acute and Chronic Diseases of ADULTS and CHILDREN. Send 3 cent Stamp to her Agent G. B. JONES,
Box 2470 Philad'a, P. O.
Hundreds of testimonials. Agency—S. W. Cor. Third & Arch Sts. [Oct. 8, '60. 10t

To the Public.

THE undersigned, having disposed of his News Store to Mr. JOSEPH BROADHEAD, intends to discontinue the business; and whilst he feels indebted to the public for the liberal patronage extended to him, he would cordially recommend all his old customers to Mr. Broadhead, who will always be prepared to accommodate them with anything in his line.
CHARLES LINDERMAN.
Aug. 27, 1860.

Notice.

HAVING purchased the News Store of Mr. LINDERMAN, it is my purpose to continue the business on a more extensive scale than heretofore. Daily city papers, and all the popular magazines and periodicals of the day, always on hand. JOSEPH BROADHEAD.
Aug. 27, 1860. tf

Watches, Jewelry

AND SILVER-WARE.—We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have now in Store and offer WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at the lowest Cash Prices, a large and very choice stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, of every variety and style.

Every description of Diamond Work and other Jewelry made to order, at short notice.—☞All goods warranted to be as represented.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Repairing Watches and Jewelry, of every description. STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market St., South Side, Philad'a.
Sept. 3, 1860. 3m

The Only Preparation

THAT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, AND GROWS MORE AND MORE POPULAR EVERY DAY!—And testimonials, new, and almost without number, might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

Prof. Wood:—Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by a complicated chronic disease attended with an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair thick and black, though short, it is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"the reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless."

Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

Ligonier, Noble co., Indiana, Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir:—In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray, so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but, receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars' worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect. Very respectfully, yours,
A. M. LATTA,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Depot, 444 Broadway, and sold by all dealers throughout the world.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. [Sept. 17, 1860. 3m

TYSON & BRO. are continually turning out handsome colored Photographs from small pictures. Bring on your "tiny" ones and let us make something worthy a place on your parlor wall. Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg.

CARPETS, Drugget, Oil Carpets, handsome and cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

A Rare Chance

FOR CAPITALISTS.—*Desirable Hotel Property for Sale.*—THE EAGLE HOTEL, GETTYSBURG, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Tuesday, the 20th day of November next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

This is the largest and most desirable Property in the place, being a large and extensive THREE-STORY FRONT & BACK-BUILDING, with a Basement and Attic, all finished from attic to basement in the best manner, having been lately renewed and enlarged, so as to accommodate a large number of persons in the handsomest and most comfortable manner. There is an abundance of water, hydrant, two wells, and a cistern.—There is an Ice-house, Wash-house, Smoke-house, Wood-shed, and all other necessary Out-buildings. There is sufficient Stabling for 100 horses. The House is furnished with Gas in all the principal apartments.

This Hotel has been doing a most extensive business having its reputation highly established, and is known far and near as a most comfortable place of sojourn, and its possession is worthy of public attention.

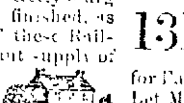
The terms will be made known on the day of sale by
HARVEY D. SWEENEY,
GEORGE THRONE,
ALEXANDER COBEAN,
Committee of Stockholders.

☞This place is the termination of the Railroad, by which there is a direct communication twice a day with all the Eastern Cities and the Great West.

☞If not sold on said day, it will be Rented.
Oct. 15, 1860. ts

A Good Home.

ROSSGARLAND FOR SALE.—A FARM, containing about 286 Acres, situated in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, adjoining the property well known as the "Orr Farm;" about one-half of this farm is of same quality as Orr's land. The meadows are large and good soil, can be made to produce very large crops of Hay, a product for which there is now a constant good market; about 90 acres are in timber, much of it of the best kinds, including Locust and Walnut. It is supposed the most valuable Poplar timber in the county is on this property and within ¼ of a mile of a good Saw-mill. A young Apple Orchard containing 200 trees of choice selected fruit, planted 2 or 3 years ago. A young Peach Orchard of 100 trees of best kinds selected. These Orchards, when in full bearing, will add greatly to the value of the property, as the quality of Adams county fruit is known and held in great esteem in the cities. Numerous Springs on the farm, one of which is a large Sulpher Spring, that may become of great value as soon as the Gettysburg and Waynesboro', or Gettysburg and Chambersburg Railroads are finished, as the property is within one mile of these Railroads; and by these roads a constant supply of Franklin county lime may be had cheaply, so as to improve the land to any degree of fertility desired.—There is a HOUSE and good substantial Barn on the farm.



Also, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, in same township, adjoining lands of T. Stevens, and others, containing about 35 Acres.

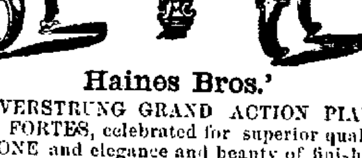
☞The property will be shown to any person wishing to purchase and the price made known on application to Isaac Robinson Esq., Fairfield; Robert G. McCreary, George W. McClellan, Esqs., and Col. James D. Paxton, Gettysburg. ISAAC R. SMITH.
Sept 17, 1860.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell his FARM, situated in Franklin township, Adams county, 2 miles west of Cashtown, on the Millerstown road. The Farm contains 75 ACRES—50 acres clear. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been limed. There are all kinds of fruit—a thriving young Orchard of choice grafted fruit; also peaches, pears and plums of the best kinds. The buildings are a one and a half story STONE HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, a Cooper Shop &c. The farm is in good order, and cannot be beat for raising potatoes. I calculate on raising five hundred bushels this year. A never-failing spring of water at the door.
SAMUEL BINGAMAN.
Oct. 1, 1860.

New Firm—New Goods.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the HARDWARE & GROCERY business, at the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, in Baltimore street, under the name, style and firm of DANNER & ZIEGLER, JRS., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the old firm, as well as any quantity of new custom. They have just returned from the cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting in part of Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, &c. Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chissels, Gouges, Braces and Bitts, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers, &c. Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vices, Rasps, Files, Horse Shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, &c., with them, very cheap. Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvass Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles, Hobbs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, &c. Shoe Findings, Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot Trees, &c., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's tools. Cabinet Maker's Tools, a general assortment—also Varnish, Knobs, &c. HOUSEKEEPERS will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Brittannia, Albata and Silver-plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candle-sticks, Waiters, Shovel and Tongs, Sad Irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Churns, Carpeting, &c. Also, a general assortment of forged and rolled IRON of all sizes and kinds; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. GROCERIES, a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverised, Clarified and Brown Sugars; New Orleans, West India and Sugar House Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, Fine, Coarse and Dairy Salt; Lin-seed, Fish and Sperm Oil; Turpentine, Fish, &c.; a full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil; also Fire-proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, Housekeeping, Blacksmith, Cabinet Maker's, Painter's, Glazier's, and Grocery line, all of which they are determined to sell as low for CASH as any house out of the city. HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24, 1858.



Haines Bros.'

OVERSTRUNG GRAND ACTION PIANO FORTES, celebrated for superior quality of TONE and elegance and beauty of finish.—These Pianos have always taken the FIRST PREMIUM when placed in competition with other makers. *Challenge all competition.* A splendid assortment of LOUIS XIV and plainer styles always on hand. Also Second-hand Pianos and PRINCE'S IMPROVED MELODEONS from $45 to $350.

☞Every Instrument Warranted.
GEO. L. WALKER'S
Piano and Melodeon Depot,
S. E. Cor. 7th & Arch Sts., Philad'a.
Aug. 6, 1860. 6m

Notice

TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS.—We have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse, on the corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive produce of all kinds, viz: FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c. Also, on hand and for sale, Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c. A large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugars, Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Oils, Rice, Teas, Spices of all kinds, Cedar-ware, &c., &c., which we do not hesitate to say, we will sell at low as can be bought elsewhere, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well by calling to see and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits."

We would also call the attention of all interested in the thrifty and healthful condition of their Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c., to the fact that we have for sale Breinig, Fronefield & Co.'s Celebrated Vegetable CATTLE POWDER, of which we have sold from 1500 to 2000 pounds per annum to Farmers and Storekeepers.
KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1859.

Baltimore Adv'ts.

A. Mathiot & Son's

SOFA AND FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street, Baltimore, (near Fayette st.,) extending from Gay to Frederick st.—the largest establishment of the kind in the Union. Always on hand a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, embracing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Wardrobes, Mattresses of Husk, Cotton and Hair, Spring Beds, Sofas, Tete-e-Tetes, Arm Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Etageres, Marble Tables, Settees, Reception and Upholstered Chairs, ASSORTED COLORS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE, Wood Chairs, Office Chairs, Barber Chairs, Cribs and Cradles, Hat Racks, Hall Furniture, Gilt and Walnut Frame Looking Glasses, Sideboards, Extension Tables, of every length.

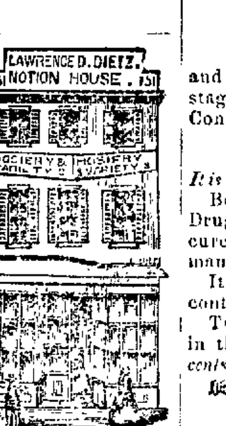
Persons disposed to purchase are invited to call and give our stock an examination, which for variety and quality of workmanship is not equalled by any establishment in the country.
A. MATHIOT & SON,
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street.
Aug. 6 1860. 1y

James H. Bosley,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 124 and 126 North Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

I am prepared to receive and sell on Commission all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Having an experience of ten years in the Commission business, (and wishing to continue that alone,) I flatter myself that I shall be able to give SATISFACTION to all who favor me with consignments. Will also attend to filling orders for Groceries, Guano, and all kinds of Fertilizers.
Feb. 6, '60. 1y

Fancy Goods.



FANCY GOODS,

HOSRIEY,

TRIMMINGS,

AND TOYS,

Wholesale and Retail, as Cheap as any place in Baltimore.

151 FRANKLIN STREET,
BALTIMORE.

☞Orders promptly attended to. June 18, 1860. 1y

Ladd, Webster & Co.,

131 BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE, MD., Manufacturers of Improved Tight-stitch SEWING MACHINES, for Families and Manufacturing Establishments. Let Manufacturers, Planters, Farmers, Housekeepers, or any other persons in search of an instrument to execute any kind of Sewing now done by machinery, make sure they secure the best, by examining ours before purchasing.

☞Samples of Work sent by mail.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A GOOD SEWING MACHINE?

1. It should be well made, simple in its construction, and easily kept in order.
2. It should make a TIGHT LOCK-STITCH, alike on both sides of the material.
3. It should sew any and all materials that can be sewed.
4. It should be able to use Cotton, Thread, or Silk, directly from the spool.
5. It should be able to sew from coarse to fine, and from thick to thin, with rapidity and without changing the tension.
6. It should be able to make the tension greater or less, on both the under and upper threads, and with uniformity.
7. It should have a straight needle; curved ones are liable to break.
8. The needle should have perpendicular motion. This is absolutely necessary for heavy work.
9. It should be capable of taking in the largest pieces of work.
10. It should be able to bind with a binder, hem with a hemmer; should stitch, fell, run and gather.
11. It should be always ready to work.
12. It should be capable of using the same size of thread on both sides of the work, and of using different colored thread or silk, above or below, to correspond with any two colors of cloth to be united.
13. It should be able to make a long or short stitch.
14. It should be able to fasten off the seam, and commence sewing tightly at the first stitch.
15. It should run easily and make but little noise.
16. It should have a wheel feed; none others are in constant contact with the work.
17. It should not be liable to get out of order.
18. It should not be liable to break the thread, nor skip stitches.
19. It should not be necessary to use a screw-driver or wrench to set the needle.
20. It should not be liable to oil the operator's dress.
21. It should not form a ridge on the under side, nor ravel out, nor be wasteful of thread, as is the case with ALL CHAIN-STITCH machines.
22. It should not be "more trouble than it is worth."
23. Finale, all of these advantages are possessed by our Sewing Machine.

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.
Dec. 5, 1859. 1y

Baltimore Commercial College.

FOUNDED 1852. Chartered 1854. Located COR. OF BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., BALTIMORE, MD.—The Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished & Popular Commercial College in the United States. Designed expressly for Young Men desiring to obtain a THOROUGH PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION in the shortest possible time and at the least expense.

A Large and Beautifully Ornamented Circular, containing upwards of SIX SQUARE FEET, with SPECIMEN OF PENMANSHIP, and a Large Engraving (the finest of the kind ever made in this country) representing the Interior View of the College, with Catalogue stating terms, &c., will be sent to Every Young Man on application, FREE OF CHARGE. Write immediately and you will receive the package by return mail.
Address, E. K. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md.
Feb. 6, 1860. 1y

New & Rich

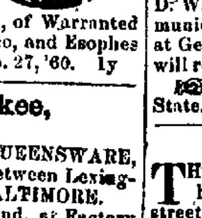
JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER Gold and Silversmith, No. 10 NORTH GAY STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., has in store a beautiful assortment of styles and patterns of RICH JEWELRY, suitable for presents, embracing a great variety of Plain Gold and Sett Broaches, Mosaics, Carbunkles, &c., Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Finger Rings set with Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Opal, Emerald, &c., Ladies' Gold Chains, Vest & Guard Chains, Miniature Lockets, Gold Thimbles, Cuff Pins; Signet, Chased and Plain Gold Rings; Pencils and Pens, Sleeve Buttons and Studs, Gold and Jet Crosses, Jet Bracelets, Pins & Ear Rings, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of Silver Mounted & Plated Castors, Cake Baskets, Waiters, Candlesticks, Butter and Salt Stands, Pearl Handle Desert Knives, Spoons, Forks, Ladies, Fancy Articles, &c., all of which is respectfully offered on the lowest terms.

☞The Country Trade and Dealers generally are invited to give me a call, and examine Goods and Prices, being satisfied that my SILVER WARE cannot be surpassed either for fineness or quality, or the latest and most beautiful patterns. [Feb. 27 1860. 1y

Burr Mill Stones



WARRANTED—B. F. STARR & CO., *Cor. of North and Centre Streets*, opposite N. C. R. R. Station, BALTIMORE, MD. Manufacturers of FRENCH BURRS, Importers and Dealers in Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloths, Leather and Gum Beltings, Calcined Plaster, and Mill Irons, of Warranted Quality. Also, Colone, Cocalico, and Esophes Mill Stones of all sizes. [Feb. 27, '60. 1y

George M. Bokee,

IMPORTER and Dealer in CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, No. 41 North Howard Street, between Lexington and Fayette Streets, BALTIMORE. STONEWARE always on hand, at Factory prices. June 18, 1860. 1y

A LARGE lot of Crockery and Queensware for sale by NORBECK & MARTIN,

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Jacob King, Andrew Heintzelman.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, R. M'Curdy, Thos. A. Marshall, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. B. Wilson, M. Eichelberger, Abdiel F. Gitt, John Wolford, H. A. Picking, Abel T. Wright, John Horner, R. G. McCreary, S. R. Russell, D. M'Creary, Andrew Polley, John Picking, J. R. Hersh.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.
Sept. 27, 1858.

Dr. Esenwein's

TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA PECTORAL, is the best Medicine in the world for the Cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Diptheria, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages of Consumption, together with all Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and which predispose to Consumption.

It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of Asthma.

Being prepared by a practical Physician and Druggist, and one of great experience in the cure of the various diseases to which the human frame is liable.

It is offered to the afflicted with the greatest confidence.

Try it and be convinced that it is invaluable in the cure of Bronchial affections. *Price 50 cents per bottle.*

☞Prepared only by
DR. A. ESENWEIN & CO.,
Druggists and Chemists,
N. W. cor. Ninth & Poplar Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

☞Sold by every respectable Druggist and Dealer in Medicines throughout the State.
April 2, 1860. 1y

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber, having purchased the Foundry of Messrs. Zorbaugh, Sloat & Co., (formerly Warrens' Foundry,) has commenced business, and is now prepared to offer to the public a larger assortment of Machinery than has heretofore been offered, such as THRESHING MACHINES, Clover Hullers, Fodders Cutters, Corn Shellers, and Morgan's late improved Horse Rake. Also, STOVES, such as Cook Stoves, three different kinds; and five different sizes of Ten-plate Stoves. Likewise Mill and Saw-mill Castings, and all kinds of Turning in Iron or Wood.

☞REPAIRING of all kinds on Machinery and Castings will be done to order on short notice. Patterns made to order; Plough Castings ready made; PLOUGHS, such as Seyler, Witherow, Plocher, Woodcock, and many others not mentioned here; and eight different kinds of IRON FENCING, for Cemeteries, Porches or Yards.

Also, Mortising Machines, one of the best now in use. This machine works with a lever by hand; any little boy can manage it.

Call and examine our stock; no doubt but what we can please. Persons ought to see it their advantage to buy machinery of any kind at home where it is manufactured so that they can very easily get any part replaced or repaired.
DAVID STERNER.
Gettysburg, Feb. 13, 1860.

Cannon & Adair's

NEW MARBLE WORKS, corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg—Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public willing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish MONUMENTS, TOMBS AND HEADSTONES, MARBLE MANTLES, SLABS for Cabinet-makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that erectness of position given at the completion of a job, and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.
Nov. 28, 1859. tf

Grain! Grain!

THE subscriber still continues purchasing all kinds of PRODUCE, at his old stand on Chambersburg street, viz:—FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, SEEDS, &c., for which the highest market prices will be given.

☞I will also continue my GROCERY and VARIETY STORE, and will keep constantly on hand Groceries, Salt, Oil, Fish, Cedar-ware, Dry Goods, Confections, Plaster, Guano, &c.—The public are invited to call, as I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest.
JOHN SCOTT.
Gettysburg, Aug. 6 1860.

Something New

IN GETTYSBURG.—The undersigned informs the citizens of the town and county, that he has commenced the BAKING business, on a large scale, in York street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Wattles's Hotel, where he will try to deserve, and hopes to receive, a liberal patronage. BREAD, ROLLS, CAKES, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c., &c., baked every day, (Sundays excepted,) all of the best quality, and sold at the lowest living profits. Cracker-baking in all its branches is largely carried on, and orders to any amount, from this and adjoining counties, supplied at the shortest notice. Having erected a large and commodious bake-house and secured the best workman and the most approved machinery, he is prepared to do a heavy business.
VALENTINE SAUPEE.
July 25, 1859.

Removal.

NEW SALOON.—GEO. F. ECKENRODE has removed his Oyster establishment to the splendid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building, on the North side of Chambersburg street, where he will at all times be prepared to serve up the best of OYSTERS, in every style. By keeping a good article, he expects to receive a liberal share of public patronage. TURTLE SOUP, CHICKEN, BEEF TONGUE, PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE CREAM, BIRDS, &c., in their season. A nice glass of ALE or LAGER can always be had.—Come and try me. G. F. ECKENRODE.
April 2, 1860.

A Chance

FOR A SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.—WARREN'S PATENT Corn Planter, patented by D. WARREN. This is an agricultural implement which on account of its durability, simplicity and cheapness, will be generally adopted by Farmers. With it one man can do the work of three. Before a patent was procured it was thoroughly tested by a number of Farmers and in every instance gave perfect satisfaction. State, County and Township Rights for sale. Enterprising men can realize handsome profits by purchasing States or Counties and canvassing. Apply personally to D. Warren and George E. Bringman. Communications addressed to GEORGE E. BRINGMAN, at Gettysburg, Pa., containing postage stamp, will receive attention.

☞Agents wanted in every County and State. [July 9, 1860. tf

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his HOUSE AND LOT, on High street, adjoining Solomon Powers. The House is a two-story Brick, nearly new, with a Back-building, and a well of water. Terms easy. DAN'L F. PITTENTURF.
July 11, 1859. tf

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

ARE you sick, feeble, and complaining?—Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

Dr. Ayer: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

AS A FAMILY PHYSIC.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

HEADACHE, SICK HEADACHE, FOUL STOMACH.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Ayer: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 1, 1855.

Dr. J. C. Ayer—Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. Yours with great respect,
ED. W. PREBLE, Clk of Steamer Clarion.

BILIOUS DISORDERS—LIVER COMPLAINTS.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

Department of the Interior,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb. 1856.

Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours,
ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA, RELAX, WORMS.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. The alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhea. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

DYSPEPSIA, IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

Dr. Ayer: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

Warsaw, Wyoming co., N. Y., Oct. 24, '55.

Dear Sir: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

CONSTIPATION, COSTIVENESS, SUPPRESSION, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, DROPSY, PARALYSIS, FITS, ETC.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, '56.

Honored Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism.—Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

Senate Chamber, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. '55.

Dr. Ayer: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.
VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

☞Sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; P. Boblitz, Arendtsville; Paxton & McCreary, Fairfield; P. A. Myers, New Chester; M. Stauter, New Oxford; E. Hiteshew, York Springs; and dealers generally.
Sept. 3, 1860. 1yeow

Cancer Institute.

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